

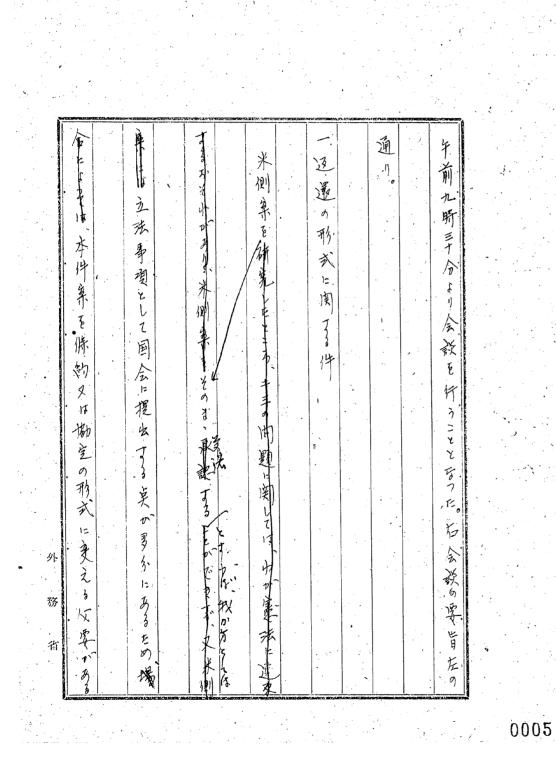
0003

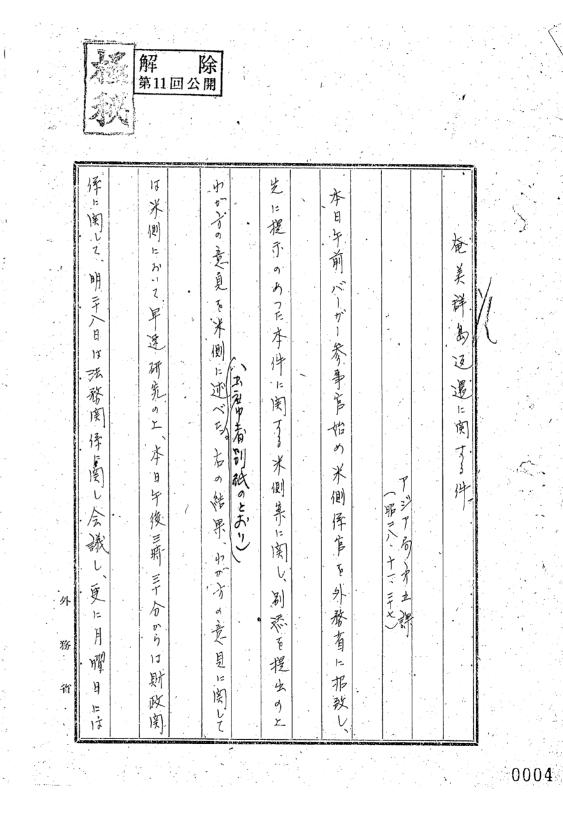
RA'-0623

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan





外交史料館

基 平 和佛 又军和併約発效後の 米側 约 がすべての飲か 17. 規定は 十九份の 中 10 規色に Ze は実際上向 1) 17 也 绗 分については わかなかいいも 和條約 ì 題とち 年 和條 3 问 放 題 约 棄 ŧ 户三條 法的 2 0 Ţ 11 IJ Fd 0) 作為又 d 現定 بد الم

7 17 なっしゃ Ļ 15 項 物 放棄 圆 答 0 形 又 v.' 扒 楊 启 10 17 效 7 抱 果 出 7 3 0 7 K 省

0006

外交史料館

National Archives of Japan

7 放 題実 配 'n r t K ים 向 乜 題 1= 17 3.5 . Y 到 VI 1 Y F 18 刑 γ' 1 法 建 对 21 莲 ٦. 反 1 17 76 えで 4 中の有の 刑 3 V 規定 悉小 務 人都 'n を / 削除 合 Y 18

豹 裁判 Y 溪 事裁判 7 して F. 承 か 18 起外 重 W., 12 3 继 タル 法合め ሂ 3) バア 继 ぎ 法教艺义 阕 暫 7 差 12 務 15 7

8000

外交史料館

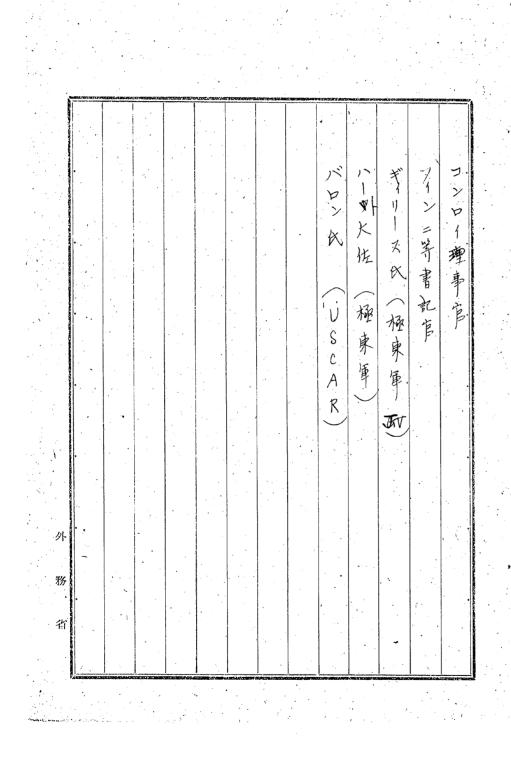
(4) (4) 石、耳 公有 移豫 か う 囬 さかる 答が 産 炝 美科 · 0 8) 移線 介尼。 7. 切切 第二月月 行政及 V 3 本侧 5 滋機 阕 Ø. 話 務 財 産が 日本

17 1 狸 庵 由 囬 18 往 樓 近遠の降 民 だ 往 即分う 人 誕 侧 BA 全 17 体 2 j 囬 べき 收日 渡 压 1 d 1 M 11 嬳 秀 12 日 T 本 える 17 1 H 12 5.17 V 18 及 全 V 艾松 姓倉 務 何何 的 心資金 な小し 中区分

绗 珽 63 かか 對產、 b まだ . 0 权 总 18 使 1= 利益等 については 'n 17 0 きり Ţ 1 ş 使用了了 17 研 To 先丁る 重 及 迹 N. を暫定的 j. 域 13 合 多 D 15 h 12 会の 侧 決定

0012

外交史料館



鹤中 ガ 法 局中三课長 自 国協三課 三部長 務 省

0014

外交史料館



(Draft)

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan presents its compliments to the Embassy of the United States of America and has the honor to acknowledge receipt of the latter's Note of this date, informing the Ministry of the following:

"The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan and has the honor to refer to the announcement made by Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amami Islands of the Mansei Shoto.

Pursuant to Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America at present is exercising all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Mansei Shoto Islands sorth of 29 degrees north latitude including their territorial waters.

The Ambassy further has the honor to inform the Government of Japan that the Government of the United States of America is willing to relinquish in favor of Japan, pursuant to the provisions of this Note and enclosures, all and any rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at San Francisco on September 8, 1951 over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto including their territorial waters, as described in enclosure III

to

0016

to this Note.

It is the understanding of the Government of the United States of America that the Government of Japan is willing to accept and assume full responsibility for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the said Amami Islands, including their territorial waters.

Upon receipt of a Note from the Government of Japan indicating that the foregoing provisions of this Note and the enclosed implementing arrangements are acceptable to that Government, the Government of the United States of America will consider this Note with the enclosed implementing arrangements and the reply thereto from the Government of Japan as constituting an agreement between the two Governments which shall become effective as from 1953."

The Ministry further has the honor to state that the provisions of the Embassy's Note and the enclosed implementing arrangements are acceptable to the Government of Japan, and that the Government of Japan will also consider the Embassy's Note with the enclosed implementing arrangements and this Note as constituting an agreement between the two Governments which shall become effective as from

Enclosures:

0017

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

. As from , 1953 the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America and any implementing arrangements thereunder will be applicable to the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto.

The Governments of the United States of America and of Japan have agreed that the two installations and sites presently utilized by the United States Government in the Amami Islands will be continuously used by the United States Armed Forces after , 1953 pending the decision through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement under Article III of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America.

Ryukya Commercial Dollar Fund.

- 1. The Japanese Government will receive a part of the Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund without compensation.
- 2. The amount of the Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund receivable by the Japanese Government will be determined on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of the "B" Yen to be returned to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands to total amount of the "B" Yen in circulation in the Nansei Shoto, at the rate of 120 "B" Yen to one U. S. dollar.
- 3. The Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund as above mentioned will be transferred to the Japanese Government at the earliest opportunity after the "B" Yen withdrawn from circulation by the Japanese Covernment, has been returned to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands in accordance with 4-3 above

0018

Debts and Credits Contracted between the Inhabitants (including juridical persons) in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto and Juridical Persons in the Ryukyu Islands.

The existing relations of obligation between the inhabitants (including juridical persons) in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto, on the one hand, and the juridical persons in the Ryukyu Islands as mentioned in Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto, on the other, will be left as they are at present for the time being even after

1953, until such time as the conditions required for the disposition of those relations are properly worked out under an arrangement between the Japanese Government and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands.

Debts and Credits of Post Office.

The debts and credits, as mentioned in Anner 3, contracted between the post offices in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto and the Government of the Ryukyus, as of 1953, will be settled between an agency as designated by the Japanese Government and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands -- in U. S. currency at the rate of 120 "B" Yen to one U. S. dollar -- within six months after 1953.

0020

0021

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

Branch Offices of the Bank of the Ryukyus

The property of the Branch Offices of the Bank of the Ryukyuşin the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto and the debts and credits belonging to them as of 1953, will be taken over by the Kagoshima Bank on 1953, under the terms of a contract between the two banks.

Transfer of Public Properties

Such properties as have been used for administrative and judicial purposes in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto will be transferred without compensation to the Japanese Government on , 1953.

0022

0023

Papers, Archives and Evidential Materials.

- 1. All papers, archives and evidential materials, administrative or judicial in nature, which are normally expected to be kept up to , 1953, by the organs of the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands and the local administrative or judicial organs Im of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto will be transferred free of compensation to the Japanese Government on , 1953, in the conditions as they stand as of the same date.
- 2. Papers, archives and evidential materials. administrative or judicial in nature, which have bearings on the area and the inhabitants of the Amami Islands and which are held by the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands or the Government of the Ryukyu Islands will be transferred free of compensation to, or made available for perusal by, the Japanese Government upon the latter's request therefor even after 1953.

Honoring of Residence, Property, Rights and Interests.

- 1. Continued residence after , 1953. in the area under the jurisdiction of the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands will be recognized for such persons (including juridical persons) as have their permanent domiciles registered in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto but have theretofore been residing in the said area.
- 2. Such of the property, rights and interests lawfully acquired by those who come under the preceeding paragraph in the area mentioned therein by 1953, as are only recognized to persons (including juridical persons) resident in the area will be allowed to be retained by them continuously for the time being, under the same conditions as the inhabitants of the same area, even after , 1953.
- 3. Such of the property, rights and interests lawfully acquired in the jurisdictional area of the United States Civil Administration of the Byukyu Islands by the residents of the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto , 1953, as are only recognized to persons (including juridical persons) resident in the same area will be allowed to be retained continuously for the time

0024

0025

being

being except in cases as provided for in paragraph IX. , 1953, under the same conditions as the inhabitants of the said area.

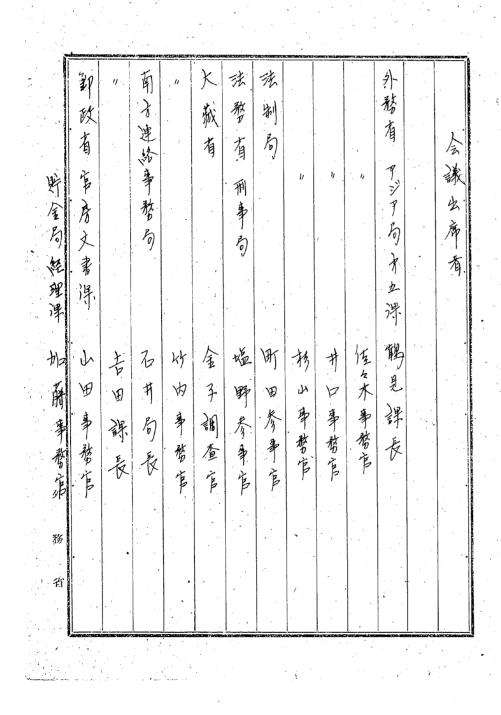
0026

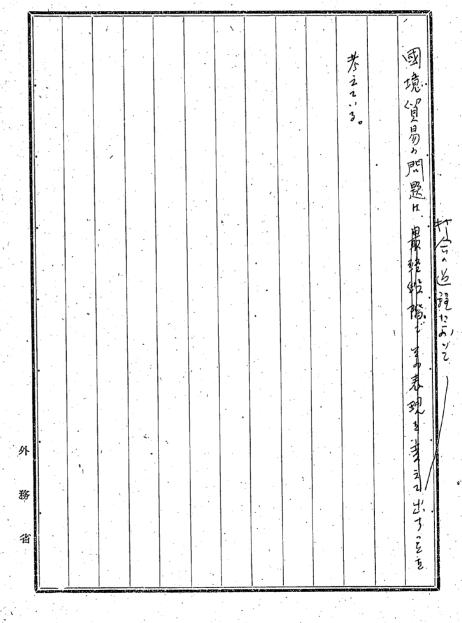
第三十五色的好事! 米側の意見とこれ、奄美群島の日本國への 提案はできるかけ 館見アンア第五課長与午前中の日米間の話心の 有)提訴公言 小質をいろとに同 (学孩子的 文文放为方方 exceptional care H) ううをとしたい (昭和三十八年十一月三十七日外務省日本七 簡單小形之一下。 事件力 收日四題支 孝之られ、第七につそに憲法との関係もろう 取别力 -- Tis 細目につえば、日米双方の 定措 の免責規 现谁七 聖一は 第七年にようしまかなえ 这還 早期以实现 三端波 経過についる 関係者る 食力九, Ŧ 0028

科 往 審議 時 まだいる 取扱いつとは 2 財務 か 郵政 ままれば 前 独 绮 拉 米側 すところ 菠 割 Ž. 行をれい 图 fn 4

(以下質疑に対する館見課長の意見 沖縄にかける 奄差人力 然は、ころの文書 奴 11] 全部玩玩致 でなっても あるかかちしもついかして 府が打有しいるのか 武人:議了。 良之於立 现 壯"

外交史料館



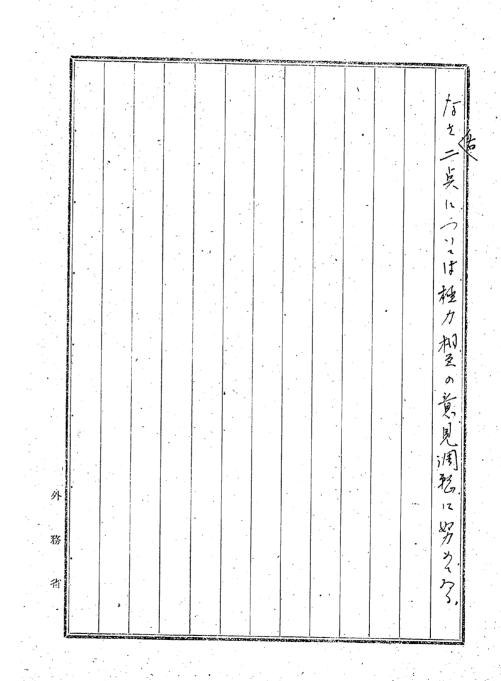


0032

外交史料館

	解除 第11回公開 整
常大使館は我	公文第一次 展 是
が方最快事の政権を発の近	成分東上川村 大川
外を投入して、大大は、大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大大	下月三日光方、投票(训房)
0034	0033

外交史料館



0035

外交史料館

AMAMI OSHIMA

解除 第11回公開

CONTENTS

- 1. Draft United States Note
- 2. Draft Enclosure I to Note (Military Rights)
- 3. Draft Enclosure II to Note (Facilities and Areas)
- 4. Draft Enclosure III to Note (Financial and Political Arrangements)
- 5. Draft Enclosure IV to Note (Description of Area)
- 6. Draft of Official Minutes

In Confidence AMAMI OSHTMA

November 24, 1953, United States Draft Note.

The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the

winistry of Foreign Affairs of Japan and has the honor to refer to the announce-

ment made by Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto.

Pursuant to Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America at present is exercising all $\mathcal R$ and any powers administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Nansei Shoto Islands south of 29 degrees north latitude 'acluding their territorial waters.

It is the understanding of the Government of the United States of America that the Government of Japan is willing to accept and assume full responsibility for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto including their territorial waters, as described in enclosure IV to this Note. The Embassy further has the honor to inform the Government of Japan that

0036

0037

RA'-0623

the Government of the United States of America is willing to relinquish in favor of Japan, pursuant to the provisions of this Note and enclosures, the right to Cxercise all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over The territory and inhabitants of the said Amami Islands, including their territorial waters.

Upon receipt of a Note from the Government of Japan indicating that the foregoing provisions of this Note and the enclosed implementing arrangements are acceptable to that Government, the Government of the United States of America will consider this Note with the enclosed implementing arrangements and the reply thereto from the Government of Japan as constituting an agreement between the two vernments which shall become effective at 1 minute past midnight on 1953.

Pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, the United States of America is required to maintain the degree of control and authority now exercised with respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Peace Treaty, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area.

Enclosures:

- 1. Military rights
- 2. Facilities and areas
- 3. Financial and political arrangements
- 4. Description of area transferred

RA'-0623

AMAMI OSHIMA

November 24, 1953, United States Draft Enclosure I.

1953 the Security Treaty between the United States of America

and Japan and any implementing arrangements thereunder will be applicable to the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto. Reference is made to Article II, paragraph one of the Administrative Agreement, which stipulates that "Agreements as to specific facilities and areas, not already reached by the two Governments by the effective date of this Agreement, shall be concluded by the two Governments through the Joint Committee provided for in Article XXVI of this Agreement." Enclosure 🕇 provides for those facilities and areas in the Amami Islands which the Governments of the United States of America and Japan have agreed as constituting facilities and areas under Administrative Agreement. It is understood that requests by the United States of America for additional facilities and areas in the Amami Islands will be considered by the Joint Committee on an urgent and continuing basis. The Amami Islands and their territorial waters because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, are considered

-2-

to bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America. The Government of Japan, cognizant this unique relationship, will in its administration of the Amami Islands take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strunthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.

0040

0041

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

Facilità a Arcas

In Confidence

AMAMI OSHIMA

November 24, 1953, United States Draft Enclosure II.

The Governments of the United States of America and of Japan have agreed that the two installations and sites presently utilized by the United States

Government in the Amami Islands shall constitute "facilities and areas" under administrative agreement.

It is understood that the Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and will furnish daily at no expense the United States Government hourly surface weather observations, pilot balloon observations at 0900 and 2100 hours and RAWIN observations at 0300 and 1500 hours.

