

Liaison Committee (Tokyo)
for the
Imperial Japanese Army and Navy

27 September 1945
Tokyo

MEMO

To: Brigadier-General
H.E. Eastwood, Asst. Chief of Staff, G-4

Subject: Report on Patients Overseas.

We wish to submit an attached report on Army patients overseas as of August 31. Although later informations of certain areas are not available, due to communication interruption, it is assumed that the present number of patients is much higher.

S. Arisue,
Lt. General, I.J.A.,
Chairman.

海外患者
数
関
件

0007

Table on Patients Overseas.

Area	Locality	Number in 1,900.
Northern Area	Kuril Islands (Ghishima)	0.7
	Sakhalin (Karafuto)	0.7
China Continent Manchuria	Korea (Chosen)	10.0
	Manchuria (Manshu)	30.0
	North China (Hokushi)	20.0
	Central China (Chushi)	33.0
	Southern China (Nanshi)	6.0
	Total	101.0
Bonin Islands	Chichijima, Hahajima	0.3
	Minamitorishima	0.6
	Wake	0.6
	Total	1.5
Central Pacific Area	Matiana Islands -- Pagan	0.9
	Rota	0.7
Pacific Area	Caroline Island -- Truk	4.0
	Ponape	2.5
	Maincock	0.3
	Kusai	1.5
	Meleon	0.4
	Enderbury	0.3
	Palau Islands ---- Palau	0.8
	Yap	0.1
	Marshall Island -- Mile	0.1
	Wotje	0.2
Maloelap	0.1	
Jaluit	10.1	
	Total	12.0
South-West Pacific Area (Nanto Homen)	Rabaul	5.0
	New Ireland	0.9
	Bougainville	1.4
	Total	7.3
New Guinea		5.0
Southern Area (Nanpo Homen)	Philippines	6.4
	Southern Army Area, (Nanpogun Chiku)	32.0
North-West Pacific Area (Nansei Homen)	Formosa	12.0
	Riukiu Islands.	1.2
	Grand Total	180.8

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National Archives of Japan

RA'-0574

0010

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 132 (16 Nov 45) ESS/FI

APD 500

16 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Freezing of Accounts of the Manchu Kankei
Kikokusha Engokai.

1. You will immediately freeze all the bank accounts of the Manchu Kankei Kikokusha Engokai in Japan.
2. You will immediately furnish this Headquarters bank statements of all the above accounts from the dates of opening the accounts to date of freezing.
3. You will report immediately to this Headquarters the action taken to comply with these requirements.
4. An acknowledgment of the receipt of this memorandum is directed.

For the Supreme Commander:

H. W. ALLEN
Colonel, A.G.D.
Asst. Adjutant General.

満洲口歸還者接護会
資料凍結ノ件

0011

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091,112 (18 Nov 45) GS

18 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Official Relations Between Japanese Government
and Representatives of Neutral Nations (C.L.O.
496(1)).

1. Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of 8 November 1945, transmitting a Pro Memoria on the above subject.
2. The memoranda of this headquarters of 25 October 1945 and 4 November 1945, directed the Japanese Government to discontinue foreign relations both in Japan and abroad as inconsistent with the present military occupation of Japan and the supreme authority of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. Consent on the part of neutral governments is, therefore, not required or involved.
3. It is understood that Switzerland and Sweden will continue, as desired by the Japanese Government, routine functions in the protection of Japanese nationals in neutral countries. For this reason and for the reasons referred to in the preceding paragraph, the request for the authorization of Japanese liaison officers to supervise these functions is not approved.
4. As regards the maintenance of neutral liaison officers in Japan, the Supreme Commander is taking steps to inform the neutral governments concerned that they may appoint diplomatic agents or representatives of that character to maintain contact with the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.
5. You will report immediately the steps taken in compliance with the memorandum of 25 October 1945.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.G.D.,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Received: 22 Nov 10.50 a.m.
Shuken : 1 Bu 3 (3 copies)
Saimu 1 ka (1 copy)
Copy : Somubucho

0012

中國之代表事務存
公文關係之件

RA'-0574

0012

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091.112 (18 Nov 45) GS 18 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.
SUBJECT : Official Relations Between Japanese Government and Representatives of Neutral Nations (C.L.O. 498(1)).

1. Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of 2 November 1945, transmitting a Pro Memoria on the above subject.

2. The memoranda of this headquarters of 25 October 1945 and 4 November 1945, directed the Japanese Government to discontinue foreign relations both in Japan and abroad as inconsistent with the present military occupation of Japan and the supreme authority of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers. Consent on the part of neutral governments is, therefore, not required or involved.

3. It is understood that Switzerland and Sweden will continue, as desired by the Japanese Government, routine functions in the protection of Japanese nationals in neutral countries. For this reason and for the reasons referred to in the preceding paragraph, the request for the authorization of Japanese liaison officers to supervise these functions is not approved.

4. As regards the maintenance of neutral liaison officers in Japan, the Supreme Commander is taking steps to inform the neutral governments concerned that they may appoint diplomatic agents or representatives

of

0013

- 2 -

of that character to maintain contact with the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers.

5. You will report immediately the steps taken in compliance with the memorandum of 25 October 1945.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

Received: 22 Nov 10.50 a.m.
Shukan : 1 Bu 3 Ka
Copy : Seimu 1 Ka
Somubuchō

H.W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.G.D.,
Asst. Adjutant General

20.11.22
10.50 a.m.

0014

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0013

外交史料館

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091,112 (18 Nov 45) GS

18 November 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Official Relations Between Japanese Government and Representatives of Neutral Nations (C.L.O. 496(1)).

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FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.G.S.,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Received: 22 Nov 10.50 a.m.
Shukan : 1 Bu 3 (3 copies)
Saimu 1 ke (1 copy)
Copy : omubucho

0015

14号
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帝國政府
中立國代表者
関係ニ関スル件

AG 370.05 (5 Dec 45)AG

AGO 600
3 December 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese from Turkey.

1. The Royal Swedish Legation in Tokyo has requested that the following message from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Stockholm be transmitted to the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs:

"CONVEY TO JAPANESE GOVERNMENT THAT THE INTERMED JAPANESE AMBASSADOR KURIHARA REQUESTS INFORMATION WHETHER DEFINITE PROPOSAL EXISTS FOR MODE OF REPATRIATION OF JAPANESE IN TURKEY STOP SWEDISH LEGATION ANKARA STATES THAT AS YET NO POSSIBILITY ARRANGE REPATRIATION FROM THERE STOP SERIES EXPEDIENT THAT AGREEMENT REACHED DIRECTLY BETWEEN JAPANESE GOVERNMENT AND THE ALLIES STOP COMMUNICATE THIS OPINION TO JAPANESE AUTHORITIES CONCERNED AND CABLE REPLY."

2. It is directed that reply be sent to this headquarters for transmission to the Royal Swedish Legation.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.G.S.,
Asst Adjutant General.

1.45 p.m.

0016

主管五部二課
在土大使館
引揚二箇之件

RA'-0574

0014

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

引揚
東中支那
新華日報
高日君
外

SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (3 Dec 45)AG

490 500
3 December 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese from Turkey.

1. The Royal Swedish Legation in Tokyo has requested that the following message from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Stockholm be transmitted to the Japanese Ministry of Foreign Affairs;

"CONVY TO JAPANESE GOVERNMENT THAT THE INTERRED JAPANESE AMBASSADOR KUSHIARA REQUESTS INFORMATION WHETHER DEFINITE PROPOSAL EXISTS FOR MODE OF REPATRIATION OF JAPANESE IN TURKEY SWEDISH LEGATION ANKARA STATES THAT AS YET NO POSSIBILITY ARRANGE REPATRIATION FROM THESE STOP BEING EXPEDIENT THAT AGREEMENT REACHED DIRECTLY BETWEEN JAPANESE GOVERNMENT AND THE ALLIES STOP COMMUNICATE THIS OPINION TO JAPANESE AUTHORITIES CONCERNED AND CABLE REPLY."

2. It is directed that reply be sent to this headquarters for transmission to the Royal Swedish Legation.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H.W. ALLEN
Colonel, A.C.M.,
Asst Adjutant General.

Received : 5 Dec 1.45 p.m.
Shukan : 5 Fu-2ka
Seimukyoku
Copy : Sombucho
Jinjika
Jikan

0017

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (3 Dec 45)AG

490 500
3 December 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese from Turkey.

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Shukan : 5 Fu-2ka
Seimukyoku
Copy : Sombucho
Jinjika
Jikan

0018

RA'-0574

外交史料館

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT: Request for Issuance of Certificates of Birth
and Death of Japanese under Control of the
U.S. Forces.

C.L.O. No. 1000(5.2) 10 December 1945

In view of the necessity of taking the necessary
procedure specified under the Japanese Household Regis-
tration Law (the Koseki-Ho), it is requested that compe-
tent U.S. authorities concerned would be good enough to
issue certificates in accordance with the following forms
in case of death or birth among the Japanese detained in
concentration centres, internment camps, and ships under
the control of the U.S. Forces outside Japan, and to
transmit such certificates to the Central Liaison Office.

Forms

- I. Regarding birth:-
- Name and sex.
 - Date and place of birth.
 - Names, domicile, and occupations of parents.
- II. Regarding death:-
- Name, domicile, and occupation of the deceased.
 - Date and place of death.
 - Cause of death (illness, suicide, sea and fire
disaster, etc.)

FOR THE PRESIDENT,

米軍管理下
の日本人身分
変更申請書
を各地方長官
に送付す

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

0019

TO: The Office of the Supreme Commander
for the Allied Powers

FROM: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

Subject: Request for Issuance of Certificates
of Birth and Death of Japanese under
Control of the U.S. Forces.