Timewal & Politica IN CONFIDENCE

Amami Oshima

November 24, 1953 U.S. Draft Enclosure III

1 It is understood that on

, 1953, the Government of Japan will

begin to withdraw from circulation in Amami Islands all "B" yen. This exchange of Eurrency shall be accomplished as speedily as possible. The "B" yen so withdrawn from circulation will be returned to the U.S. Civil Administrator at Naha, Okinawa, without obligation by the U.S. of America to reimburse the Government of Japan in any manner for the Japanese yen issued in its stead.

Existing budgetary and fiscal arrangements for collection of funds and payment of obligations shall be maintained until midnight of , 1953 after which time Government of Japan shall assume full fiscal responsibility in the amami Islands.

It is understood that the Government of Japan will assume all financial obligations of the postal system in the Amami Islands.

The Government of Japan will designate a financial institution of Japan which will negotiate with the Bank of the Ryukyus for the purchase of the net assets of the five branches in Amami Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus. The Government of the U.S. of America and the Government of Japan will approve such terms and conditions of sale as may be agreed upon between the Bank of the Ryukyus and the

<u>signuted</u> 0043

0042

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

(5.) As of midnight , 1953, there will exist certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining Ryukyu Islands arising from shipments of goods to the Amami Islands, and cortain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors are ← s indicated in sections A and B attached to this enclosure (sections A and B will contain statement of accounts due as of date of transfer). The Government of the U.S. of America understands that the Government of Japan will be subrogated creditor to all current and long-term obligations as specified in the sections aforesaid and will pay in Japanese yen such obligations on behalf of the debtors, into a special account to be held in Japan on behalf of the U.S. of America and to be available to the U.S. Civil Administration of the Prukyu Islands for the purchase of goods and services from Japan.

It is understood that the Government of Japan waives all claims of Japan

and its

0044

and its nationals against the U.S. of America and its nationals and against the Government of the Ryukyu İslands and its predecessors arising out of the war or out of actions taken because of the existence of a state of war, And waives all nims arising from the presence, operations or actions-of forces or authorities of the U.S. of America prior to , 1953 insofar as the same shall have occurred in or have any effect upon the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto // It is further understood that the Government of Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and during the period of military government and/or the U.S. Civil administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil administration or authorized by Japanese The during that time, and will take no action subjecting U.S. nationals or residents of the islands of the Nansei Shoto to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

 $(\ 7.)$ It is understood that the Government of Japan will continue in full force and effect judgments or sentences of Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration courts rendered prior to the date of transfer, in respect of which there was no recourse or right to review under pre-existing law and will continue to judgment or sentence any civil and criminal cases in Ryukyuan magistrates or circuit courts

0045

National Archives of Japan

なかっ

in the Amami Islands in which pleadings have been commenced. It is further understood that the Government of Japan agrees that civil or criminal actions conding before the Ryukyuan Court of appeals in Okinawa should continue under the jurisdiction thereof until final judgment according to existing laws and regu-Tations and will execute final judgment insofar as the execution is required in territory within Japanese jurisdiction. The Government of the U.S. of America retains the right to prosecute to final judgment and sentence any criminal cases pending before the United States Civil Administration courts against persons resident in Amami Islands. It is understood that the Government of Japan will execute such final judgment and sentence.

AMAMI OSHIMA

November 24, 1953,

The term "Amami Oshima Group" referred to in Secretary of State John Foster Dulles' announcement of August 8, 1953 and the term "the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto", as employed herein, are understood to mean all of those islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east, including their territorial waters, as designated on the map attached to this enclosure. (Map as previously approved by both sides to be attached to final notes.)

0046

In Confidence

AMAMI OSHIMA

November 24, 1953, United Status Draft Agreed Official Minutes,

1. Article II, paragraph one, of the Administrative Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in Amami Islands (including sites for navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America.

- 2. Article II, paragraph one, of the Administrative Agreement is understood to extend freedom of air space to all areas over the Amami Islands and their territorial waters.
- 3. Article II of the Administrative Agreement is understood to permit the United States of America to utilize, in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty, all territorial waters of the Amami Islands.
- 4. Article II of the Administrative Agreement is understood to permit authorized personnel of the United States of America, upon notification to the Government of Japan, but without the requirement of prior permission; to conduct site surveys

in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future.

- 5. Article II and III of the Administrative Agreement are understood to permit the entry of the Armed Forces of the United States of America into the land area of the Amami Islands, the air space above them, and their territorial waters for the purpose of removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronic-jamming facilities which might interfere with effective operations of the United States military forces and installations.
- 6. Article III, paragraph one, of the Administrative Agreement is understood

 7. to provide for consultation between the United States of America and Japan concerning

 8. possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including

 9. airfields, in the Amami Islands.

7. It is understood that the exchange of notes between the Secretary of State of
the United States of America and the Prime Minister of Japan, dated September 8,

1951, is applicable to the Amami Oshima group.

0049

0048

外交史料創

Draft Agreed Official Minutes

December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

With respect to the understanding contained in the Notes concerning the Amami Islands exchanged today between the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan and the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Japan:

- 1. With the appreciation of a unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of the Government of Japan to consult with the Government of the will be fully kent informed, in advance, & possible, United States of America with respect to possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Amami Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America; and
- 2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amami Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including the transfer of the debts and credits belonging to the former, will be made on 1953 under the terms of a contract between

the two Banks upon approval by the Governments of Japan and of the United States of America.

0050

.,0051



December 3, 1953

Draft Minutes (The Joint Committee)

December 3, 1953

1. The United States representative made the following statement:

"Article II, paragraph 1, of the Administrative. Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in the Amami Islands (including sites for navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America on an urgent basis."

The Japanese representative replied: "With due appreciation of the importance of the Amami Islands for the defense and security of the two countries, the Japanese Government will give as prompt and favourable consideration as possible if and when such requests are specifically and case by case made through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas".

2. The United States representative stated: "It is understood that freedom of air space to all areas over the Amami

Amami Islands and their territorial waters be extended to the United States Armed Forces, Japan and utilization by the USFJ, in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty, of all territorial waters of the Amami Islands be permitted."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government will extend to the USFJ freedom of air space over the said areas and further permit the USFJ to utilize, in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty, the territorial waters of the Amami Islands in conformity with the current practices in these respects under the Administrative

3. The United States representative made the following statement:

"It is strongly desired that authorized personnel of the United States of America may promptly conduct preliminary site surveys in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future".

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government is ready to enter into consultation through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas as to the establishment of such machinary as may be required to meet the desire of the United States."

4.

0053

0052

National Archives of Japan

(4 th)

4. The representatives of both sides have agreed:
"Within the limit of the existing laws, and in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Administrative Agreement, the United States Forces are authorized to take such practical measures as deemed necessary or may request the competent Japanese authorities to take adequate measures for removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronicial manning facilities which might interfere with effective operations of the United States military forces and installations, in the area of the Amami Islands, the air space above them, and their territorial waters.

解除 第11回公開 CONFIDENTIAL Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"T had the pleasure today to inform Your Excellency on the decision of the United States of America to relinquish, in favor of Japan and effective from ______, 1953, all rights and interests which it enjoys with respect to the Amami Islands under the provisions of Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan.

"With reference to the above decision of the United States of America and as a result of the conversations held between the representatives of the Governments of the United States of America and Japan, I have the honor to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the following understanding between our two Governments:

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

0054

0055

外交史料食

(- L.

1. The two installations and sites presently utilized by the Government of the United States of America in the Amemi Islands will be used by the United States Armed Forces in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Administrative Agreement under Article III of the Security Treaty between the United States of America and Japan, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event wherein, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by ______, 1953, the Government of Japan is ready to grant the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.

The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and will furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

<u>It</u>

It is understood that the Amami Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Mansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America.

2. The Government of Japan will speedily withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands all "B" yen currency. The "B" yen so withdrawn will be credited to a special account expressed in United States dollar of the Government of Japan, provided that it is to be decided by the Government of Japan whether or not full amount of the "B" yen will be so credited.

The "B" yen so credited to a special account will be used for the payment of outstanding obligations mentioned in paragraph 5 below, pension to the residents in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, etc.

<u>3.</u>

0056

0057

RA'-0623

- 4 .

3. Fiscal and budgetary responsibilities will be maintained by the Government of the United States of America until midnight of ______, 1953 after which time the Government of Japan will assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands, provided that the payment of salary of the officials of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands and of expenses for unfinished projects will be made by the Government of the United States of America on the basis of the days and the progress of work done up to midnight

The debts and credits contracted between the post offices in the Amami Islands and the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, as of ______, 1953, will be settled between an agency as designated by the Government of Japan and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands -- in U.S. currency at the rate of 120 "B" yen to one U.S. dollar -- within six months after _______1953.

<u>5.</u>

certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining Ryukyu Islands arising from shipments of goods to the Amami Islands, and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors will be determined through consultation between the competent authorities of the two Governments.

The Government of Japan will assist in collecting the above-mentioned outstanding obligations from individual debtors, and pay to the Government of the United States of America such obligations in "B" yen credited to the special account under paragraph 2 above. If the obligations collected from individual debtors exceed the amount in the special account, such excess will be paid into a special account to

pe

0058

0059

外交史料館

be held in Japan on behalf of the United States of America and to be available to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands for the purchase of goods and services from Japan.

- 6. The Government of the United States of America will transfer without compensation to the Government of Japan for its use such public properties and documents as have been used for governmental purposes in the Amami Islands, and as are in the Amami Islands on ______, 1953.
- 7. It is understood that the Government of
 Japan waives all claims of Japan and its nationals
 against the United States of America and its
 nationals and against the local authorities of
 the Ryukyu Islands and its predecessors arising
 out of the war or out of actions taken because
 of the existence of a state of war, and waives
 all claims arising from the presence, operations
 or actions of forces or authorities of the United
 States of America in the Amami Islands prior to
 ________, 1953. The foregoing waiver does not,
 however,

however, include any Japanese claims specifically recognized in the laws of the United States of America or the local laws of the Ryukyu Islands enacted since September 2, 1945.

It is further understood that Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and during the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil Administration or authorized by Japanese law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied nationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

- 8. It is understood that the Government of Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect;

0900

外交史料館

0061

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

National Archives of Japan

recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and;

(b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to ______, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amami Islands,

provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy. or good merals.

Without in any way adversely affecting the substantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as of ______, 1953 in any court in the Amami Tslands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of ______, 1953.

9. It is understood that the Government of Japan may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over

those

those persons in the Amami Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil Administration Court prior to _____, 1953, or over any person in the Amami Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of ____, 1953, provided that where such person is in custody as of _____, 1953, he will continue to remain in the custody of the Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person give due faith and credit to the evidentiary data and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

10. It is understood that treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San

Francisco

0062

0063

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security Treaty between the United States of America and Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 and the Administrative Agreement thereunder, and the Motes exchanged between the Secretary of State of the United States of America and the Prime Minister of Japan at the city of Sar Francisco on September 8, 1951 will be fully applied to the Amami Islands as from ____, 1953.

11. Details for the execution of any matter relating to this understanding, insofar as they are not set forth herein, will be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

"I have further the honor to request that Your Excellency be good enough to confirm, on behalf of Your Excellency's Government, the above understanding."

I have further the honour to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the above as the understanding between our two Governments.

- 11 -

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

> Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs

0064

解 除 第11回公開 CONFIDENTIAL

> Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"With reference to the provisions of Article 3

of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city

of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 and the announcement made by Secretary of State Mr. John Foster Dulles

on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amami Islands of the

Nansel Shoto, I have the honor to inform Your Excellency,

on behalf of my Government, that the United States of

America will relinquish, in favor of Japan and

effective from________, 1953, all rights and

interests which it enjoys, under the above provisions of

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, with respect to the Amami Islands (including all of those islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east, including their territorial waters, as designated on the map attached hereto).

With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area, while the United States of America recognizes close economic and cultural tie between the mainland of Japan and these islands."

I.

0066

Article 3

0067

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

I have further the honour to convey to Your Excellency the most sincere appreciation of my Government for the above decision of the United States of America, and to state that Japan will assume full responsibility for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands, including their territorial waters as from _____, 1953.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

> Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs

> > 8900

安上特别的周序列、日本政利日	完美群男は日米両国の国防と治	合同本党会で決する。	と有以子園今の施設していては	は直うに行政物をにもとがくもの	之中的附衙者正の施設及以正城	降帰物と此の附為大事心適用	这是の日から於美群的下安全保	附属書工		維持するとが大事である。	対心現在程度の管理と収成を
									理と放成を維持することが大字であ	い二十分地成上対する現正程度の電	安全が確定さいるるでは米政府
		•									

約	立	極		便	2	米	ン	1/4			The second second	SCENE PER I
約十三條一規定了了他の地域に	立ているるでは、	柳東上永統的平和之安全公群		使了权利を放棄する。	立法及び司	米政府は色美祥あいかりま行政	义	米				
甩	では、米	統的		州を放	法上の	龟美祥		側				
المحامة ا	政府が	平和と		乗する	权力の	B) = 1			•			
他の此が	米政府が平和保	安全、		3.	*よの秋かのすべてを行	15		辛				
17/2 12-			V 4			1	-					
記言	その前の	日本と平和係約升三係の他の地域	日本からめに	有するすべての权利及が利益を	对 可	米政府		是在安心				
起等五棒東上水統的		十和你	とめに	すべて	和和此	は発差		東京で 最				-
東上永	起用的及び文化的	约十二	放棄する	の权利	师约	群岛		シントン		P		
統的	文化的	俳の他	वु ३	及以刊	冷源	範囲	,	上請 水		一般八分		
和社	纽烯	の此成		益百	平和條約才三條上甚?	米政府口食美祥岛(範囲百明記)に		合生を物界でワシントンに請削するものり 本側 教終年(米側と打				
				明される		1		備		ナーナー		
				りょしな)	皇文行行流はに						-	j
				7	没是行	た !			. :			
				112	7	2 2 1)		考	•			

公の決定するところに從之米倒に	会の決定するところに從 元米倒上	気象状况を知らせる。	一大 一	会の決定了ところに使そ米側に会の決定了ところに使そ米側に	
		会の決定するところに使う米倒に		上引链以中日本政府日合同委員	
気象状况を知らせる.	気象状况至知ら也る。				
 	\$ 象状况至知·5也子。				
五	五 教状况を知らせる。		日本政新日日日建了上回	解事項	
利日日月至建四省 了解事項 2	新日月百建か1回 了解事項 2	新日日日達の上間 了解事項	收し、色優で米民政府に引	八米室面り)	
門で米民政府上引 了解事項 2 気象状况を知らせる	例で米民政府上引 了解事項 る 気象状况を知らせる。	何で米民政府に引 11	渡可。		
で米民政府に引 了解事項 2 気象状况を知らせる	サロロ円を建から、 う解争項 2 気象状况を知らせる。	で米民政府に引 11 11			
で米民政府に引 了解事項 2 気象状况を知うせる	町は日日を建から 了解事項 み 気象状况を知らせる。	で米民政府に引 11		了解事項 3	
成工及心子等方制 了解争項 る 気象状况を知らせる	町は日内を建か海 了解事項 る	成工及が予算 与制	度は返還日の午前零析るで	(米条通り)	
世日の午前零所るで(米来通り) 対の日月を建から、 了解争項 る 気象状况を知らせる	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	世日の午前零析まで 地工及び予算 与制	# 120後1日本政府上		
100後10日本政府屋の上面了解争項 2 100後10日本政府上引 了解争項 2 2 100年 了解争項 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	11日の午前零時日で(米来通り) 気象状况を知らせる。 後の日本政府上引 了解事項 る 教教状を知らせる。	で後10日本政府を開るで、後10日本政府を開るで、大民政府に引	責任をとう。		

				うせる。	上引继式中米侧上氣象状 里如	古瀬の気 夢観測所は日本政行	協堂に基くものと合意でする。	現死使用中の施設及び区成下行政	附屬書工	物以零を考慮に入りる。	残余の部分にかける米国の軍事	同詳らの行政にあり琉球指身の
	石瀬の気象觀測が日日本政府	で地域の用を設つる。	前に合わない新は石次をのろるよ	選用すでに合用委員会の決生が	安夏会不完上忧、使用了小马,这	現在使用中的施設及以巴城は合同	安に断別の関係がろう。	起美群島は日米两国の国防治	了所事項 1			
外務												
省												

A TOTAL CANADA COLOR COLOR COLOR CANADA COLOR CANADA COLOR COLOR COLOR CANADA C	•	合、直琉球銀行を行わしめる	球銀行支右の資産購入の行	4日本政府は銀行を指生し玩		-					我带飞引受了。	即便制度のすべての財政上の	の日本政府は発美群島の	のでは、「「「「「「「「」」」というでは、「「「「」」」「「「」」」「「」」」「「」」」「「」」」「「」」」「「」」
	行かいからことを了解了る旨に教する	艾店の業務及い價权價券の引起も	との用の契約に基き、琉球銀行	(斌争舒に鹿見与銀行と琉球銀行		にかて後月清華でする	便制度の財産を方度して日米自	权債務は鹿英祥島にから卸	の他の部分の卸便制度との同の質	卷美群与的卸便制度飞梳球猪的	のすべての財政上の教務を引受ける	日本政府日奄美群島の卸便制度	了解事項女	WOOLTH LINE TO THE WASHINGTON OF THE WOOLTH WASHINGTON WHEN THE WOOLTH WASHINGTON WASHIN
外務省、					And the state of t									The state of the s
		-									THE OWNER AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER AND ADDRESS	A NOW	*****	The state of the s

地では、 は で に に に に に に に に に に に に に	地上との後は日本政府を全	度は近遇日の午前零断るで	7 現石の財政工及び予算より制	渡了。	枚し、	八日本政新日日日直建了四	附属書皿			
AND AND PROCESSORS AND		(米等通り)	了解事項 3	-	(支灣中)	了解事項 己		気象状况を知らせる。	会の決定するとうに徒そ米側に	二引继八小日本政府口合同委員
A TOTAL A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR										

0072-1

記める。 日本政府が有精りし日本円とよ 琉球の成門員る、う盾勢は、 の作為又は不作為の致力を すべてのクレームを放棄し、米側 しの日め使用せらいる。 日本からの物資及いけービスの隣 リ文松うこととし、文松日本円は までの クレームを放棄するかれ放棄は米国 又は琉那の法令により折に記められ 日本政所は返過の日までのすべての 古るころ 群あう被 电スは定点が 芸像で日本政社に落す! 成体の我用い夏、とのほれは 事嗖

0074

外交史料館

	そのす、経統しその利決の数	で体局中の民刑事事件は	沖縄本島の琉球上計裁判が	中の民刑事裁判を继続する	あいかける裁判がいかって降局	の確定の判決を執行し、在美祥	7.琉球政府又日民政府の裁判所			是分配有人力の利力工和作する	李件小 一次八十十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	米側又は琉球裁判所の判決により	日本政新は現に庭美祥与にかて	了解争惧9	教判百继统了。	中の教利の判決を記め人作為中の民事	公序良俗に及しない限り民事争	了解争項 8	にあるものは日本政府に現後まする	の財産及び文書で込選所該城	発美群島にかける行政目的であ	了解争项 6	建分。.
外務省											(新規模入)	