C.L.O. No. 1000 (5.2) ^{Household Registration Law} ^{necessary} December 1945

In view of the necessity of taking the procedure specified
under the Japanese ~~Law of Household Registration~~ ^{Household Registration Law}, it is requested
that the competent U.S. authorities concerned would be good enough
to issue certificates in accordance with the following ^{forms} ~~forms~~ in
case of death or birth among ^{the} Japanese detained in concentration
centres, internment camps, and ships under the control of the
U.S. Forces ^{outside Japan}, and to transmit such certificates
to the Central Liaison Office.

I. Regarding birth:-

- Name and sex.
- Date and place of birth,
- Names, domicile, and occupations of parents.

II. Regarding death:-

- Name, domicile, and occupation of ^{the} deceased.
- Date and place of death.
- Cause of death (illness, suicide, sea and fire disaster, etc.)

For the President,

~~Conrad R. L.~~

(S. Iguchi)

0020

RA'-0574

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Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

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for the Allied Powers

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SUBJECT: Request for Issuance of Certificates
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December 1945

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Forms

I. Regarding birth: -

- a. Name and sex.
- b. Date and place of birth.
- c. Names, domicile, and occupations of parents.

II. Regarding death: -

- a. Name, domicile, and occupation of the deceased.
- b. Date and place of death.
- c. Cause of death (illness, suicide, sea and fire disaster, etc.)

For the President,

0021

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs.
Central Liaison Office.

RA'-0574

0017

19 file
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
13 December 1945

AG 370.5 (13 Dec 45)GC

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Regrouping and Consolidation of Occupation Forces
in Japan

XXXXXX

1. Effective 2359/1, 31 December 1945, the Sixth United States Army will pass the control of its units, its other duties and missions in Japan to the Eighth United States Army. After that time all business previously conducted with the Sixth United States Army will be conducted with the Eighth United States Army.

2. In view of the above, the Seibu Demobilization Liaison Office located in Kyoto will not be required after 2359/1, 31 December 1945.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H.W. ALLEN

Colonel, A.G.D.

Asst Adjutant General

Rec'd: 14 Dec. 45, 10.30hrs.

0022

外交史料館

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

13 December 1945

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FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H.W. ALLEN

Colonel, A.G.D.

Asst Adjutant General

日本占領軍、面編成、件
第六軍解体、件

0023

RA'-0574

0018

TO: ~~The Office of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers~~

FROM: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

Subject: Relief of Japanese Residents at Macao

C.L.O. No. 1,095 (5.1)

December 1945

According to a telegraphic message from ~~Morishima~~ ^{received} Morishima, Japanese Minister to Lisbon, about fifty Japanese residents at Macao have since the termination of the war lost their work, and their financial resources have been completely exhausted. Also the Japanese Consulate there is without any means of relieving them.

In view of the ~~foregoing~~ ^{above}, the Japanese Government earnestly hopes that the General Headquarters will be kind enough to see ~~that the repatriation of those residents to Hong Kong where they may be accommodated en bloc at the Stanley Internment Camp and to repatriate them at some opportune time.~~ ^{that the repatriation of those residents to Japan could be initiated as soon as possible.}

Although Minister Morishima stressed the necessity of sending a fund for the relief of these ~~helpless~~ Japanese subjects, under the existing circumstances the remittance of money from Japan to ~~the~~ ^{foreign} countries is virtually impossible. Accordingly, the Central Liaison Office ~~respectfully desires~~ ^{respectfully wishes to request} that the General Headquarters will be good enough to ~~permit the Japanese Government to take the steps necessary to enable the Japanese Consulate at Macao to borrow from the Portuguese Administration at Macao the funds required for the transportation of the above mentioned (about fifty) Japanese from Macao to Hong Kong.~~ ^{see to it that} ~~The loan shall be charged to the account of the Japanese Legation at Lisbon, and a part of 24,762,000 Escudos now in the custody of the Lisbon Branch Office of the Yokohama Specie Bank will be offered as security for the loan, if it is approved.~~ ^{will be enabled} ^{such amount of} ^{A part of} ^{will amounting to} ^{deposited} ^{would}

For the President:

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs
Central Liaison Office

0024

Handwritten notes and stamps on the left margin of the second page, including a vertical stamp and various initials.

Handwritten notes in the top right corner of the second page, including the number '8' and some illegible characters.

澳門邦人救濟
南三件

外交史料館

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

主信	發信用	執務用
附甲		
附乙		
附丙		
附丁		
備考		

文書課發送日	昭和貳拾年十二月拾四日	淨書	正校(原稿)	(淨書)
主管	終連五部長	主任	二課長	昭和二十年十二月八日 起草
機密	普通	機密	普通	
件名	先付送寫	受信人名	發信人名	
澳門在留日本人救済ニ関スル件		聯合軍最高司令部	帝國政府	
在里斯本森島公使ヨリノ電報ニヨレバ澳門在留日				
本人約五十名ハ終歲以來失業シ且資金ニ完全ニ				
公信案				
外務省				

文書課長

記入者

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0027

潤湯ニ居リ同地日本領事館ニ於テ之ガ救済ノ
 方策無キ旨申越セル處帝國政府ハ聯合軍
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公信案

外務省

RA'-0574



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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

TO : CENTRAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT: Relief of Japanese Residents at Macao.

C.L.O. No. 1095 (5.1)

14 December 1945

According to a telegraphic message from ^{Mr.} Morishima, Japanese Minister to Lisbon, about fifty Japanese residents at Macao have lost their work since the termination of the war, and their financial resources have been completely exhausted. Also the Japanese Consulate there is without any means of relieving them.

In view of the above, the Japanese Government earnestly hopes that the General Headquarters will be kind enough to see to it that the repatriation of those residents to Japan could be initiated as soon as possible.

FOR THE PRESIDENT:

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

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	許サレ得ラル、如ク併	帝國政府ニ於テ	在澳門日本領事	澳門ヨリ香港ニ至ル	エスクドルニ引付ヲ擔	里斯本横濱正金

外務省

0025

RA'-0574

0020

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT: Relief of Japanese Residents at Macao.

C.S.O. No. 1095 (5.I)

14 December 1945

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FOR THE PRESIDENT:

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

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DRAFT

12 December 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

The Japanese Government is directed to prepare and forward promptly to this Headquarters a list showing the ownership of the furniture now stored in the former Japanese Legation at Bogota, Columbia. This list should show clearly what furniture is the property of the Japanese Government and what is the private property of former Japanese diplomatic officers.

FOR THE A C of S G. C.

F. A. MUNSON

Received: 13 Dec 4.20 p.m.

Shukan : Kaikeika

Copy : Seimukyoku
5 Bu- 2 ka

DRAFT

多田
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14

五部二課
第一分室
牛

在ボゴタ日本公使館家具財件

(水)
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(大)

0030

RA'-0574

0021

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

DRAFT

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FOR THE A C of S G. C.

F. A. MUNSON

Received: 13 Dec 4.20 p.m.

Shukan : Kaikeika

Copy : Seimukyoku
5 Bu- 2 ka

DRAFT

0031

10
14
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 091.112 (15 Dec 45)GS

15 December 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.
SUBJECT : Transfer of Custody of Diplomatic and Consular Property and Archives.

1. Reference is made to Memorandum dated 25 October 1945 from this Headquarters to the Imperial Japanese Government, subject: Transfer of Custody of Diplomatic and Consular Property and Archives.
2. The Japanese Government is directed to extend application of subject memorandum to its mission to the Vatican, following the procedure set forth therein relative to missions to neutral countries.
3. Communication between the Japanese Government and its representatives at the Vatican for the purpose of complying with this directive is authorized. Copies of all communications sent or received in connection therewith will be furnished to this Headquarters at the earliest practicable date.
4. Receipt of this memorandum will be acknowledged.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H. W. ALLEN,
Colonel, A.C.D.,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Received: 16 Dec 1:130 a.m.
Shukan : 5 Bu - 2 Ka
Copy : Sonubuchō
Seimukyoku
Kaikeika
Bunshoka
Daijin
Jikan

0032

RA'-0574

0022

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan



Conditions of the Japanese in the Areas North of Australia (as of 17 January 1946)

Handwritten Japanese notes in the right margin, including the characters '巖山' and '三級'.

A report sent from the Sub-chaser No. 1 which left Batavia on 29 November last year to transport medical supplies to Ambon and New Guinea Area and returned to ~~Japan~~ ^{BATAVIA} on 13 January this year via Ambon, Sorong, Manukuwari, and Sermi.

1. Ambon and Kai Is. Area

The Japanese forces at Ambon and Ceram Area (army 12,106 and navy 12,000) were forced to leave the concentration place where they had cultivated for self-support and gather at Hoalmeal Peninsula in the west of Ceram I. towards the end of last year. Besides, there are still remaining labor units--- 100 at Raha and 400 at Ambon. The rice kept by them at present will be nil by the end of February, and little is expected now of the crops to be raised on the spot in March, April, and May.

The Australian forces have promised to supply half of required food during this period. Sanitary conditions are not so bad for the present, but without food supply from other districts it is feared that there may be some cases who die of starvation. The Japanese forces at Aru, Kai, and Tanimbar Area (army 15,212 and navy 840) gathered at Kai I. and distributed themselves to the following three islands: Kaizura, Zuroa, and Uvul. But the Cultivable land can feed only 8,000 men, and complaints of extreme hard living are to be heard. Recently the Australian forces have sent a warship to make an investigation and promised to supply half of required food.

0033

2. Sorong Area

The Japanese forces (army 7,500 and navy 1,285) gathered at the interior of main island of New Guinea, U.Efuman I., and Samate severally. Besides, it is expected that all Japanese numbering approximately 3,300 (including 321 naval personnel) will gather by the end of January from Babo, Kokas, Fakfak, Kaine, and Kewak, and it is also expected that 1500 army personnel will be removed to Celebes before long. The provisions will be nil by the end of February, and thence forward self-support will become very difficult, for the cultivable land is only 40 taubo per capita. A certain amount of food supply has been promised by the Australian force who advanced there on 22-December 1945, and living conditions are good.