米側の作与又は不作馬の数かを	たクレームを今みない。	記する。	の作多又は不作為の放力をカレームを放棄するかが教事は光面	すべてのクレームを放棄し、米側 日本政府は返過の目までのすべての	6日本政府は返還の日までの了解事項ク	の中の原用せらいる	A A	A	5. 施美祥的《楼阁又日主人》【文港中》
Control of the state of the sta									

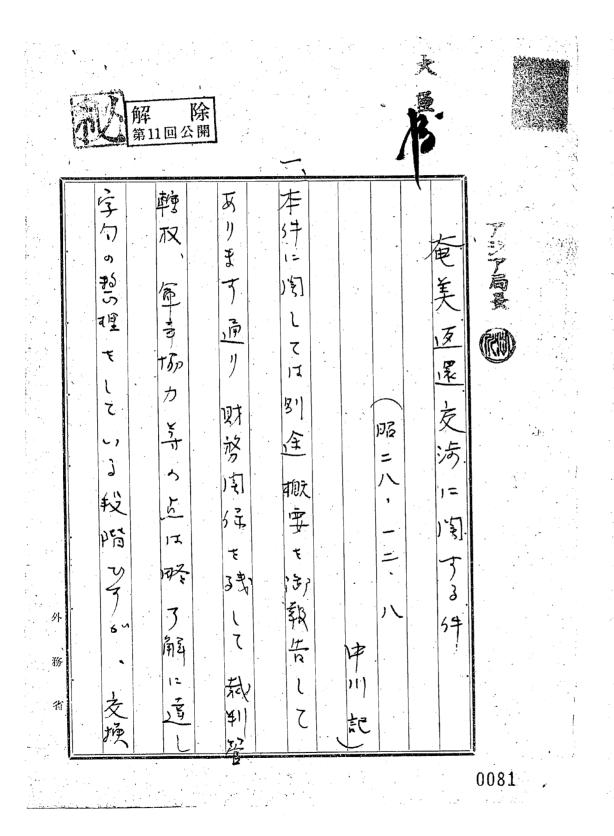
公文孝子		南日此簿年之度而日来起自于人及南日此簿年之度而日来起自于人及
公文本文中		南は此簿手之度では東起日子及
公文本文中		南は北溝手之度西は宋経日千人及南は北溝手之度西は宋経日千人及
公文本文中		南日此簿于之度西日宋起日千人夜南日此簿于之度西日宋起日千人夜
公文本文中		中は此簿 手之處西は東起日子及
公文本文中		中日此簿 手之度,西日來起日子人及
公文本文中		南江将年之度西江宋经白于人及
公文本文中		
	(在美祥与 完里用口公文本文中	卷美群岛」とは北日北海三九度
		附属書
	なるとすると	
有の易談ト	上関しては日外与与有の	
~ 一	以上傷から事切の実施の科問	
(新規媒人)	不解争項 //	•

							5教行 (1)	你馬し日本政府はその利沃	の刑事事件は引き続きなる	水軍年事裁判所で係馬中	果口日本政府以取行了る。
	美祥的上前用工小百。	当年国で了事物勘写等 臣	古田アケソン書間を初めとし日本人	平和棉物 多绿棕的行政協艺	了解争項10	學室下一。	教利がにかる用いらから近後を	行使するその際琉球又は米年	7.日本法令比從、刑事裁判整	上許裁判所に係病中の有に対し	服牧中の有及び神経にかける
The description of the second					(新規搜入)						

国立公文書館アジア歴史資料センター Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

			関海へ入成了ることが許る小白。	は発美祥 多の飲城、上室及び	する午校上除去するとめ、光年	大 電政妨害者 养 军施战百姓害	通報のサーより行うことができる	有の現地視察が日本政府への	正めの破城建)室の正めに来当句	从於美科的にかける施設新設の
Drag)	本をとうよう要求することを見	をとりこと及い日本側に適当な方	小う午校除去のため実際的指置	おういら乾国内にかって、米倒から	現行法規及以行政協定により必	(日米合同委員会の議事群により			上月万解了~~	(日本合同委員会の敬事群に

|--|



	,				7.								CONTRACTOR
LANGUAGE CONTRACTOR DE TATOLOGICA DE LA SECUENCIA DE LA SECUEN	•			書間が発美	九九五年九月八日付苦田アケン					X x tarro	合には日米内	衛施設設置	6、養美群島にかりる日本の防
			4	書間が発美群多に適用ふる	日付古田アケン					•	日米町上協議を行う	衛施設設置が計出工小品	かりる日本の防
					(了解事項10	-	37 2.	神、佐、光明	につき日本政	ニかりる日本		-	藏事錄
		•			210中日春的		-		こつる日本政府は安保你的の精	にかける日本の防衛施設計画	お安に特別の関係ない継が同り	危美科与で日本河国の国防ない	1.
					23			和	私的精	秋計画甲	經八月与	国防及び	
													•
	•							•					
SPECTATION OF			-	-			,	5.4					-

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Jan

何所)これは香	かと回いれれます	父族公文	\$ 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	合同多至今日	か付き更に係
奄美以外の流び	りか、〇川子テキスト	カ ニ バ [*]	1= 17 1 <u>P</u> × 12 2	おける了解多項	南部河南岛西
球活島人で	人十五分三十	クラフである。	国のれれるのは	改着する	ついては日米

经 了 尼 定 本 月	外務省	了ものです。にありに非公表の議事	韓きかする 西国的了解意 でを到過す		12件方 年事、财政、清讯权、裁判公	は石ナー公文を引用しつつこれの学院	かこれをアクレレッショももので、か二の公子	八日のダレス声的をそのまま取り日本	公文は二本となり、十一の公文は八月
-------------	-----	------------------	--------------------	--	--------------------	-------------------	-----------------------	-------------------	-------------------

型

女母女 反 चे 12 24 14 17 VIR THE 理 は 外 3 " も 12 初立され 削 ~ 术 म 1= ,5 \$ 5 外 てり Z 15 级 務 ٦ 11

0085

0084

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

すっマークチリン、これは夜美大鬼におりなかってからかっての子の子を見いるるかと思めれて、 このパラグラフ(三夏の最初の役、赤いちのかって)からのではありません。	第一番のかりして
--	----------

かであり、一方前母とも一点之子や野は行後せず、東西の甲和のにしたまかは行後せず、東西の甲和のでしたま	年的市三年为信托纸的目前下去小江半側江之等隔里口つりて	かないことが明かとなるとなってか、考之打	
--	-----------------------------	----------------------	--

0.087

9800

ARTHOUGH CHANGE	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER					-
より	特	9	7	4	4	
17 3	31)	7	から	of	H-127	
3	9			3	137	
15 一体		顶	4	2	1-	
静	沟		汪	ک	13	
	3 3	27	注意	17	中华	
計画	あ	t	25	5	4	
	3	在美	3	淪	45	
17		H H	77		.//2,	
Bit !	۲ ک	D v2	き	2)	37	
1		0 "	太	3		
	12	月	ĬI]		14 L	
1=	, 有空	米			TBP	
# #	ر اود	-	清多年		The	•
末 国	4	西	3			
	日本	14	12		5	
12	本は	0			框	•
		<u>)</u>	到自	-	1 .	
到	日本	15			汉	
	1.3	1=	写表		74	
7	岛烈		衣		多司	
17.00	1=17	懂			4	

۶, 11 ι= 国 74 ۲ 四大年 () 12 李顶 65 'ひ) ۲

0089

8800

|--|

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

そろかのははするたい	かりいまればいる	しち日日を一時後で米伽	日本内に接手すれば五	2明で八十万円との合けた
10 7 大方 7 大	まりている日本	し、それであるよ	四十万円江江回收	4 5 19 (13 17)

思 失ちに ٠٢ む 债 殖 纪 Ta 他 知無债 L) ζ L) 红 Y + 1= Ta えず

0093

外 務 省	国現となるとう理由ではってかり、かかから	三人之石川好政区地上日本円的新规部行	はつきり月四些価値いあることをあるる	ないとしても、書きも物でとれを恐めることは	安安的にはなるまではますることはこれを行	しょうとはせています。ところが大民有似は	
-------	----------------------	--------------------	--------------------	-----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	--

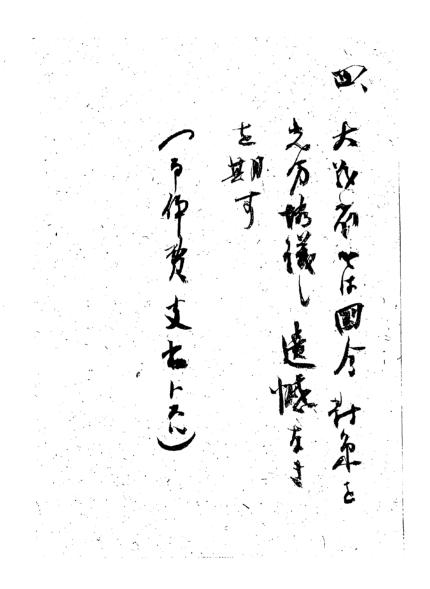
3 H 73/19

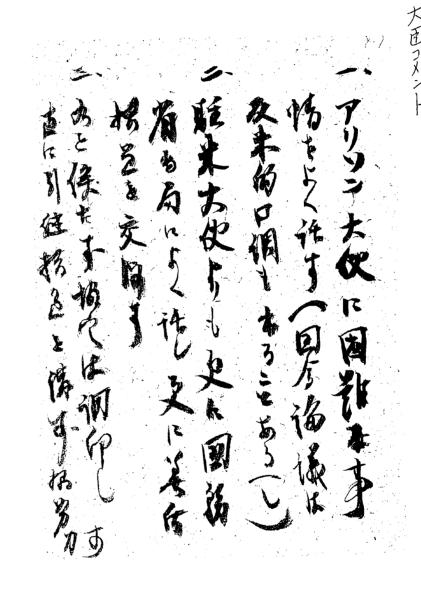
W 政 y. 没处 13 Position 程度 成流 l^ 当か 務 اخلا

0097

0096

外交史料館





0098

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Article 3

0100



Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I have the honor to refer "With reference to the provisions of Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 and the announcement made by Secretary of State Mr. John Foster Dulles on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto, I have the honor to inform Your Excellency, on behalf of my Government, that the United States of America will relinquishes in favor of Japan and effective from _______, 1953, all rights and interests which it enjoys, under the above provisions of

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America

Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, with defined as respect to the Amami Islands fincluding altrof those islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east, including their territorial waters, as designated on the map attached hereto).

- 2 -

With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area, while that the present political separation does not entail severance the United States of America recognizes close economic of traditional cultural and economic ties and cultural tie between the mainland of Japan and these islands."

I.

0101

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

RA'-0623

 $n \in B$

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan - 3 -

I have further the honour to convey to Your Excellency the most sincere appreciation of my Government for the act of relinquishment above decision of the United States of America, and to state that Japan will assume full responsibility for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands, including their territorial waters as from ______, 1953.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Katsuo Okazaki
Minister for Foreign Affairs

解除 第11回公開 COMFIDENTIAL Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I had the pleasure today to inform Your of the act of relinquishment Excellency on the decision of the United States of America to relinquish, in favor of Japan and effective from ______, 1953, all rights and interests which the enjoys with respect to the Amami Islands under the provisions of Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan.

"With reference to the above decision of the United States of America and as a result of the conversations held between the representatives of the Governments of the United States of America and Japan, I have the honor to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the following understanding between our two Governments:

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

0102

-0.10

外交史料館

The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and will furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

It

It is understood that the Amami Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Mansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States

of America. The Government of Japan, cognizant of this unique relationship, will take into consideration those requirements which the 2. The Government of Japan will speedily United States of America considers necessary to withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands and facilitate the all "B" yen currency. The "B" yen so withdrawnremaining is lands of the Nansei Shoto. will be credited to a special account expressed in United States dollar of the Government of Japan, provided that it is to be decided by the Government of Japan whether or not full amount of the "B" yen will be so credited.

The "B" yen so credited to a special account will be used for the payment of outstanding obligations mentioned in paragraph 5 below, pension to the residents in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, etc.

3.

0104

0105

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

3. Fiscal and budgetary responsibilities will be maintained by the Government of the United States of America until midnight of _______, 1953 after which time the Government of Japan will assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands, provided that the payment of salary of the officials of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands and of expenses for unfinished projects will be made by the Government of the United States of America on the basis of the days and the progress of work done up to midnight of . 1953.

the post offices in the Amami Islands and the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, as of ______, 1953, will be settled between an agency as designated by the Government of Japan and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands -- in U.S. currency at the rate of 120 "B" yen to one U.S. dollar -- within six months after . 1953.

5.

5. As of ______, 1953, there will exist certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining Ryukyu Islands arising from shipments of goods to the Amami Islands, and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors will be determined through consultation between the competent authorities of the two Governments.

The Government of Japan will assist in collecting the above-mentioned outstanding obligations from individual debtors, and pay to the Government of the United States of America such obligations in "B" yen credited to the special account under paragraph 2 above. If the obligations collected from individual debtors exceed the amount in the special account, such excess will be paid into a special account to

be

0106

0107

外交史料館

be held in Japan on behalf of the United States of America and to be available to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands for the purchase of goods and services from Japan.

- 6. The Government of the United States of America will transfer without compensation to the Government of Japan for its use such public properties and documents as have been used for governmental purposes in the Amami Islands, and as are in the Amami Islands on _____, 1953.

however, include any Japanese claims specifically recognized in the laws of the United States of America or the local laws of the Ryukyu Islands enacted since September 2, 1945.

It is further understood that Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done? during the period of occupation and during the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil Administration or authorized by Japanese law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied nationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

- 8. It is understood that the Government of Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect;

0108

0109

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and;

(b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to ______, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amami Islands,

provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy, or good-morals.

Without in any way adversely affecting the substantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as of _______, 1953 in any court in the Amami Tslands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of _______, 1953.

9. It is understood that the Government of Japan may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over

those

those persons in the Amami Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil Administration Court prior to _____, 1953, or over any person in the Amami Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of _____, 1953, provided that where such person is in custody as of _____, 1953, he will continue to remain in the custody of the Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person give due faith and credit to the evidentiary data and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

10. It is understood that treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San

Francisco

0110

0111

外交史料食

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security
Treaty between the United States of America and
Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on
September 8, 1951 and the Administrative Agreement thereunder, and the Notes exchanged between
the Secretary of State of the United States of
America and the Prime Minister of Japan at the
city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951

applicable
will be fully applied to the Amami Islands as
from ______, 1953.

11. Details for the execution of any matter relating to this understanding, insofar as they is are not set forth herein, will be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

"I have further the honor to request that Your Excellency be good enough to confirm, on behalf of Your Excellency's Government, the above understanding."

I have further the honour to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the above as the understanding between our two Governments.

Ŧ

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs

0113

0112

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

Draft Agreed Official Minutes

December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

With respect to the understanding contained in the Notes concerning the Amami Islands exchanged today between the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan and the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Japan:

- Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of the That Government of Japan to consult with the Government of the will be fully kept informed, in advance of United States of America with respect to possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Amami Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America; and
- 2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amami Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including the transfer of the debts and credits belonging to the former, will be made on , 1953 under the terms of a contract between

the

- 2

the two Banks upon approval by the Governments of Japan and of the United States of America; and

3. It is understood that upon official written request, appropriate unclassified papers, archives and other documents retained in Okinawa by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands or the United States Civil Administration, but having a material bearing upon the administration of the Amami Islands, will be supplied to appropriate officials of the Japanese Government for their examination.

0115

0114

外交史料飲

December 3, 1953

Draft Minutes (The Joint Committee)

December 3, 1953

1. The United States representative made the following. statement:

"Article II, paragraph 1, of the Administrative Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in the Amami Islands (including sites for (navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America on an urgent basis."

The Japanese representative replied: "With due appreciation of the importance of the Amami Islands for the defense and security of the two countries, the Japanese Government will give as prompt and favourable consideration as possible if and when such requests are specifically and case by case made through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas".

2. The United States representative stated: "It is in connection with carrying out the Security understood that freedom_of_air space to all areas over the

Amami

0116

Treaty the United States Forces be extended freedom of Amani Islands and their territorial waters be extended to air space to all areas over the Amami Islands and their the United States Armed Forces; Japan and utilization by territorial waters and the utilization of the territorial the USFI, in connection with carrying out the Security waters of the Amami Islands."
Treaty, of all territorial waters of the Amami Islands be

permitted."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese confirms this understanding and will allow it Government will extend to the USFJ Freedom of air space over to be extended turther permit the USFJ-to-utilize, in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty, the territorial waters of the Amami Islands in conformity with the current practices in these respects under the Administrative Agreement".

stated:
3. The United States representative made the following statement:

("It is strongly desired that authorized personnel of the United States of America may promptly conduct preliminary site surveys in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future".

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government is ready to enter into consultation through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas as to the establishment of such machinary as may be required to meet the desire of the United States.

4.

0117

National Archives of Japan

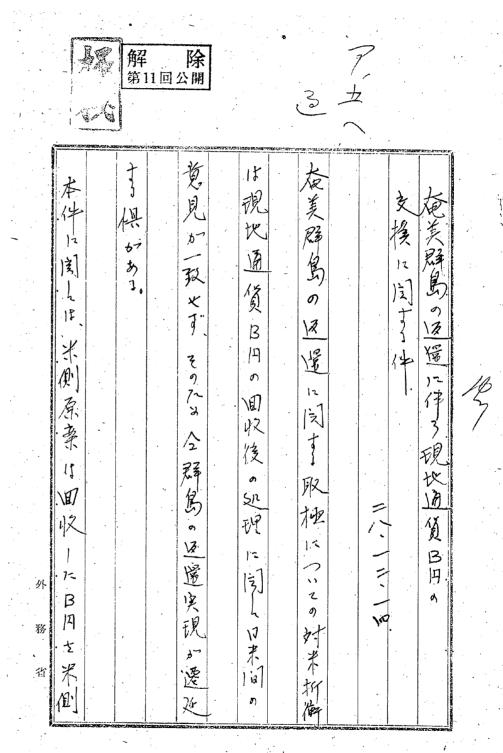
RA'-0623

4. The representatives of both sides have agreed: Within-the-limit-of-the-existing-laws-and-in

accordance with the relevant provisions of the Administrative Agreement, the United States Forces are authorized or upon request of the United States Forces, will take to take such practical measures as deemed necessary or may immediate and adequate measures in the areas of request the competent Japanese authorities to take adthe Amami Islands equate-measures for removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronicjamming facilities which might interfere with effective security or protection operations of the United States military forces and instal-The United States of America may, upon request lations, in the area of the Amami Islands, the air space by the competent authorities of the Government of Japan, above them, and their territorial waters. furnish them with such assistance as may be necessary to accomplish the above.