3. Manukuwari Area

The Japanese forces (army 5718, including the personnel gathering from Moemi, and navy 884) are concentrating and besides at Hollandia there is a dispatched labor unit consisting of 921 army personnel and 182 naval personnel the total of which is 1103. The provisions are scarce and the daily rice ration is 80 grams. But the cultivable land is wide enough and self-support seems to be possible. To speak of sanitary conditions, half of the personnel are suffering from malaria, but early treatment prevented the cases from becoming chronic. This area is under control of the Nethereland forces, and the Australian personnel go round once a month for inspection. Besides, here are 88 survivors of Biak I. and 10 survivors of Nunhol I. It is said that at Biak I. there are a number of soldiers still remaining in the mountain but no means of communication is available.

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4. Sarmi Area

The Japanese forces in this area consist of 5,030 army personnel and 265 naval personnel the total of which is 5,295 and their exploitation has made considerable progress. The naval units have been ordered to gather and incorporate themselves into the army area by May. As for the provisions, they have little or no rice and live on potatoes. Last year they obtained a considerable amount of food supply by Haiyoku Maru No. 1 and before long they are expected to be supplied with 8.5 tons of food and other articles by the Ebisu maru which is due to sail off soon. Sanitary conditions are not good. Nearly all the personnel are suffering from malaria and usually two-thirds of them are unable to work. The invalids have become chronic because of mal-nutrition, and quinine does not take much effect upon them, so that there is little hope of taking a turn for the better. The healthy members among them have been sent to Hollandia as a labor unit of 1,300 men with Major General Kitazono in the lead. 629 Formosans are maintaining themselves on a fertile farm given to them. Australian officers make a tour of inspection once a month. We did not call at Halmahera I., so that detailed information was not available, but we obtained the following. The Japanese forces contain 36,165 army personnel and 5,478 navy personnel. 800 of them (army 890 and navy 110) have been sent to Molotai as laborers, and the rest are gathering. As for food, they will be able to get rationed rice of 120 grams daily until the beginning of February. They depend on potatoes, but are suffering from the shortage of albumen. Self-support is supposed to be difficult on the whole. As for sanitary conditions, about 30 percent of the whole members are in poor health and unable to work, and there are

0035

many who are suffering from mal-nutrition and malaria.

5. Political conditions

In the areas north of Australia people are uncivilized and the independence campaign has exerted little influence upon them, so that public peace is maintained everywhere.

6. As the food supply from Celebes and Java areas to the areas north of Australia is impossible under the present conditions, there is no other means than to be supplied by the Australian forces in order to fill up the want of food in the districts where self-support is impossible.

7. In view of the above mentioned conditions, it is requested that the priority of repatriation ship to be sent be determined in accordance with the following:

a. Sarmi Area

It is necessary that the repatriation ship to be sent to Sarmi area should be a hospital ship or a ship with excellent sanitary facilities and that all the personnel should be repatriated by the end of February.

b. Kai Area

It is hoped that all the personnel be repatriated by the end of March.

c. Ceram Area

It is hoped that at least half of the personnel be repatriated by the end of March and the rest at the earliest possible date.

d. Sorong Area

At the earliest possible date after April.

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0024

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e. Halmahera Area
 f. Manckuwarí Area

- 5 -

0037

~~Time Limit~~

TO : General Headquarters of the Supreme
 Commander for the Allied Powers

FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Request for Search of Missing Vessel
 (Reishin Maru)

C.L.O. No. J 75 (5. 2) 15 January 1946

1. The Japanese Government requests that the General Headquarters be good enough to institute a search for a missing Japanese vessel, the "Reishin Maru" (a sailing vessel) of approximately 50 tons, left Reisin Port, Zenran-do, Korea, at 4 p.m. on 8 October 1945, with 125 women and children on board. Together with a second vessel, the "Reishin Maru" left Reisin for Tanshima with Hakata as its ultimate destination.

2. The "Reishin Maru" was last seen at about 6:30 p.m., 8 October 1946. The ^{second} vessel safely reached Tanshima, and ultimately Hakata. The "Reishin Maru" has not made port and has not been heard of since.

3. The "Reishin Maru" is owned by a Korean with the Japanese surname of OYAMA. Particulars

第五部長
 第二昧
 昭和廿五年一月廿五日
 登記
 済

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concerning the owners, crew, and passengers, etc. can be obtained at the Reianri ~~Police Station~~ Police Station where application for permission to leave report was made on 8 October 1945.

For the President

(Y. Kabaue)
Chief of Liaison Section,
Central Liaison Office.

(S. Iguchi)
Director, General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

0039

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Search of Escort #60 at Kagoshima.

The Japanese Government has been informed of the loss of various articles from the Escort #60 during a search of the vessel by American personnel at Kagoshima on 25 January 1946.

The Kagoshima Reception Centre reports that on 25 January the escort ship No. 60 was boarded by a search party. All hands were ordered to remain on deck while the search party went through the ship and searched for an hour.

After the party departed, it was found that 2 deck watches, 3,900 yen and numerous articles belonging to individuals were missing.

The Port Director promised that he would take up the matter with the American Naval authorities at Sasebo. The material losses sustained by the crew is by no means negligible, but most serious is the effect this case may have on the recruiting of seamen to man other repatriation vessels. It is exceedingly difficult to find the sailors under the existing conditions, and cases like the above-mentioned one render the problem more difficult.

It is requested that suitable instructions be issued to the Port Authority in order to prevent the recurrence of such cases.

For the President

0040

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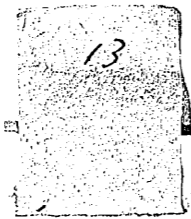
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National Archives of Japan



大日天
巖山

NAMES OF REPATRIATION SHIPS FROM SINGAPORE

(The list are prepared by the Second Demobilization Department on 24 January, 1946)

Names of ship	Accommodation capacity	Date of departure from Singapore	Date of arrival in Japan
Choran-maru	5000 (?)	26 January	15 Feb.
Kiji	500	31 Jan.	14 Feb.
Kamikaze	600	31 Jan.	14 Feb.
Wakataka	800	3 Feb.	19 Feb.
Arasaki	500	28 Jan.	13 Feb.
Hayasaki	500	28 Jan.	13 Feb.

- All the ships have been in the port of Singapore since the termination of the war.
- All the ships are to be returned home via Manila.
- The second repatriation will be made from Borneo and Brunei after the completion of the above plan.

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1月31日
5000
500
600
800
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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 560 (31 Jan 46)GD
(SCAPIN 689)

石田
APO 500
31 January 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.
THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.
SUBJECT : Request for Search of Missing Vessel (Reishin Maru).

1. Letter of the Japanese Government, C.L.O. No. 375(5.2), dated 25 January 1946 has been received, requesting that this Headquarters institute a search for the missing 50 ton Japanese sailing vessel Reishin Maru.

2. Since you report that the subject vessel departed a Korea port and was last heard from 8 October 1945, it is obvious that opportunity for rescue operations has long since passed. If the problem now is to locate its passengers, who may have debarked at an unscheduled port, or of locating the vessel itself, which may be lying in some Japanese port it is considered that such investigation is properly the responsibility and within the facilities of the Japanese Government.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H.W.ALLEN.
Colonel, AGD,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Received : 1 Feb 10.15 p.m.
Shukan : 5 Bu-2ka
Copy : Somubucho
3 Bu-2ka

要新丸、係
三層三二
三層三二
三層三二

昭和廿一年一月三十一日

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National Archives of Japan

IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

送送送
大臣ヨリ
ス

二
海長
計

His Excellency,
General of the Army Douglas A. MacArthur,
Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers,
Tokyo.

30 January, 1946.

Your Excellency,

I take the liberty of expressing to Your Excellency my heartfelt gratitude for the ^{gallant} ~~splendid~~ efforts made by the officers and crew of the two American vessels ^{who} ~~which~~ rescued the Japanese passengers of the "Enoshima Maru" which struck a mine in the Yangtze River on 22 January.

All concerned with the ill-fated Japanese repatriation ship ^{are deeply moved by} ~~have~~ ^{and} ~~in~~ unanimously praised the kindness shown by the Americans while removing the passengers from the vessel, and ^{and} ~~in~~ taking care of the sick and injured.

I should be most grateful if Your Excellency would be good enough to convey the thanks of the Japanese Government to all American officers and men ^{concerned in the rescue.} ~~concerned in the rescue.~~

Yours sincerely,

0043

16

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
FROM : Central Liaison Office
SUBJECT : Disposal of Medical Apparatus and Materials Preserved in Palao.

C. L. O. No. 46(52) 8 January 1946

It has been revealed by a report of Japanese repatriates from Palao that microscopes, apparatus for surgical operation and anti malaria medicament amounting to not a small quantities are kept in custody as war materials in Palao.

In view of the fact that these articles are greatly needed at present for the public health work in Japan, the Imperial Government earnestly wishes to request the General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers to grant approval to proposal for disposing them as follows:

- (a) Microscopes and apparatus for surgical operation be transferred to Japan to be utilized by the Ministry for Public Welfare.
- (b) Anti-malaria medicament be dispatched to New Guinea district to be utilized for the treatment of Japanese people suffering from the disease.
- (c) The articles would be transported by the available vessels engaged in repatriation.

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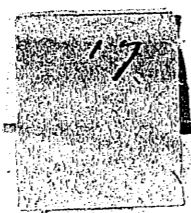
0028

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan



主管一課
立部長
一課長
二課長

AG 004. (30 Jan 46) Ess/IN

APD 500
30 January 1946.

SUBJECT : Reopening of Freon Gas Production, Application For.
TO : Liaison Commission (Tokyo) for the Imperial Japanese Demobilization Ministries.

1. Your letter SDM 240, subject as above, dated 15 January 1946 is returned herewith for submission through proper channels.
2. The Central Liaison Office is the designated agency of the Imperial Japanese Government which forwards requests of this nature to this Headquarters.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

HAROLD FAIR,
Lt. Col., A.G.D.,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Received: 1 Feb.
Shukan: 1 Bu - 2 Ka.
Copy: Kai.
5 Bu - 1 Ka.
2 Bu - 3 Ka.