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

小孩球便全人後我 な 1/2 松かす Ø. 留學事 搜木 米例 17 13 31 34 W 引中 3 17 二山 3 円 ž ź 是 3 法 笔 7 W 火 1 艾太 勘定 2 多 杨家 当 1 そ 訊 ۲ 3 - 2 H 31 を 1.2 节 客望



14 客 御来 17 線 11 予備考 Ł 芝法 VA 7 よ よ する ٧ لا () ٥ 外 M 到 収 務 12 1: አ) .

渡すること 日曜さるか 划 力 4. 9 17 * 其見 ニれて IN 15 (II) ٤. 来 15 了水メす \17 42 j te 2 ج. te 净 继承 A, 所将例 Z Ę 术侧 取 3 カー 11 務 到湯水 17" 3] 地域 17.

0122

0121

外交史料館

TJ. ij T ,1= 12 流 火 流通 通 15 務を受 発 町 町 う. こと 2 K 連 K To 日 四 鬥 9 · 17 计 那 7 カ 合 17

0124

0123

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

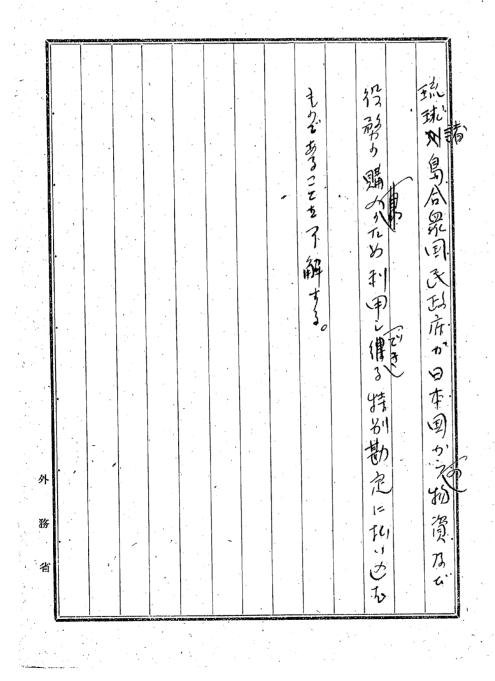


表 はいり表は、色思り日現れにかえ 事格 合銀国的 旗 おしらば 日本国政 も含むものとする 加 か、 貨務 れめい右傷勢ち 前 饱杂志 1= 21 旦八人 6 松荫

外交史料館

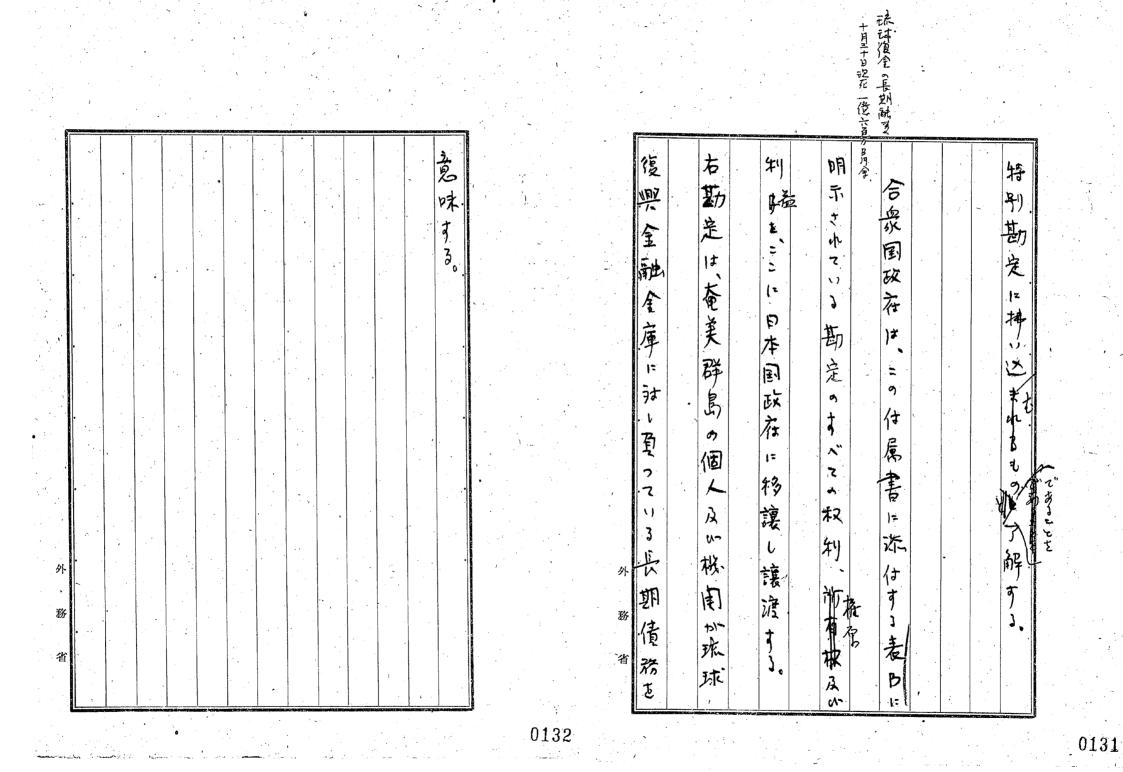
1 的 O) ሳ 2 2 泱. 倒 收 連 一度ハイ Ķ. 崂 8) 1 合 16 通 17 超過 多 两国 5 7 方法 政府 E はこの起 過 B 乜 合 0) 省 γ 9. Tara

7 臣美群馬 11 かいて カ 7 Ā , L 聚国 流 通 文奖 流 M 通 H 田收し から 明收免 n K 始める K K. 建 1=. = 0) X 1: 本 J. 1. 1= B. ぐ 沟 をすり

外交史料館

12 in 特 3/5 旦? 中国山南山 合衆国 oh 合理 潹 7 球 (35) 諸 政府 ちまる力を Λ" 6 债 血水 榜 合衆国 国政府 民政府 のためなり 41" 棱 山川 表

闽 但 1= な 官 勘 体 訲 輸入 て 到 13 特 生じ 表 たもうで、を美彩島 债 14 权 债 产 7 为 2-



} 解 とて大蔵人はも約得 られけ さからたこれが十二十三十五日 き続き 文族の文はよしせどるととももと得せ せいうたったもあり 条約向於条約沒長 頭になると 大きり 野として を絶対に目標とする とつ野では \$€ \$\$

的内 大田起東的防江軍 十二月十六日 Ð かとけある サガスタンズが交換名文と同いであるなる の長は るた X トラフティン ž =

0134

0133

外務			いまめぬ国は、わかろの平調の結果、フルかんへととなると	する果八条は、国務省の副人によっては、徐かれるからから	別添っとおりたたたたなら、べららは、川事教利権に関	光側 バラシンタがコンタイ	館見了五長及び条大回	自本側下回來的表前於秦正民重之各意	十二月十七日条约分長空之起車子園念開催	有点
省			}=	色色) 12		·	尽	1 12	

奉的方言课長 アンア五年長到

0135

0136

外交史料食

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

Draft
December 17, 1953

0

Tokyo, Date

Monsiour l'ambassadeur.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the United States of America and Japan concerning the Ameri Islands, signed today and to state as follows:

1. With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 3, 1951, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority new exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area. However, the United States of America recognizes that the present political separation does not entail severance

01

His Execliency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

13

0137

of traditional cultural and economic ties between the mainland of Japan and these islands.

2. The American islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Mansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of the Far East. It is understood that the Government of Japan, cognizant of this unique relationable, will take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Mansei Shoto."

I have further the honour to take note of Your Excellency's statement in paragraph 1 above, and to inform Your Excellency that the understanding set forth in paragraph 2 above is also the understanding of the Government of Japan.

I swall myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadour, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Katsuo Okazaki Kimister for Foreign Affairs

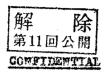
0138

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623



December 17, 1953

Draft

Agreed Official Minutes

for the Agreement between Japan and The United states of America concerning the Amami Islands

Tokyo, Date

With respect to the Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Ameni Islands signed today:

- 1. With the appreciation of a unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of The Government of the Government of Japan to that the United States of America will be (fully) kept informed, in advance, of possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Ameni Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America) ___ cutto
- 2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amami Islands of the Sank of the Hyukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including the transfer of the debts and eredits belonging to the former, will be made on December 25, 1953 under the terms of a contract between

アンターラインとる

the

0139

the two Banks approved by the Governments of Japan and of the United States of Americal

4 %. It is understood that subject to adjustment to reflect may have occured transactions which have occured up to midnight of December 24, 1953, the balances of the accounts and identities of debtors and creditors under paragraph 6 of Article 3 are as follows! - 28 /

A. GUTSTANDING DESTS OF AMANT ISLANUS AS OF 25 NOV.1953 IN aBa AEM

TO USCAR

Oshima Food Company

¥55,242,807.38

To Dept. of Econ-Fir, Operations Bureau (Ex. Ryckyu Board of Trade)

Oshima Federation of Fisheries Cooperative ¥ 21,050.50 Oshima Industry Association 601,890.86 Oshima Trader's Association Oshima Tsumugi Mfg. Association 642.24 6,719,949.45

Sub-total

¥7,343,533.05

To Ryukyu Federation of Agricultural Cooperative

Oshima Agricultural Cooperative

(9,973,633.01

To Ryukyu Federation of Fisheries Gooperatives

Oshima Federation of Fisheries Cooperative 2.740,504.66

Total

¥75,300,478.10

OUTSTANDING LONG THE OBLIGATIONS OF AMANI ISLAMIS TO THE RYUKYU RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE FUND AS OF 31 OCTOBER 1953 TM "B" YEW

Installment Loans Outstanding Loans on Notes Total

¥ 104,212,384.00 2,115,800.00 ¥ 106,328,184.00

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

It is understood that upon official written request, appropriate unclassified papers, archives and other documents retained in Okinawa by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands or the United States Civil Administration, but having a material bearing upon the administration of the Amami Islands, will be supplied to appropriate officials of the Japanese Government for their examination;

hit.

Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Amami Islands

WHEREAS Whereas the United States of America desires, with respect to the Amami Islands, to relinquish in favor of Japan all rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the Lity of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, as announced by the Secretary of State on August 8, 1953; and

WHEREAS Japan is willing to assume full responsibility and authority for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands:

THEREFORE, the Government of Japan and the Government of the United States of America have determined to conclude this Agreement, and have accordingly appointed their respective representatives for this purpose, who have agreed as follows:-

0142

Article 1

- 1. With respect to the Amami Islands, the United States of America relinquishes in favor of Japan all rights and interests under the previsions of Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the City of San Francisco on December 25, 1953 September 8, 1951, effective from the date of coming in Agreement. Japan, into force of this Agreement, assumes full responsibility for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands.
- 2. For the purpose of this Agreement, the term "Amami Islands" shall mean the group of islands, including their the attached territorial waters, as defined in Annex ₹.

Article 2

- 1. The two installations and sites presently utilized by the United States of America in the Amami Islands shall be used by the United States armed forces in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Administrative Agreement, as amended, under Article III of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event that, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by the date of coming into force of this Agreement, Japan shall grant to the United States of America the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.
- The Government of

 2. Japan shall take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Ameni Oshima, and shall furnish to the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.
- 3. The two Contracting Parties recognize that the Amemi Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of the Far East. Japan, cognizant of this unique relationship, shall take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.

Exchange Notes

0144

RA'-0623

30

as amended, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event that, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by December 25, 1953, Japan shall grant to the United States of America the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.

2. The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima and shall furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

Article 3

1. On December 25, 1953, the Government of Japan shall begin to withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands all "B" yen and issue, in its stead, Japanese yen at the rate of 3 Japanese yen for 'l "B" yen. This exchange of currency shall be accomplished as speedily as possible. The "B" yen so withdrawn from circulation shall be returned to the United States Civil Administrator at Naha, Okinawa, without obligation by the Government of the United States of America to reimburse the Government

of Japan in any manner for the Japanese yen issued in its stead.

- 2. Existing budgetary and fiscal arrangements for collection of funds and payment of obligations will be maintained until midnight of December 24, 1953, after which time the Government of Japan shall assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands.
- 3. The Government of Japan shall assume all financial obligations of the postal system in the Amami Islands. Accounts between the postal system in the Amami Islands and the postal system in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto shall be settled as agreed upon at a later date between the Government of Japan and the Government of the United States of America taking into calculation other assets of the postal system in the Amami Islands and the pre-war assets and obligations of the Japanese Government postal system in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.
- 4. Property of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, including papers, archives and evidentiary materials, existing in the Amami Islands on December

0146

RA'-0623

25, 1953, shall be transferred to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.

- 5. Property of the Government of Japan, including local governments existing in the Amami Islands on December 25, 1953 which have been under the custody of the Government of the United States of America prior to that date, shall be returned to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.
- 6. As of December 25, 1953, there will exist certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and nstitutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto arising from shipment of goods to the Amami Islands, and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amemi Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors shall be confirmed by the two Governments as soon as possible. The Government of the United States of America shall transfer and assigns to the Government of Japan all rights and interests in the accounts so confirmed.

7. There will be, as of December 25, 1953 obligations owed by or to individuals, including juridical persons, in the Amami Islands to or from individuals, including juridical persons, in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shotc. The two Governments agree to establish procedures that will expedite the settlement of these obligations.

Article 4

1. Japan waives all claims of Japan and its nationals against the United States of America and its nationals and against the local authorities of the Ryukyu Islands and its predecessors arising out of the wer or out of actions taken because of the existence of a state of war, and weives all claims arising from the presence, operations or actions of forces or authorities of the United States of America in the Amami Islands prior to December 25, 1953. The foregoing waiver does not, however, include any Japanese claims specifically recognized in the laws of the United States of America or the local laws of the Ryukyu Islands enacted since September 2, 1945.

2. Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and during the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amemi Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil Administration or authorized by existing law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied mationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

Article 5

- 1. Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect;
 - (a) judgments in civil cases rendered by any court in the Amami Islands prior to December 25, 1953, in respect of which there was no recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and;
 - (b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the kyukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to December 25, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amami Islands,

provided

provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy.

2. Without in any way adversely affecting the substantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as of December 25, 1953 in any court in the Amami Islands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of the above date.

Article 6

Japan may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over those persons in the Amami Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil Administration Court prior to December 25, 1953, or over any person in the Amami Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of the above date, provided that where such person is in custody as of the same date, he shall continue to remain in the custody of the

Japanese

外交史料館

Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person give due faith and credit to the evidentiary data and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

Article 7

Treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America signed on the same date and the Administrative Agreement thereunder as amended, the Notes exchanged on the same date between the Prime Minister of Japan and the Secretary of State of the United States of America, and the Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation between Japan and the United States of America signed at Tokyo on April 2, 1953, shall be applicable to the Amami Islands as from the date of coming into force of this

0151

10 -

Article:8

Any matter relating to the execution of this Agreement shall be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

Article 9

This Agreement shall come into force on December 25, 1953.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Tokyo, this day of December. 1953, in duplicate in the Japanese and English languages, both equally authentic.

FOR JAPAN:

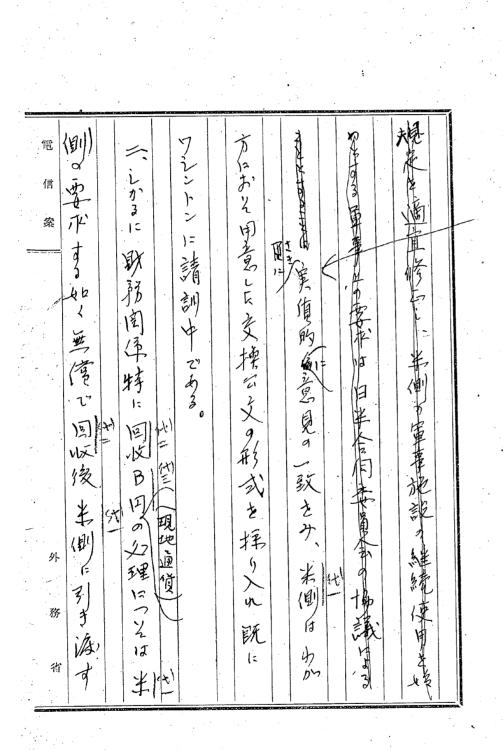
FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

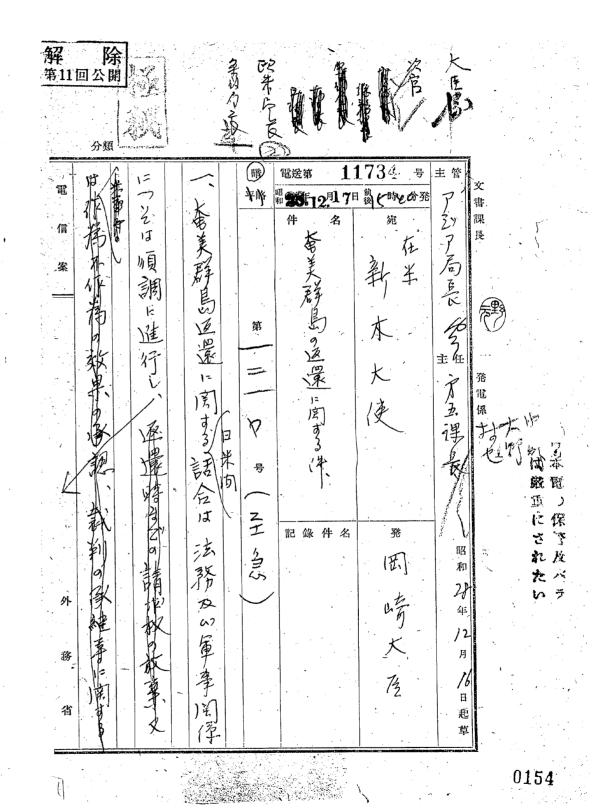
0152

National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

13 minutes east longitude on the east.	ن
minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees	-mi-t
27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18	27
bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north	-όοι
islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area	13/6
The Amami Islands are defined as all of those	
ANNEX	





0155

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

電信等 はないない、大き大学のあるのでは、 1000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
--

139 電 2. 行品 旦つ回収四円 古することとして、半期草子を回收四月、無情引版でま 图世 * 秋切せず、 ٤ 著學的 りかけ りかったと 月女 の传 去 2 权 0 なりとする (琉球俊芸金庫 らつま 强心意見儿 務 何は石とは世

0156

外交史料館

Ers.							AX.		12	12	
電							1分十		12 25 i	1	
信							9			712	
案						į	大人 するからかか		15/4	かせついかいかかれたかしているか	
									1	奉	
						-	学 清 ろうにつ		橋	23	
			-				うな		- 1	16	
							723		12	角	
			-				75		3/1	2	
			-				N		9	3	
					•		J		ا ا	2"	
				-					中沒明日上里多	1	
•									2	1 2	-
								-	13.	一使	
外									34	136	
									4),(-
務									13	1	
省									沙安中国到	专大使的各国政社	
· EJ									8	就	