フロンガス製造再開

昭和廿六年一月三十日

0045

LIAISON COMMISSION (TOKYO)
FOR THE
IMPERIAL JAPANESE DEMOBILIZATION MINISTRIES

Copy

五部一課

SDM No. 240

15 January 1946.

TO: The General Headquarters SCAP.

SUBJECT: Reopening of Freon gas production, application for,

1. While the majority of the repatriation vessels, viz. 81 vessels of them are all equipped with the Freon gas coolers, the production of the Freon gas having been stopped since the cessation of hostilities, the supply of the said gas has become impossible and this is causing great difficulties towards the repatriation service. We, therefore, earnestly desire to have your approval for reopening the production of the said gas.

2. The manufacturing process of Freon gas is the patent of the Frigidaire Corporation, U.S.A. but by the act of the Patent Right Expropriation Law, the Imperial Japanese Minister of the Navy became the lawful user of the patent on April 4, 1941, and for the future production of the gas the Second Demobilization Minister shall hold himself res-

3. The Freon gas producer in Japan is the Osaka Kinzoku-Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha (the Osaka Metal Industry Co. Ltd.). Although the U.S. Six Army is now using a part of the factory, the production of the gas in question would not jeopardise the works of the U.S. Army.

K. NAKAMURA.
Representing the Imperial Japanese
Second Demobilization Minister.

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GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 201.5 (5 Feb 46)PH
(SCAPIN - 700)

5 February 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Request for Issuance of Certificates of Birth and Death of Japanese under Control of United States Forces.

1. Reference is made to request from Central Liaison Office, C.L.O. No. 1000 (5.2), dated 10 December 1945, subject as above.

2. Investigation reveals that United States authorities have established adequate procedures for recording vital statistics data among Japanese under United States control outside Japan and for the transmission of essential information through established channels.

3. In view of the fact that adequate recording and notification measures are already in effect, the request for special reports is not favorably considered.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

B.M.FITCH,
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

Received: 6 Feb 12.00 p.m.
Shukan : 5 Bu 2ka
Copy : Somubueho
Joyakukyoku Hokika
Somukyoku

Handwritten notes in Japanese: 陸軍部、総務部、管理局、左部、右部、等

Handwritten notes in Japanese: 本軍部下ニ在ル邦人、身分変動ニ関シテ、其ノ件、

0049

TO: General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers

FROM: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT: Request for Permission to Bring Consular Court Documents from China.

C.L.O. No. 971 (5.2)

March
February 1946.

The under-mentioned documents are kept in custody at the former Japanese Consulates in China. The Japanese Government requires them for the purposes mentioned under the relevant heads, and desires to obtain the permission of the General Headquarters for bringing them from China.

(1) Originals of judgements on civil cases and sentences on criminal cases.

(2) Protocols of mediation (effective) composition and arbitration.

(3) Records of various cases, civil and criminal.

(4) Records of notarial deeds and originals of notarial deeds.

These documents are required to provide, e.g., for cases where adjudications, mediation, arbitrations, notarial acts, etc. already effected by or in connection with Consular Courts

are to be executed in Japan in the future, or where such adjudications, mediation, arbitrations, notarial acts, etc. need to be used as data in relation to future lawsuits in Japan.

(5) Registers of ex-convicts.

These will be necessary in connection with criminal cases involving Japanese repatriates from China, in order to ascertain whether and what previous convictions (such Japanese repatriates have.

(6) Records of pending cases, civil and criminal.

(7) Books containing entries relating to the execution of sentences.

司法関係書類持帰許可申請

第二部長

渡海

0050

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Records

- (8) ~~Books~~ containing entries of the collection of major fines, minor fines, etc.

The proceedings in civil and criminal cases and those in relation to the execution of sentences, which had been in progress until the war ended, were suspended with the termination of the war. These proceedings will have to be resumed with the repatriation of the persons concerned. The above-mentioned documents form the requisite data for the resumption of such proceedings.

- (9) Registers of ⁱ⁾ Immovable Property and ^{c)} Commercial ^{r)} Registers.

Registers of ^{b)} Immovable Property are required as data bearing on various questions which may arise ^{concerning} (the rights pertaining to immovable property hitherto enjoyed by Japanese in China; and ^{c)} Commercial ^{r)} Registers, as data for lawsuits involving Japanese repatriates.

- (10) Registers of ^{h)} Household ^{r)} Reports Received and duplicates of ^{h)} Household Reports (both not ^{r)} older than January 194^h8)

- (11) The originals of accepted ^{h)} Household ^{r)} Reports which have not yet been sent to Japan.

Some of the ^{h)} Household ^{r)} Reports accepted by the former Japanese Consulates in China were lost while in transit to Japan, or were destroyed when the offices of the Ministry of Greater East Asia were burned in air-raids. After consultation with the Ministry of Justice it has been decided that the same particulars as the contents of the ^{h)} Household ^{r)} Reports so lost or destroyed shall be entered on the registers of the census offices at places of domicile, only when the fact that the Reports were accepted by the Consulates is

attested

0051

attested to by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The documents under (10) are required for the purpose of that attestation, while those under (11) are necessary to enable the census offices concerned to make the requisite entries.