電信案	当方としては是野文中是胡日にはる地と上美現	定を付了以来かある次々である。	か方とそは大湯理りためには遅くえニナニリには汚滅状	いうフシントンの国制を問るよう切力をなるととなり、	0岁十月日于五日之子是己己、事例之为二间口合う	花多了公公司人。 这是期日四个元十年间了打了全	建の效力は 也遇白以後放せしの 風公司事後承恐を
	10/02/		17	م لااسم	TB 12	3	THE STATE OF THE S
務	を公民	-	多	15	12	打	汉
省	剩		冰	h	3	Table 1	2 8

0159

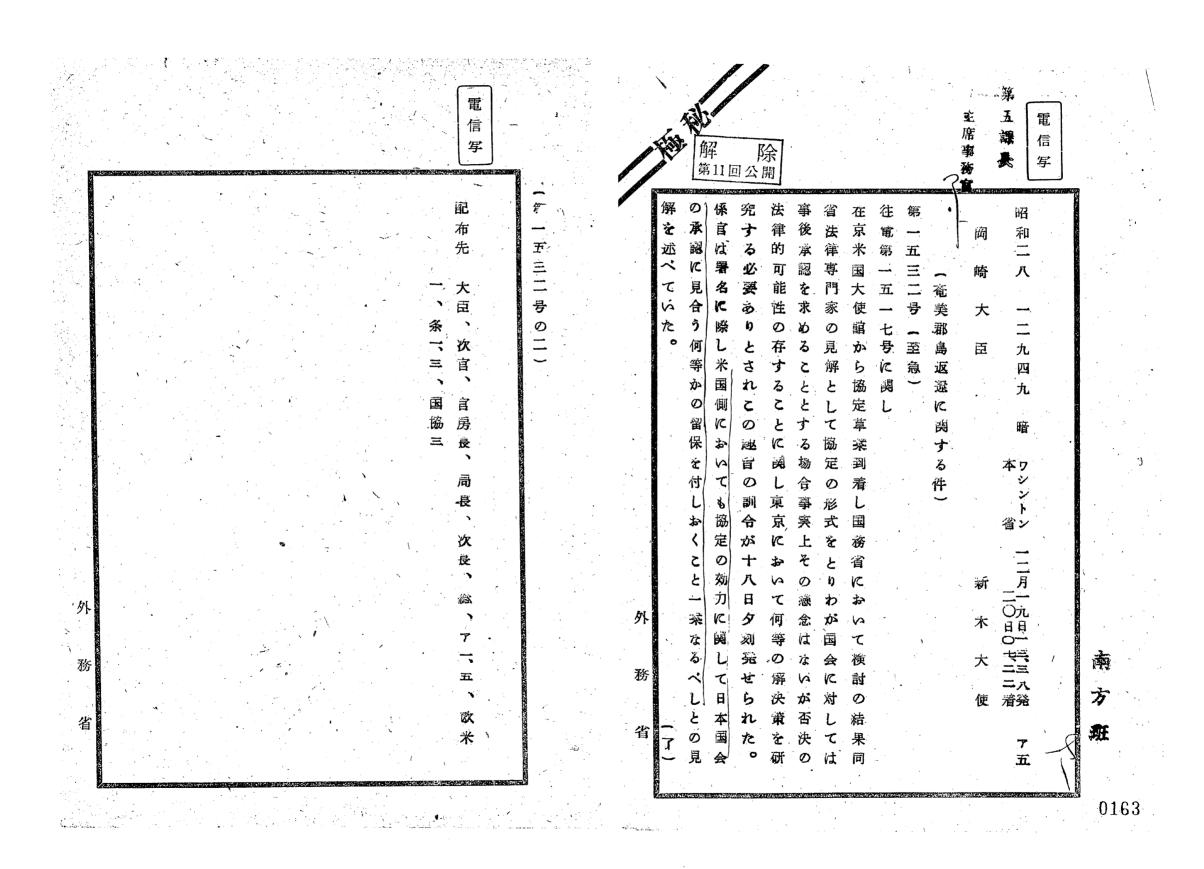
0158

			ACCOUNTS OF NO									The state of the s	解第	! 11回:2	除公開			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	なから	•	大臣格			
子一对了发出传报(计之于五百万四月余)七八八本以外路	二協之中多年中六項心後全の长期部沿の他大島食花会社	要方別ないつこの規定は協定とけ別い支援は入りようことと		見の本土日で沖後、米争施设し近接してからことより生むる特	多少年三季の心、清里山上海村地名人工有	太好之事、徒来、爱核公之等人、主力和古美作人,面力	たて米他はなとワントントを報し、四川の時でわり			ソード・グレイン・プログレー・アンプレイ・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アンプレー・アン	外務省	十七十者他一十个中心作成一个协定等出引活的方	7		老例心可传以引力後有工人国連して取在全体を協定	の利式によずニンシースカスが、現状通貨四月と切收後		是美拜島、日展、到了取極下後外交後又		アンアラア上環	- ハ・ナニ・ナハ	大风美群岛的及第二月了的之来的件	アンアのもの	
eroot Varen	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						•	0	161								·: //				,		-	016

なって 100 三 dati 好艺 3: 米四寸 春初去 ナノらナに 地方 市四 十一月二十五日 电 规定 表宽 アルる 1. 日本心、意後 乙足造期日 あ ħ 1. 勃起 J 由. 予定 ٤ 多 17 1 内冬 務 3.4 市 ς.. 省 地方

0162

外交史料館



Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

5 which 才 四条一 have occured 56.00 (良味は 11

大月子之夕 田奉的历長、中川 刻 タン アンアの長鶴見 年係信 ア五長

0164

外交史料館

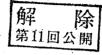
一方家人 一方家 文にないるにたと説 肉係 D 8, 2 6 违 DECEMBER 25-, 1953 とも協議 midnight とかること説明 明しているろ 研究至回答之的本 内題となったとところ اغ 17 ž State 入ろ 日本語文で 2ء 17 本語

ID) 盤か是彩を相 結局、これくの条文は (到 対力有当 17 事後小思向題にひえ交流う経過 するかえる 195-3 の規定と 3 AT . Statement けったり

				されるとが予規されるからでくけてのままとする	の四回的題があるとも説明春文自体的所	五 日才六年八川車教判棒)の名は女は	一時をリントるシントラス
外				0 1010	余之自	Tyuan court	
務	•	-		3	体外	. E	
省				3.	削除	# 2 P	

Ź そのよりの次に フマンとはいま 改めるととにう水 才四条了の二、国外の 年事条ちの t 危差解島を今まからくとを設明。英文は including きろうみ Shota) tux 外 17. とかまるり 務 こ マ き す

0169



December 17, 1953

Draft

Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Amami Islands

WHEREAS the United States of America desires, with respect to the Amami Islands, to relinquish in favor of Japan all rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, as announced by the Secretary of State on August 8, 1953; and

WHEREAS Japan is willing to assume full responsibility and authority for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands;

THEREFORE, the Government of Japan and the Government of the United States of America have determined to conclude this Agreement, and have accordingly appointed their respective representatives for this purpose, who have agreed as follows:-

Article 1

Article 1

- 1. With respect to the Amami Islands, the United States of America relinquishes in favor of Japan all rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, effective from December 25, 1953. Japan, as of such date, assumes full responsibility and authority for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands.
- 2. For the purpose of this Agreement, the term "Amemi Islands" shall mean the group of islands, including their territorial waters, as defined in the attached snnex.

Article 2

1. The two installations and sites presently utilized by the United States of America in the Amemi Islands will be used by the United States armed forces in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Administrative Agreement, as amended, under Article III of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United

0170

States of America, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event that, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by December 25, 1953, Japan shall grant to the United States of America the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.

2. The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and shall furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

Article 3

1. On December 25, 1953, the Government of Japan shall begin to withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands all "B" yen and issue, in its stead, Japanese yen at the rate of 3 Japanese yen for 1 "B" yen. This exchange of currency shall be accomplished as speedily as possible. The "B" yen so withdrawn from circulation shall be returned to the United States Civil Administrator at Naha, Okinawa, without obligation by the Government of the United States of America to reimburse the Government of Japan in any manner for the Japanese yen issued in its stead.

- 2. Existing budgetary and fiscal arrangements for collection of funds and payment of obligations will be maintained until midnight of December 24, 1953, after which time the Government of Japan shall assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands.
- 3. The Government of Japan shall assume all financial obligations of the postal system in the Amami Islands. Accounts between the postal system in the Amami Islands and the postal system in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto shall be settled as agreed

upon

0.1

0172

外交史料飲

- 4. Property of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, including papers, archives and evidentiary meterials, existing in the Amemi Islands on December 25, 1953, shall be transferred to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.
- 5. Property of the Government of Japan, including local governments existing in the Amami Islands on December 25, 1953 which have been under the custody of the Government of the United States of America prior to that date, shall be returned to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.
- 6. As of December 25, 1953, there will exist certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining islands of the Nansei

 Shoto

- 6 -

Shoto arising from shipment of goods to the Amami Islands, and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The belances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors shall be confirmed by the two Governments as soon as possible. The Government of the United States of America shall transfer and assigns, without compensation, to the Government of Japan all rights and interests in the accounts so confirmed.

7. There will be, as of December 25, 1953 oblitions owed by or to individuals, including juridical persons, in the Amami Islands to or from individuals, including juridical persons, in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto. The two Governments agree to establish procedures that will expedite the settlement of these obligations.

Article 4

l. Japan waives all claims of Japan and its nationals against the United States of America and its nationals and against the local authorities of the (Nancei Shoto).
Ryukyu Islands and its predecessors arising out of the

war

0175

0174

外交史料飲

2. Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and uring the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil Administration or authorized by existing law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied of nationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

1. Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect;

in the Amami Islands prior to December 25, 1953, in respect of which there was no recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and; (b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the

(a) judgments in civil cases rendered by any court

- Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to December 25, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amemi Islands, provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy.
- 2. Without in any way adversely affecting the substantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as f December 25, 1953 in any court in the Amami Islands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of the above date.

Article 6

Japen may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over those persons in the Amami Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil

0177.

Administration Court prior to December 25, 1953, or over any person in the Amami Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of the above date, provided that where such person is in custody as of the same date, he shall continue to remain in the custody of the Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will, in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person, give due faith and credit to the evidentiary data and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

Article/7

Treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America signed on the same date and the Administrative Agreement thereunder as amended, the Notes exchanged on the same date

between

of State of the United States of America, and the Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation between Japan and the United States of America signed at Tokyo on April 2, 1953, shell be applicable to the Amami Islands as from the date of coming into force of this Agreement.

Article 86

Any matter relating to the execution of this Agreement shall be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

Article 97 and shall be binding on both Grovernments, as of 25, 1953.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE

0179

0178

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

1953, in duplicate in the Japanese and English languages; both equally authentic.

FOR JAPAN:

FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

The Amami Islands are defined as all of those islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east.

外交史料館

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

Draft December 17, 1953

No.

American Embassy

Excellency:

I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the United States of America and Japan concerning the Amemi Islands, signed today and to state as follows:

1. With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area. However, the United States of America recognizes that the

present

0182

His Excellency
Mr. Ketsuo Okazaki
Minister for Foreign Affairs
of Japan

present political separation does not entail severance of traditional cultural and economic ties between the mainland of Japan and these islands.

2. The Amami Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of the Far East. It is understood that the Government of Japan, cognizant of this unique relationship, will take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurance of my most distinguished consideration.

John M. Allison

0183

外交史料食

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the United States of America and Japan concerning the Amemi Islands, signed today and to state as follows:

1. With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now exercised,

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area. However, the United States of America recognizes that the present political separation does not entail severence of traditional cultural and economic ties between the mainland of Japan and these islands.

2. The Amami Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of the Far East. It is understood that the Government of Japan, cognizant of this unique relationship, will take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto."

I have further the honour to take note of Your Excellency's statement in personant 1 above, and to inform

0184

0185

外交史料館

inform Your Excellency that the understanding set forth in paragraph 2 above is also the understanding of the Government of Japan.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

> Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs

December 17, 1953

Draft

Agreed Official Minutes for the Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Amami Islands

Tokyo, Date

1. With the appreciation of a unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of the Government of Japan that the Government of the United States of America will be kept fully informed, in advance, of possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Amami Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America. 2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amemi Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including

the transfer of the debts and credits belonging to the

former, will be made on December 25, 1953 under the

0187

0186

外交史料館

terms of a contract between the two Banks approved by the Governments of Japan and of the United States of America.

3. It is understood that upon official written request, appropriate unclassified papers, archives and other documents retained in Okinawa by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands or the United States Civil Administration, but having a material bearing upon the administration of the Amami Islands, will be supplied to appropriate officials of the Japanese Government for their examination.

4. It is understood that subject to adjustment to reflect

4. It is understood that subject to adjustment to reflect transactions which may have occurred up to midnight of December 24, 1953, the balances of the accounts and identities of debtors and creditors under paragraph 6 of Article 3 are as follows:

A. OUTSTANDING DEBTS OF AMAMI ISLANDS AS OF 25 NOV. 1953 IN "B" YEN

To USCAR

Oshima Food Company

¥55,242,807.38

To Dept. of Econ-Fin, Operations Bureau (Ex. Ryukyu Board of Trade)

Oshima Federation of Fisheries ¥ 21,050.50
Cooperative
Oshima Industry Association 601,890.86
Oshima Trader's Association 642.24
Oshima Tsumugi Mfg. Association 6,719,949.45
Sub-total ¥7,343,533.05

0100

To Ryukyu Federation of Agricultural Cooperative

Oshima Agricultural Cooperative

¥ 9,973,633.01

To Ryukyu Federation of Fisheries Cooperatives

Oshima Federation of Fisheries Cooperative 2,740,504.66

Total

¥75,300,478.10

B. OUTSTANDING LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS OF AMAMI ISLANDS TO THE RYUKYU RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE FUND AS OF 31 OCTOBER 1953 IN "B" YEN

Installment Loans Outstanding ¥104,212,384.00 2,115,800.00

Total ¥106,328,184.00

0189

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Jan

December 17, 1953

Draft Minutes (The Joint Committee)

1. The United States representative stated: "Article II, paragraph 1, of the Administrative Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in the Amami Islands (including sites for navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America on an urgent basis."

The Japanese representative replied: "With due appreciation of the importance of the Amemi Islands for the defense and security of the two countries, the Japanese Government will give as prompt and favourable consideration as possible if and when such requests are specifically and case by case made through the Subcommittee for Facilities and Areas."

2. The United States representative stated: "It is understood that in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty the United States Forces be extended freedom of air space to all areas over the Amami Islands and their territorial waters and the utilization of the territorial waters of the Amami Islands."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government confirms this understanding and will allow it to be extended in conformity with the current practices in these respects under the Administrative Agreement."

3. The United States representative stated: "It is desired that authorized personnel of the United States of America may promptly conduct preliminary site surveys in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government is ready to enter into consultation through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas as to the establishment of such machinery as may be required to meet the desire of the United States."

0191

外交史料館

4. The representatives of both sides have agreed: "In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Administrative Agreement, the Japanese authorities, upon detection or upon request of the United States Forces, will take immediate and adequate measures in the areas of the Amami Islands for removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronicjamming facilities which might interfere with effective security or protection of the United States military forces and installations. The United States of America may, upon request by the competent authorities of the Government of Japan, furnish them with such assistance as may be necessary to accomplish the above.

ARTICLE X

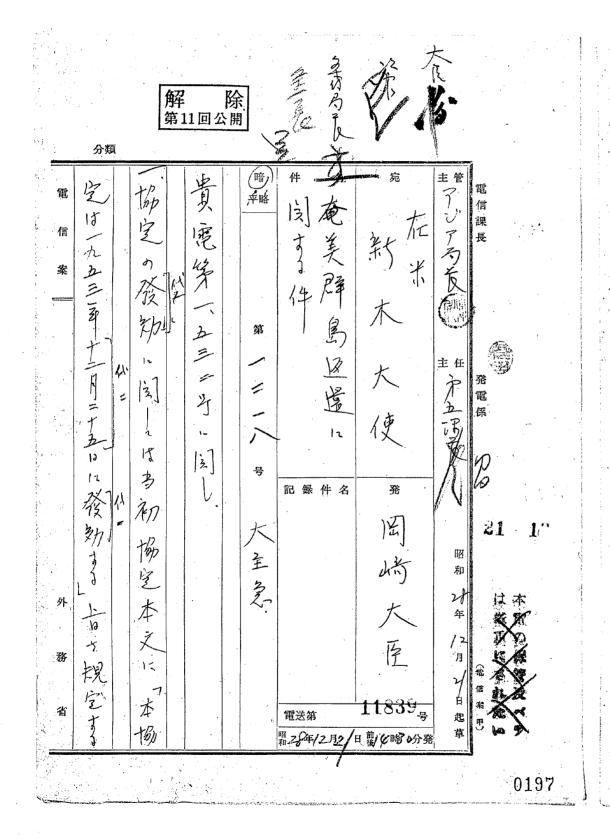
2) "This agreement shall come into force at midnight of the day next day following written notification to the United States Covernment that the Government of Japan has approved this agreement."



外交史料館

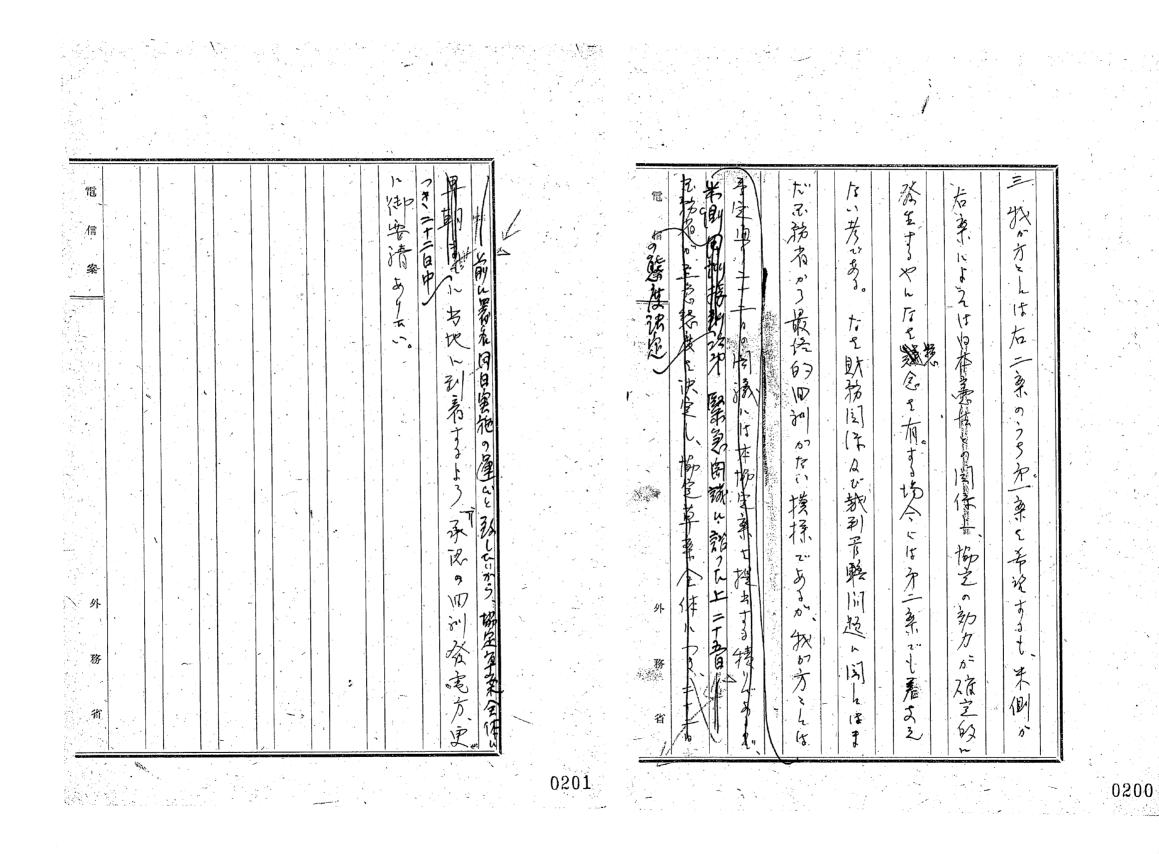
のない。 のかには、かりといれいは、中でもののでは、 では、かりとは、かりが中土の日から日本 では、かりののななどのでかった。 では、かりがは、中土の日から日本 では、かりがは、中土の日から日本		<u>t</u>	7三年 刘	<u> </u>	趣	方:军条	7一字 日
ありとし、当のは大とくました ありとし、当のは大とくました かりとし、当のは大とくました	i lo	之方	記の西京が歌	かまするともの	趣しもの くっかに	文 17 19 14 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	本侧原深
をかた。 かん なん			用のとかくは、よ	SVaxement	は、刻力学生	the No.	5
			むと得ずれ	をかる	の日から日本	TAY NOT NOTED	£ 2)

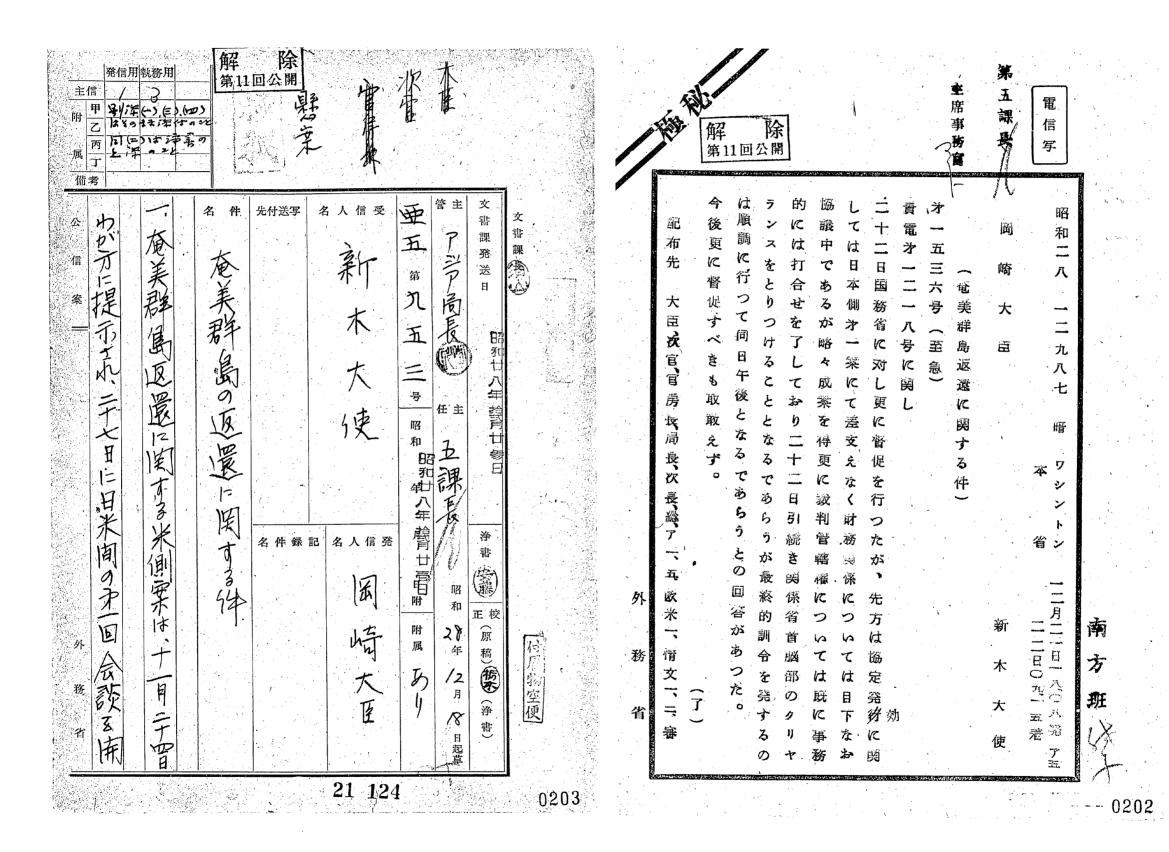
りのとそのまさける場	二効が発生の規定にころは	一大世界はある	電話で連絡された一般	十二月二十月(日)下田	備 业
就し事 ゆるというくとて	Sマは、何か×州倒したりいことで	大田場中のとである。	たしまなっとあり、	二月二十月(日)下田条約の上びから来一た田まる	
. A.T.	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	X S S		D 1	THE PARTY OF THE P



かる。からはからううではいるかったから	A CONTRACT AND PARTY OF THE PAR			たらなとうまし	{1	ジントナーラング	は十九月八十十	> 2 2 L \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	ا ا
すなう ランドかできした				こまやった。とうだける。	と見るとして、ユノニカ	7	九日八十月ちに電信でくのよ	下下五年	7
	外 務 省					たならるとなってきる		2000年十五	

電電 as soon a	学的表示	電大學是	为分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分分
the state of the to th	全部初の生活	大龙大江美海	10年度了
** Comes il	多次次十一个	多日からなる。 多村にからなった。 一方で明からする。 である。 である。 である。 できる。 できる。 できる。 できる。 できる。 できる。 できる。 でき	となった。
BISIT Concin	場之本文、規定	かります。 なりからたりからたうないからなった。 なったいかられる かりまれる かりまれる かりまれる かりまれる かられる からない からない からない からない からない からない からない からない	松之 好
を	发之了。	大きない。	サート イー イー イー イー イー イー イー イー イー アント り り り り り り り り り り り り り り り り り り り





Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

式によられば が立法事項に関して義務を頂う場 求权の政事、米軍又は米当局の作為又は不作為 取極は国会の承認をは要とする人かに又は協定の形 の効果の承認及び裁判の承継等に関する規定を 削除又は修正し、 ならないこととなるので、たを野けるために清 の米側軍事地設の継続

在に対しわが方は、の公文案本文において米側が 附展書及以議事録からなっており ふれでは、平和条約才三多分前投の米国を唯一の施 政权者上十多信託統治を提案十多权利 政事をも含ましめるために軍統にすべての权利 (别添)参照 四つの公文 何万

国参照)五株用七本国政府上满部上之。 二右の結果先の法務及び軍事関係 **冲一公文军中、** の意見の一致をか米側はかが方公文室の形式(到本 直接供係 満島場に策する規足は、を美群島の反場に なるが解除一下を強く不過したか、 奄美群島以外の平和各部中三条 ついて なお 日米官 石の

軍事及以財務の三分科合にあり 果る米側に示し 部を渡り受けたいまの見解を合きしめた の強い意見もあるため、別に琉球高学とした夏金の一 におど回收と日内は 記日米双方の果に基で法務 わかかの債权なりとする大概省側 日米白了高月

0207

0206

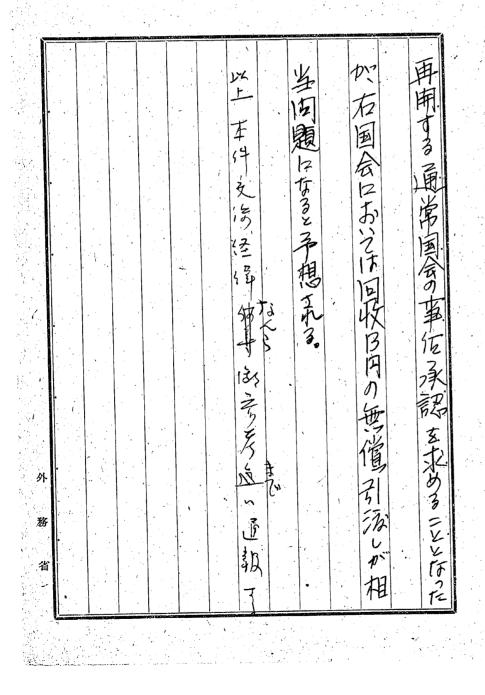
外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

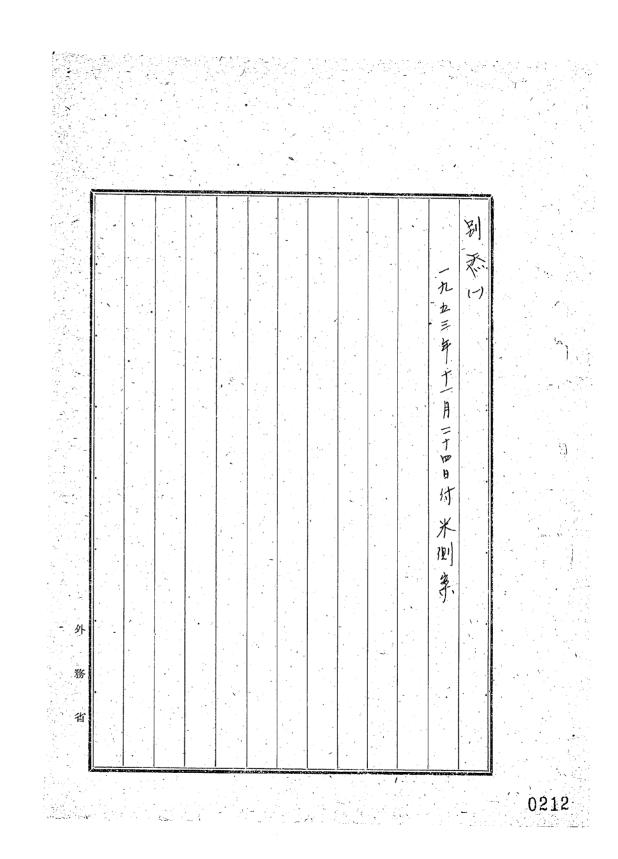
るころできないためとむを得す して護事結局やが方とでは返過日を元以上運方せ 通貨处理上與する国際質例 を沙野とするにとなるにとる理由に、ち僧引るに 色至不少在后的、钱多时米折街上勤的后心、 日本内の支出のためには予算措置 至值二 らの王張る国教

三一心你好的情人十万月月上推足不多現地通貨 して、本項挿入による政治的影響の機和を計る。 引派すことはっているのに対し、大概省は するものかはないことを米の国 処理ところでは、 米側栗によれば野賞で米側 か認めるとの規定を指 日四四発行日

0208



四参照)とすることに日米面で高見り一致を見た。 四回收日の世情引放しに関してはわかかけ国会 承認を以事とするの。反還取極全体を協足(別添 復興金融金庫の貸付金等の特殊債权人的 八千万日円)をすべてわが方に襲波することとなった。



Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

W 4

(Draft)

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan presents its compliments to the Embassy of the United States of America and has the honor to acknowledge receipt of the latter's Note of this date, informing the Ministry of the following:

"The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan and has the honor to refer to the announcement made by Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amemi Islands of the Nansei Shoto.

Pursuant to Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America at present is exercising all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Nansei Shoto Islands sorth of 29 degrees north latitude including their territorial waters.

The Embassy further has the honor to inform the Government of Japan that the Government of the United States of America is willing to relinquish in favor of resumption by Japan, pursuant to the provisions of this Note and enchosures, all and any rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at San Francisco on September 8, 1951 over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto including their territorial waters, as described in enclousure III to this Note.

It

It is the understanding of the Government of the United States of America that the Government of Japan is willing to accept and assume full responsibility for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the said Amemi Islands, including their territorial waters.

Upon receipt of a Note from the Government of Japan indicating that the foregoing provisions of this Note and the enclosed implementing arrangements are acceptable to that Government, the Government of the United States of America will consider this Note with the enclosed implementing arrangements and the reply thereto from the Government of Japan as constituting an agreement between the two Governments which shall become effective as from

The Ministry further has the honor to state that the provisions of the Embassy's Note and the enclosed implementing arrangements are acceptable to the Government of Japan, and that the Government of Japan will also consider the Embassy's Note with the enclosed implementing arrangements and this Note as constituting an exceement between the way two Governments which shall become effective as from 1953.

Enclosures:

0214

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

(Draft)

As from , 1953 the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America and any implementing arrangements thereunder will be applicable to the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto.

The Governments of the United States of America and of

Japan have agreed that the two installations and sites presently

utilized by the United States Government in the Amami Islands

will be continuously used by the United States Armed Forces

after , 1953 pending the decision through consultations

by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the

Administrative Agreement under Article III of the Security

Treaty between Japan and the United States of America.

"B" Yen

- 1. At the earliest opportunity on and after 1953, the Japanese Government will take measures for exchanging "B" Yen which has been in circulation in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto for the Japanese currency. The rate of exchange will be one "B" Yen to three yen in Japanese currency.
- 2. Even on and after , 1953, the Japanese Government, if necessary, may ask the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands for conclusive evidences as to the sources of the "B" Yen to be exchanged in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto.
- 3. As soon as possible after the withdrawal of the "B" Yen has been completed in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto through exchange for Japanese currency, the Japanese Government will deliver the "B" Yen thus withdrawn to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands without compensation.

0215

0216

外交史料館

Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund.

- 1. The Japanese Government will receive a part of the Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund without compensation.
- 2. The amount of the Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund receivable by the Japanese Government will be determined on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of the "B" Yen to be returned to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands to total amount of the "B" Yen in circulation in the Nansei Shoto, at the rate of 120 "B" Yen to one U.S. dollar.
- 3. The Ryukyu Commercial Dollar Fund as above mentioned will be transferred to the Japanese Government at the earliest opportunity after the "B" Yen withdrawn from circulation by the Japanese Government, has been returned to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands in accordance with V 3 above.

Debts and Credits Contracted between the Inhabitants (including juridical persons) in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto and Juridical Persons in the Ryukyu Islands.

The existing relations of obligation between the inhabitants (including juridical persons) in the Amami Islands of the Mansei Shoto, on the one hand, and the juridical persons in the Ryukyu Islands on the other, will be left as they are at present for the time being even after , 1953, until such time as the conditions required for the disposition of those relations are properly worked out under an arrangement between the Japanese Government and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands.

0217

0218

Debts and Credits of Post Office.

The debts and credits contracted between the post offices in the Amami Islands of the Mansei Shoto and the Government of the Ryukyus, as of 1953, will be settled between an agency as designated by the Japanese Government and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands in U. S. currency at the rate of 120 "B" Yen to one U.S. dollar within six months after

Branch Offices of the Bank of the Ryukyus

The property of the Branch Offices of the Bank of the Ryukyus in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto and the debts and credits belonging to them as of 1953, will be taken over by the Kagoshima Bank on 1953, under the terms of a contract between the two banks.

0220

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

RA'-0623

Papers, Archives and Evidential Materials.

- 1. All papers, archives and evidential materials, administrative or judicial in nature, which are normally expected to be kept up to , 1953, by the organs of the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands and the local administrative or judicial organs of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands in the Amami Islands of the Mansei Shoto will be transferred free of compensation to the Japanese Government on , 1953, in the conditions as they stand as of the same date.
- 2. Papers, archives and evidential materials, administrative or judicial in nature, which have bearings on the area and the inhabitants of the Amami Islands and which are held by the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands or the Government of the Ryukyu Islands will be transferred free of compensation to, or made available for perusal by, the Japanese Government upon the latter's request therefor even after ...,

Honoring of Residence, Property, Rights and Interests.

- 1. Continued residence after , 1953, in the area under the jurisdiction of the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands will be recognized for such persons (including juridical persons) as have their permanent domiciles registered in the Amami Islands of the Nansei Shoto but have theretofore been residing in the said area.
- 2. Such of the property, rights and interests lawfully acquired by those who come under the preceeding paragraph in the area mentioned therein by , 1953, as are only recognized to persons (including juridical persons) resident in the area will be allowed to be retained by them continuously for the time being, under the same conditions as the inhabitants of the same area, even after , 1953.
- 3. Such of the property, rights and interests lawfully acquired in the jurisdictional area of the United States Civil

 Administration of the Ryukyu Islands by the residents of the Amami

 Islands of the Nansei Shoto by , 1953, as are only recognized to persons (including juridical persons) resident in the same area will be allowed to be retained continuously for the time being even after , 1953, under the same conditions as the inhabitants of the said area.

0222

0221

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan ₹<u>`</u>

1

(· >

解 第11回公開 CONFIDENTIAL

> Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"With reference (to the provisions of Article 3

of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city

of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 and the announcement made by Secretary of State Mr. John Foster Dulles

on August 8, 1953 relating to the Amami Islands of the

Nansei Shoto, I have the honor to inform Your Excellency,

on behalf of my Government, that the United States of

America will relinquish, in favor of Japan and

effective from ______, 1953, all rights and

interests which it enjoys, under the above provisions of

Article 3

0223

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, with respect to the Amami Islands directed as islands, islets, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east, including their territorial waters, as designated on the map attached

- 2 -

With respect to the other islands included under.

Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan, the United

States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East,

is required to maintain the present degree of control

and authority now exercised, so as to enable the United

States of America to contribute effectively to the

maintenance of peace and security in this area, while

that the present political separation does not entail severance of traditional
the United States of America recognizes elose (economic cultural
and cultural ties between the mainland of Japan and

I.

heretoj.

these islands."

0224

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

- 3 -

I have further the honour to convey to Your Excellency the most sincere appreciation of my Government for the act of relinguishment above decision of the United States of America, and to state that Japan will assume full responsibility for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands, including their territorial waters as from , 1953.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Katsuo Okazaki
Minister for Foreign Affairs

解除 第11回公開 COMFIDENTIAL Draft December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I had the pleasure today to inform Your the act of relinquishment."

Excellency on the decision of the United States of America to relinquish, in favor of Japan and effective from ______, 1953, all rights and interests which it enjoys with respect to the Amami Islands under the provisions of Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan.

"With reference to the above decision of the United States of America and as a result of the conversations held between the representatives of the Governments of the United States of America and Japan, I have the honor to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the following understanding between our two Governments:

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

0226

0225

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

1

1. The two installations and sites presently utilized by the Government of the United States of America in the Amami Islands will be used by the United States Armed Forces in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Administrative Agreement under Article III of the Security Treaty between the United States of America and Japan, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event wherein, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by _______, 1953, the Government of Japan is ready to grant the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.

The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and will furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

It

their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Wansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States the far East.

The Government of Japan cognizant of this unique relationship, of America. will take into consideration these requirements which the United States of America. The Government of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of the security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of the security of Japan will speedily and facilitate the defense and security of the secur

2. The Government of Japan will speedily and pacilitate the withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands of the remaining of the Mansei M all "B" yen currency. The "B" yen so withdrawn will be credited to a special account expressed in United States dollar of the Government of Japan, provided that it is to be decided by the Government of Japan whether or not full amount of the "B" yen will be so credited.

The "B" yen so credited to a special account will be used for the payment of outstanding obligations mentioned in paragraph 5 below, pension to the residents in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, etc.

<u>3.</u>

0228

0227

外交史料館

3. Fiscal and budgetary responsibilities will be maintained by the Government of the United States of America until midnight of ______, 1953 after which time the Government of Japan will assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands, provided that the payment of salary of the officials of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands and of expenses for unfinished projects will be made by the Government of the United States of America on the basis of the days and the progress of work done up to midnight of _____, 1953.

the post offices in the Amami Islands and the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, as of ______, 1953, will be settled between an agency as designated by the Government of Japan and the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands -- in U.S. currency at the rate of 120 "B" yen to one U.S. dollar -- within six months after _______. 1953.

5.

certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining Ryukyu Islands arising from shipments of goods to the Amami Islands, and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors will be determined through consultation between the competent authorities of the two

The Government of Japan will assist in collecting the above-mentioned outstanding obligations from individual debtors, and pay to the Government of the United States of America such obligations in "B" yen credited to the special account under paragraph 2 above. If the obligations collected from individual debtors exceed the amount in the special account, such excess will be paid into a special account to

Governments.

ре

0229

0230

外交史料館

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan be held in Japan on behalf of the United States of America and to be available to the United States Civil Administration of the Ryukyu Islands for the purchase of goods and services from Japan.

- 6. The Government of the United States of America will transfer without compensation to the Government of Japan for its use such public properties and documents as have been used for governmental purposes in the Amami Islands, and as are in the Amami Islands on ______, 1953.

however, include any Japanese claims specifically recognized in the laws of the United States of America or the local laws of the Ryukyu Islands enacted since September 2, 1945.

It is further understood that Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and during the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States Civil Administration or authorized by Japanese law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied nationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

- 8. It is understood that the Government of Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect:
 - (a) judgments in civil cases rendered by any court in the Amami Islands prior to ________, 1953 in respect of which there was no.

recourse

023

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

National Archives of Japan

0231

recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and;

(b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to ______, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amami Islands,

provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy or good morals.

Without in any way adversely affecting the substantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as of _______, 1953 in any court in the Amami Islands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of _______, 1953.

9. It is understood that the Government of Japan may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over

those

those persons in the Amami Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil Administration Court prior to _____, 1953, or over any person in the Amami Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of _____, 1953, provided that where such person is in custody as of ____, 1953, he will continue to remain in the custody of the Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person give due faith and credit to the evidentiary data and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

10. It is understood that treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San

Francisco

0233

0234

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security Treaty between the United States of America and Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 and the Administrative Agreement thereunder, and the Motes exchanged between the Secretary of State of the United States of America and the Prime Minister of Japan at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951 will be fully applied to the Amami Islands as ____, 1953.

11. Details for the execution of Any matter relating to this understanding, insofar as they are not set forth herein, will be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

"I have further the honor to request that Your Excellency be good enough to confirm, on behalf of Your Excellency's Government, the above understanding."

I have further the honour to confirm, on behalf of my Government, the above as the understanding between our two Governments.

0235

- 11 -

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

> Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs

RA'-0623

Draft Agreed Official Minutes

December 3, 1953

Tokyo, Date

With respect to the understanding contained in the Notes concerning the Amami Islands exchanged today between the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan and the Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Japan:

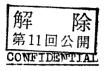
- With the appreciation of a unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of the that the United States of America will be Government of Japan to consult with the Government of the fully kept informed, in advance, of United States of America with respect to possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Amami Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America; and
- 2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amami Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including the transfer of the debts and credits belonging to the former, will be made on 1953 under the terms of a contract between

the

approved the two Banks upon approval by the Governments of Japan and of the United States of America; and

3. It is understood that upon official written request, appropriate unclassified papers, archines and other documents retained in Okinawa by the government of the Ryukyu Islands or the United States Civil administration, but having a material hearing upon the administration of the Amami Islands, will be supplied to appropriate official of the Japanese government for their examination.

0237



December 3, 1953

Draft Minutes (The Joint Committee)

December 3, 1953

1. The United States representative made the following statement:

"Article II, paragraph 1, of the Administrative.

Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in the Amami Islands (including sites for navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America on an urgent basis."

The Japanese representative replied: "With due appreciation of the importance of the Amami Islands for the defense and security of the two countries, the Japanese Government will give as prompt and favourable consideration as possible if and when such requests are specifically and case by case made through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas".

2. The United States representative stated: "It is in somection with carrying out the Security Treaty understood that freedom of air space to all areas over the

Amami

Amomi Islands and their territorial waters be extended to

lie extended freedom of air space
the United States Armed Forces. Japan and utilization by
to all areas ones the Amomi Islands and their territorial waters
the USFI, in connection with carrying out the Security
and the utilization of the
Treaty, of all territorial waters of the Amami Islands, be
permitted."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese confirms this understanding and will allow it to be extended; Government will extend to the USFI freedom of air space over the said areas and further permit the USFI to utilize, in connection with earrying out the Security Treaty, the territorial waters of the Amami Islands in conformity with the current practices in these respects under the Administrative Agreement".

3. The United States representative made the following statement:

"It is strongly desired that authorized personnel of the United States of America may promptly conduct preliminary site surveys in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future".

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government is ready to enter into consultation through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas as to the establishment of such machinary as may be required to meet the desire of the United States."

4.

0240

0239

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

4. The representatives of both sides have agreed: "Within the limit of the existing laws and In

accordance with the relevant provisions of the Administrative Agreement, the Japanese authorities, upon detection on tive Agreement, the United States Forces are authorized upon request of the United States Forces, will take immediate to take such practical measures as doemed necessary or may and adagnate measures in the areas of the Amania Islands pequest the compotent Japanese authorities to take ad

equate measures for removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronicjamming facilities which might interfere with effective security or protection operations of the United States military forces and installations, in the area of the Amami Islands, the air space the competent authorities of the government of Japan, furnish above them, and their territorial waters. Them with such assistance as may be necessary to

accomplish the above. .

December 17, 1953

Draft

Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Amami Islands

WHEREAS the United States of America desires, with respect to the Amami Islands, to relinquish in favor of Japan all rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, as announced by the Secretary of State on August 8, 1953; and

WHEREAS Japan is willing to assume full responsibility and authority for the exercise of all powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands;

THEREFORE, the Government of Japan and the Government of the United States of America have determined to conclude this Agreement, and have accordingly appointed their respective representatives for this purpose, who have agreed as follows:-

Article 1

.-

Article 1

- l. With respect to the Amami Islands, the United States of America relinquishes in favor of Japan all rights and interests under Article 3 of the Treaty of September 8, 1951, effective from December 25, 1953.

 Japan, as of such date, assumes full responsibility and authority for the exercise of all and any powers of administration, legislation and jurisdiction over the territory and inhabitants of the Amami Islands.
- 2. For the purpose of this Agreement, the term "Amami Islands" shall mean the group of islands, including their territorial waters, as defined in the attached Annex.

Article 2

1. The two installations and sites presently utilized by the United States of America in the Amami Islands will be used by the United States armed forces in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Administrative Agreement, as amended, under Article III of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United

States

0243

0242

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

States of America, signed at Tokyo on February 28, 1952. However, in the event that, due to unavoidable delays, it is impossible to comply with the above procedures by December 25, 1953, Japan shall grant to the United States of America the continued use of those particular installations and sites, pending the completion of the said procedures.

2. The Government of Japan will take over the operation of the weather station at Naze, Amami Oshima, and shall furnish to the Government of the United States of America weather observations as may be agreed upon through consultations by the Joint Committee as provided for in Article XXVI of the Administrative Agreement.

Article 3

- 1. On December 25, 1953, the Government of Japan shall begin to withdraw from circulation in the Amami Islands all "B" yen and issue, in its stead, Japanese yen at the rate of 3 Japanese yen for 1 "B" yen. This exchange of currency shall be accomplished as speedily as possible. The "B" yen so withdrawn from circulation shall be returned to the United States Civil Administrator at Naha, Okinawa, without obligation by the Government of the United States of America to reimburse the Government of Japan in any manner for the Japanese yen issued in ts stead.
- 2. Existing budgetary and fiscal arrangements for collection of funds and payment of obligations will be maintained until midnight of December 24, 1953, after which time the Government of Japan shall assume full fiscal responsibility in the Amami Islands.
- 3. The Government of Japan shall assume all financial obligations of the postal system in the Amami Islands. Accounts between the postal system in the Amami Islands and the postal system in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto shall be settled as agreed

0245

外交史料館

upon at a later date between the Government of Japan and the Government of the United States of America taking into calculation other assets of the postal system in the Amami Islands and the pre-war assets and obligations of the Japanese Government postal system in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.

- 4. Property of the Government of the Ryukyu Islands, including papers, archives and evidentiary materials, existing in the Amami Islands on December 25, 1953, shall be transferred to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.
- 5. Property of the Government of Japan, including local governments existing in the Amami Islands on December 25, 1953 which have been under the custody of the Government of the United States of America prior to that date, shall be returned to the Government of Japan on that date without compensation.
- 6. As of December 25, 1953, there will exist certain current accounts payable owed by various agencies and institutions in the Amami Islands to governmental and other agencies in the remaining islands of the Nansei

Shoto arising from shipment of goods to the Amami Islands and certain long-term obligations owed by individuals and institutions in the Amami Islands to the Ryukyu Reconstruction Finance Fund. The balances of these accounts and identities of debtors and creditors shall be confirmed by the two Governments as soon as possible. The Government of the United States of America shall transfer and assigns, without compensation, to the Government of Japan all rights and interests in the accounts so confirmed.

7. There will be, as of December 25, 1953 obliations owed by or to individuals, including juridical persons, in the Amami Islands to or from individuals, including juridical persons, in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto. The two Governments agree to establish procedures that will expedite the settlement of these obligations.

Article 4

1. Japan waives all claims of Japan and its nationals against the United States of America and its nationals and against the local authorities of the Ryukyu Islands and its predecessors arising out of the

0246

0247

2. Japan recognizes the validity of all acts and omissions done during the period of occupation and during the period of military government or of the United States Civil Administration of the Amami Islands under or in consequence of directives of the occupying authorities, the military government or the United States - Civil Administration or authorized by existing law during that time, and will take no action subjecting Allied nationals to civil or criminal liability arising out of such acts or omissions.

Article 5

1. Japan recognizes the validity of, and will continue in full force and effect;

0248

(a) judgments in civil cases rendered by any court in the Amami Islands prior to December 25, 1953, in respect of which there was no recourse or right to review under pre-existing law, and;

- (b) final judgments in civil cases rendered by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa, prior to December 25, 1953, in respect to those cases which originated in any court in the Amami Islands, provided that in both instances such recognition or continuation would not be contrary to public policy.
- 2. Without in any way adversely affecting the bstantive rights and positions of the litigants concerned Japan will assume jurisdiction over and continue to judgment and execution any civil cases pending as of December 25, 1953 in any court in the Amami Islands or any civil cases originating in any such court which are pending in the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals as of the above date.

Article 6

Japan may, in accordance with its laws and procedures, exercise criminal jurisdiction over those persons in the Amemi Islands who are serving sentences imposed by any Ryukyuan court or the United States Civil

Administration

0249

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

Administration Court prior to December 25, 1953, or over any person in the Amemi Islands whose case is pending before such court or the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals in Okinawa as of the above date, provided that where such person is in custody as of the same date, he shall continue to remain in the custody of the Japanese authorities pending appropriate disposition. The Japanese authorities will, in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction over such person, give due faith and credit to the evidentiary date and material used by the Ryukyuan or United States Civil Administration court or by the Ryukyuan Court of Appeals'in Okinawa in their exercise of criminal jurisdiction over the person concerned.

Article 7

Treaties, conventions and other international agreements to which Japan is a party, including the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America signed on the same date and the Administrative Agreement thereunder as amended, the Notes exchanged on the same date between

of State of the United States of America, and the Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Nevigation between Japan and the United States of America signed at Tokyo on April 2, 1953, shall be applicable to the Amami Islands as from the date of coming into force of this Agreement.

Article 8

Any matter relating to the execution of this Agreement shall be agreed upon through consultation between the two Governments or the competent authorities thereof.

Article 9

This Agreement shall come into force on December 25, 1953.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DOME

0250

0251

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

- 11 -

DONE at Tokyo, this

day of December,

1953, in duplicate in the Japanese and English languages both equally authentic.

FOR JAPAN:

OR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

** ** ** ** **

The Amami Islands are defined as all of those islands, islats, atolls and rocks situated in an area bounded by 29 degrees north latitude on the north, 27 degrees north latitude on the south, 128 degrees 18 minutes east longitude on the west and 130 degrees 13 minutes east longitude on the east.

-0253

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

0252

Draft December 17, 1953

No.

American Embassy

Excellency:

I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the United States of America and Japan concerning the Amami Islands, signed today and to state as follows:

1. With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area. However, the United States of America recognizes that the

His Excellency
Mr. Katsuo Okazaki
Minister for Foreign Affairs
of Japan

present political separation does not entail severence of traditional cultural and economic ties between the mainland of Japan and these islands.

2. The Amami Islands and their territorial waters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of the United States of America in the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to the defense and security of the Far East. It is understood that the Government of Japan, cognizant of this unique relationship, will take into consideration those requirements which the United States of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining islands of the Nansei Shoto.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurance of my most distinguished consideration.

John M. Allison

025!

0254

外交史料食

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Tokyo, Date

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's Note of today's date in which Your Excellency has informed me as follows:

"I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the United States of America and Japan concerning the Amemi Islands, signed today and to state as follows:

1. With respect to the other islands included under Article 3 of the Treaty of Peace with Japan signed at the city of San Francisco on September 8, 1951, the United States of America, pending the establishment of enduring conditions of peace and security in the Far East, is required to maintain the present degree of control and authority now

exercised,

His Excellency
Mr. John M. Allison
Ambassador Extraordinary
and Plenipotentiary of the
United States of America
to Japan

exercised, so as to enable the United States of America to contribute effectively to the maintenance of peace and security in this area. However, the United States of America recognizes that the present political separation does not entail severence of traditional cultural and economic ties between the mainland of Japan and these islands.

vaters, because of their proximity to both the mainland of Japan and to the military installations of
the United States of America in the remaining islands
of the Nansei Shoto, bear a unique relationship to
the defense and security of the Far East. It is
understood that the Government of Japan, cognizant
of this unique relationship, will take into consideration those requirements which the United States
of America considers necessary to preserve, strengthen and facilitate the defense of the remaining
islands of the Nansei Shoto."

I have further the honour to take note of Your Excellency's statement in paragraph 1 above, and to

inform

0257

0256

外交史料食

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

inform Your Excellency that the understanding set forth in paragraph 2 above is also the understanding of the Government of Japan.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to Your Excellency, Monsieur l'Ambassadeur, the assurance of my highest consideration.

Katsuo Okazaki Minister for Foreign Affairs December 17, 1953

Draft

Agreed Official Minutes for the Agreement between Japan and the United States of America concerning the Amemi Islands

Tokyo, Date

1. With the appreciation of a unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America, it is the intention of the Government of Japan that the Government of the United States of America will be kept fully informed, in advance, of possible future Japanese plans for the establishment of defense facilities, including airfields, in the Amami Islands, in the spirit of the Security Treaty between Japan and the United States of America.

2. It is understood that the transfer of business between the five branches in the Amami Islands of the Bank of the Ryukyus and the Kagoshima Bank, including the transfer of the debts and credits belonging to the former, will be made on December 25, 1953 under the

terms

0259

 $_{0258}$

外交史料飲

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

covernments of Japan and of the United States of America.

J. It is understood that upon official written request, appropriate unclassified papers, archives and other documents retained in Okinawa by the Government of the Ryukyu Islands or the United States Civil Administration, but having a material bearing upon the administration of the Amami Islands, will be supplied to appropriate officials of the Japanese Government for their examination.

J. It is understood that subject to adjustment to reflect transactions which may have occurred up to midnight of December 24, 1953, the balances of the accounts and identities of debtors and creditors under paragraph 6 of Article 3 are as follows:

OUTSTANDING DEBTS OF AMAMI ISLANDS AS OF 25 NOV. 1953 IN "B" YEN

To USCAR

Oshima Food Company

¥55,242,807.38

To Dept. of Econ-Fin, Operations Bureau (Ex. Ryukyu Board of Trade)

Oshima Federation of Fisheries Cooperative	¥ 21,050.50
Oshima Industry Association Oshima Trader's Association Oshima Tsumugi Mfg. Association	601,890.86 642.24 6,719,949.45
Sub-total	¥7,343,533.05

0260

To Ryukyu Federation of Agricultural Cooperative

Oshima Agricultural Cooperative ¥ 9,973,633.01

To Ryukyu Federation of F4sheries Cooperatives

Oshima Federation of Fisheries Cooperative

2,740,504.66

Total

¥75,300,478.10

B. OUTSTANDING LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS OF AMAMI ISLANDS TO THE RYUKYU RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE FUND AS OF 31 OCTOBER 1953 IN "B" YEN

Installment Loans Outstanding Loans on Notes

¥104,212,384.00 2,115,800.00

Total

¥106,328,184.00

 $\downarrow 0261$

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa

Draft Minutes
(The Joint Committee)

"Article II, paragraph 1, of the Administrative Agreement is understood to constitute recognition that the unique relationship of the Amami Islands to the defense and security of both Japan and the United States of America may require that additional facilities and areas in the ...mami Islands (including sites for navigational aids, devices, and aircraft control and warning sites needed to insure complete radio and radar coverage) be granted to the United States of America on an urgent besis."

The Japanese representative replied: "With due appreciation of the importance of the Amami Islands for the defense and security of the two countries, the Japanese Government will give as prompt and favourable consideration as possible if and when such requests are specifically and case by case made through the Subcommittee for Facilities and Areas."

2.

2. The United States representative stated: "It is understood that in connection with carrying out the Security Treaty the United States Forces be extended freedom of air space to all areas over the Amami Islands and their territorial waters and the utilization of the territorial waters of the Amami Islands."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government confirms this understanding and will allow it to be extended in conformity with the current practices in these respects under the Administrative Agreement."

3. The United States representative stated: "It is desired that authorized personnel of the United States of America may promptly conduct preliminary site surveys in the Amami Islands in connection with the selection of land areas for additional facilities as may be requested in the future."

The Japanese representative replied: "The Japanese Government is ready to enter into consultation through the Sub-committee for Facilities and Areas as to the establishment of such machinery as may be required to meet the desire of the United States."

4

0262

0263

外交史料食

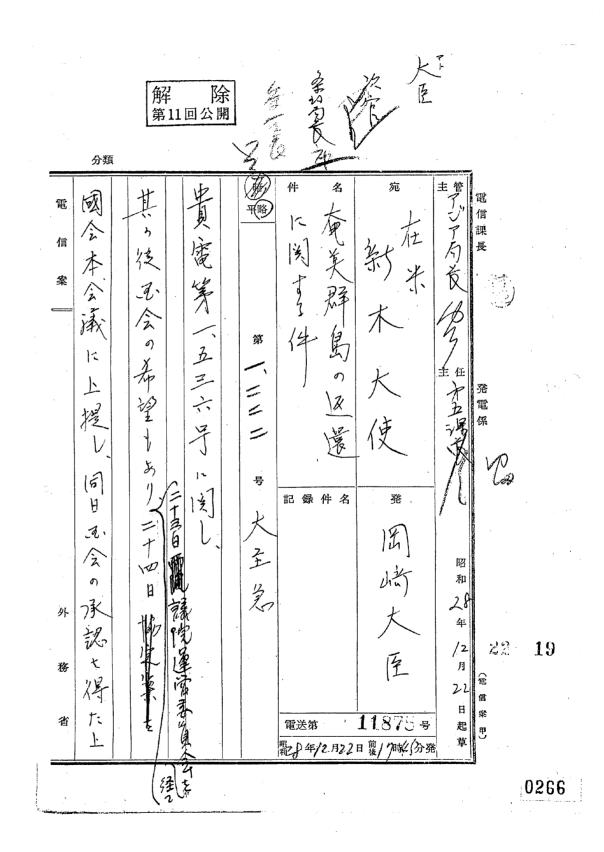
4. The representatives of both sides have agreed: "In accordance with the relevant provisions of the Administrative Agreement, the Japanese authorities, upon detection or upon request of the United States Forces, will take immediate and adequate measures in the areas of the Amami Islands for removing or destroying any hostile or nuisance device such as, but not limited to, electronicjamming facilities which might interfere with effective security or protection of the United States military forces and installations. The United States of America ay, upon request by the competent authorities of the Government of Japan, furnish them with such assistance as may be necessary to accomplish the above.

Japanese representative: As regards the legal procedures pertaining to the Agreement on the part of Japan, I wish to state for the purpose of clarification that although this Agreement comes into force on December 25, 1953 as provided for in Article 9 thereof, it is necessary that Japan (subsequently) take steps as stipulated in the Constitution of Japan in order to give definitive effect to this Agreement and to implement fully its provisions. (However, pending the taking of such steps the Government of Japan will, as of the date this Agreement comes into force, implement this Agreement to the fullest extent of the powers of the Japanese authorities under the Constitution.)

United States representative: On behalf of the Government of the United States of America, I take note of this statement.

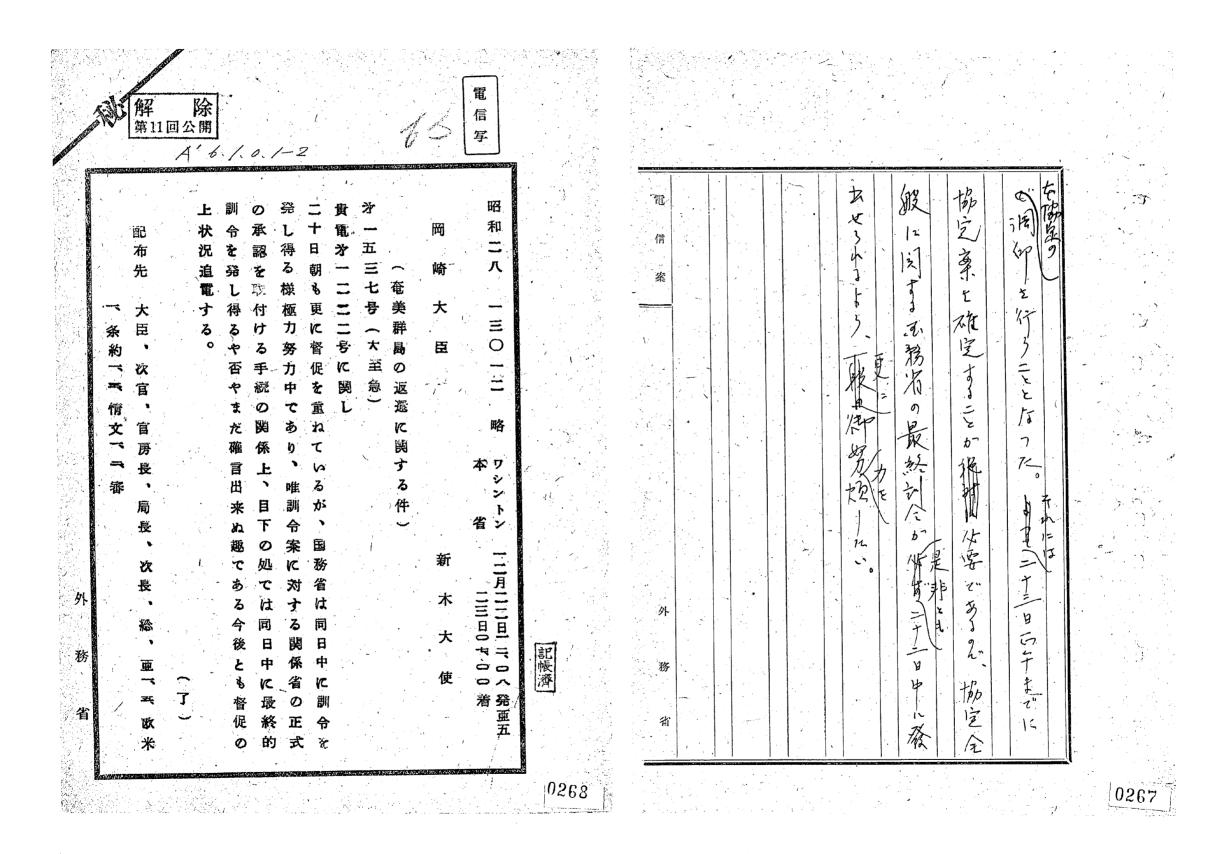
0265

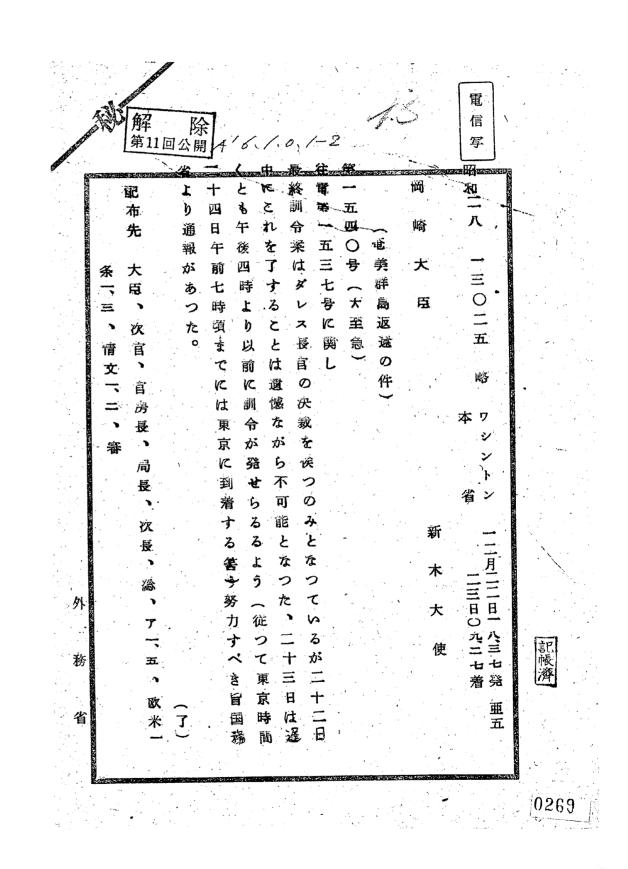
外交史料館

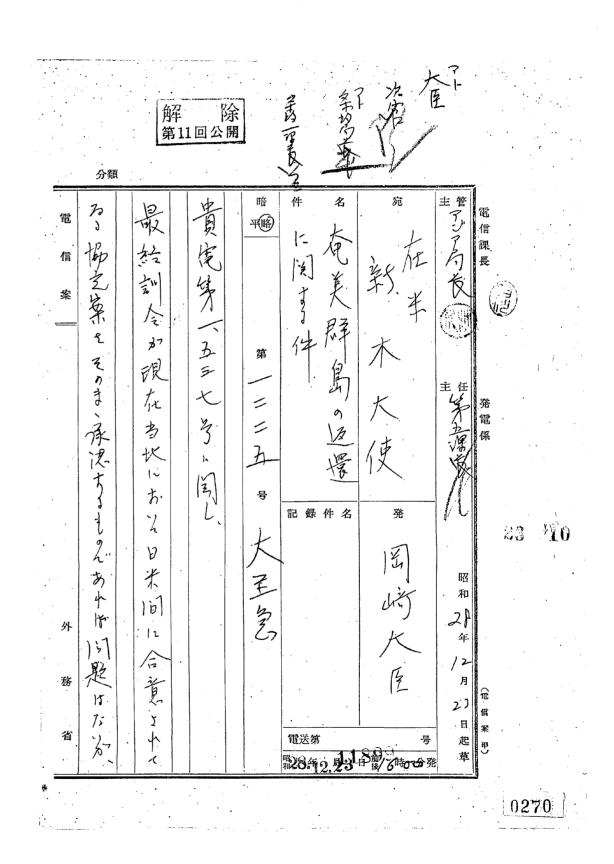


Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

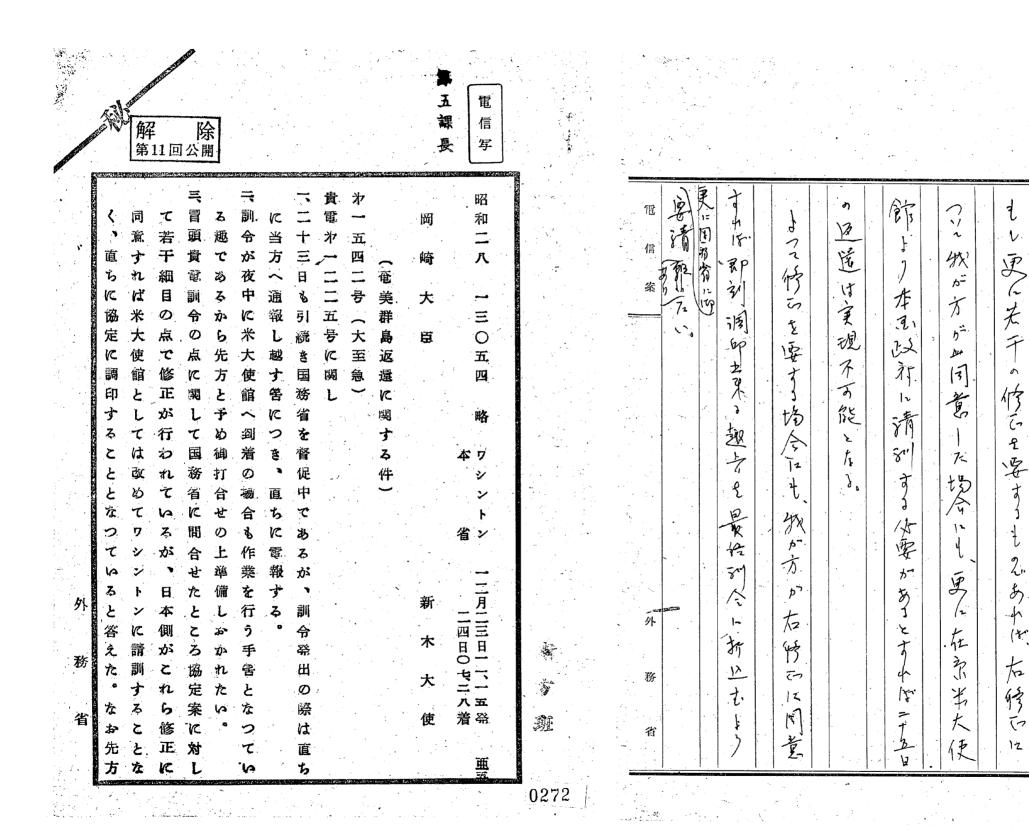
Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan







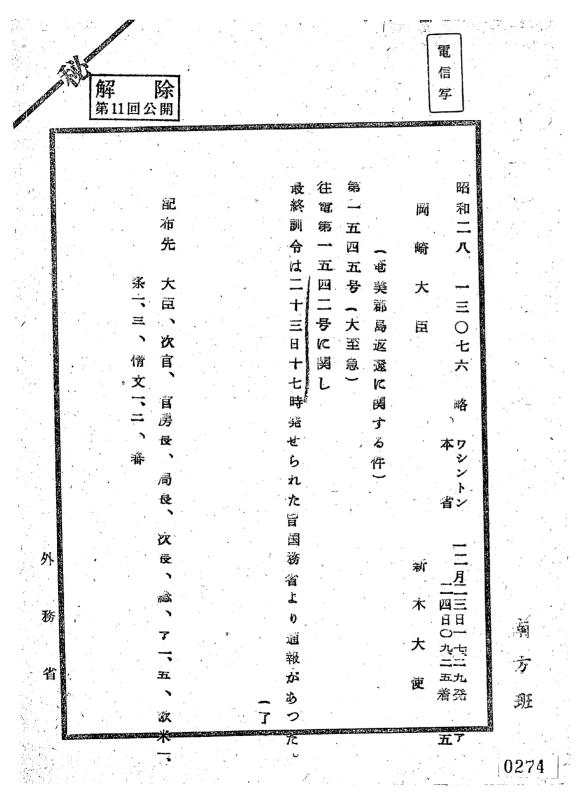
Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan

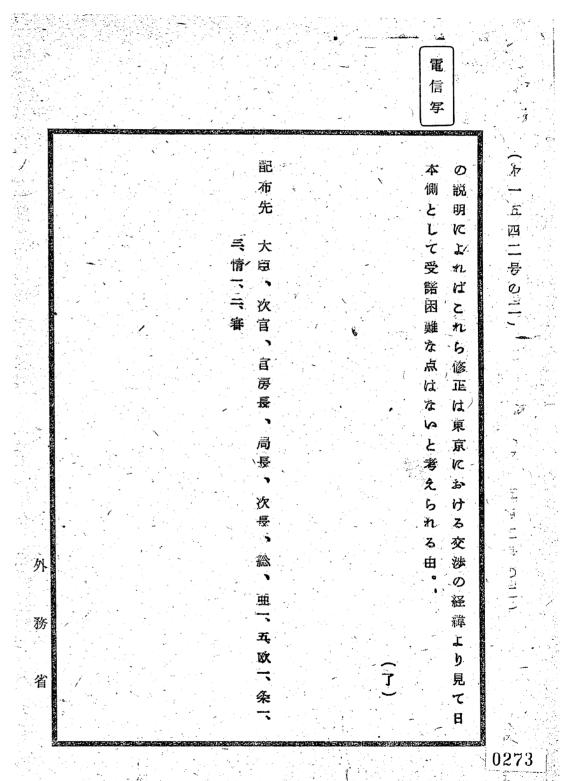


0271

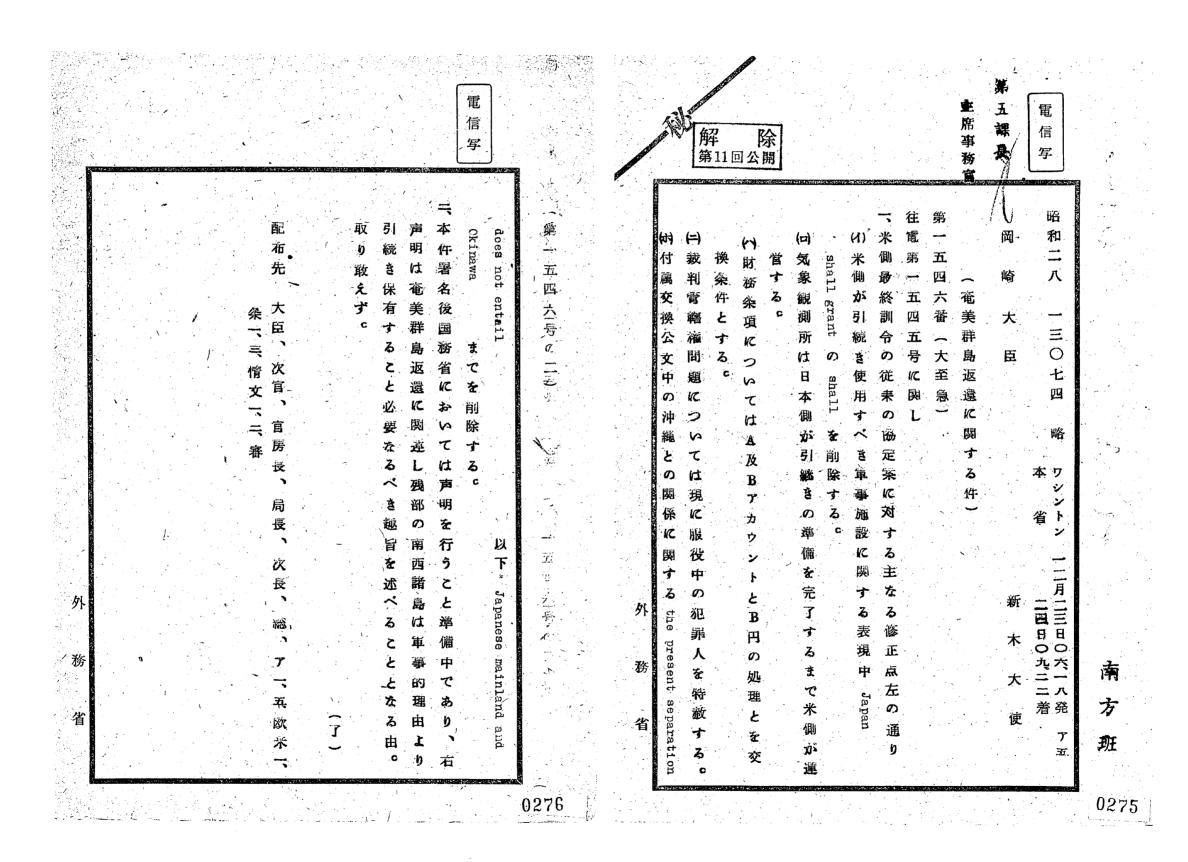
外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japa





Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan



削价 才六年八川事志利情、 同於門所不行八門一義服役中了方日本部 ちろ浸湯 半侧書局 たからから不多年教的情しも姓之後はす 3

子系 11日日十二 grants 四条分長 朝(千利十時項) とする。 なん の文片 1久が発生日本 の上人一般見了五上人、茶一个 米大使館 わかう受諾 shall n

0277

外交史料館

かう根本の修正け faken sal c可了以 ŧ 国了了四条,修己、 御足り~とも何えした

^A 0279

外交史料館

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records National Archives of Japan