For the President

(S. Iguchi)
 Director of General Affairs,
 General Secretariat



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56- 出願者
関係者



APD 500
16 March 1946

五部二課
英編課
了

MEMORANDUM TO: Central Liaison Office.

Information has been received by this office that certain Japanese Government officials are swindling Japanese nationals who are being repatriated from Korea. The attached letter is forwarded to you for proper action.

For the A. C. of S., G-2

1 Incl:
as stated.

M. ALLAN SNYDER
Colonel, FA
G-2, GHQ SCAP

寫
司
主
管
PK
課

0056

公
信
案
外
務
省

二、死七事件三付テハ
1. 死七者ハ氏名本以籍及職ヲ
2. 死七ノ年月日特定場所
3. 死七者カ如何ナルトキハ、戸主、氏名及戸主ト死七
者トノ続極
4. 死七原因(加多ル、自殺、水難、火災、其ノ他)

0053

(日本標準規格 B 5)

RA'-0574

0034

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

TO : General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers
 FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo
 SUBJECT : Repatriation of 16 Japanese from Marcus Island

Time Limit

第五部長
 三共工業会社
 第二課長
 昭和三十五年三月七日

C.L.O. No. 1072 (5.2) 7 Mar. 1946

1. A petition has been submitted to this Office concerning the repatriation of 16 Japanese ^{civilians} now interned on Marcus Island.

2. These 16 persons were on board a vessel which left Hakodate on 13 December 1945, ~~bound for Ominato~~ and was bound for Ominato. ~~Crewing to engine trouble~~, the vessel drifted until they were rescued by the British steamer, S.S. King William, on 3 January 1946.

3. On 7 January 1946, they were landed over to the American authorities on ^{Marcus} Island, U.S.

4. An American officer who flew from ^{Marcus} Island to Japan was kind enough to bring messages from these men to their families.

0057

4. A petition requesting that these 16 persons be permitted to Japan as soon as possible was submitted to the General Headquarters ~~on~~ on 8 February 1946.

3. All 16 persons are ~~staff staff~~ members of the Sankei Industrial Co. (8 Hinoki-machi, Akasaka-ku, Tokyo) including the managing director Yasujiro Sasaki. The ~~above~~ above-mentioned Company ~~is in difficulty~~ urgently requires the presence of these men, and respectfully ^{petition} requests that favorable consideration be given to their early repatriation.

4. The Japanese Government ^{in the President's} would be grateful if the General Headquarters ^{be good enough to} could ~~arrange~~ ^{so that} these 16 Japanese ^{can be} repatriated as soon as possible, for the President;

0058



immense jobs ever undertaken at the Washington docks. Each locomotive is fiftyeight feet and weighs over onehundred twentyfive tons.

MOSLEM LEAGUE TO SUPPORT ARAB CAUSE

AP

New Delhi, Jan. 23. - Mohamed Ali Jinnah, President of the All-India Moslem League said today that the Moslem Indians would support the Arab cause in the Middle East "any way they can," if the British depart from the 1922 White Paper policy regarding Palestine. He declined to reveal what measures were under consideration by the League.

JAVA SITUATION IMPROVES

AP

London, Jan. 23. - British Prime Minister Attlee told the House of Commons today that the situation in Java appeared to have improved. He declined to make a statement on the Soviet Union and Dominican requests, on the 21st that the

{more}

0059

RA'-0574



嘆願書

佐々木保次郎
他十六名

石、昭和三十二年三月十三日函館港出港大湊に向、速次機關故障多ク漂流南下昭和三十二年三月三日英船キタウイリヤム号ニ救助サレ昭和三十二年一月七日南鳥島ニ上陸米軍ニ結カラ受ケテアリシガ一米軍將校ノ日本内地ニ公致方々メテ飛来、厚意ヨリ石十六名ノ手紙ヲ投函下サレ生存明確ト相成リシ為昭和三十二年二月八日司令部ニ歸國嘆願致候
右佐々木保次郎、東京都赤坂区檜町、番地三其工業株式会社代表取締役トシテ尚他、會社幹部ニテ社、運送業トシテ進歩セテハ欲態ニ有之候、現状ニ對テ度スル且又一日モ早ク家庭復歸致シ度度候

右事情詳覽、察ラ上テ、手紙下サレ掃屋家族一同代、茲ニ及嘆願候也

昭和三十二年三月十四日

東京市神田區新坂町三九番地
佐々木保次郎 謹啟

佐々木周子

佐々木保次郎 長男

佐々木貞保

終戦連絡中央事務局

總裁 殿

0060

終戦連絡中
連絡官
牛場信彦殿
嘆願書
在平
0061

RA'-0574

0038

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

終戦連絡中央事務局

一九四六年一月二日附聯合軍最高司令部第...

日本帝國政府宛貸借書 AG 091.014 (22 Jan 46) ESS

(仮訳)

搬出入取締追加指令ニ関スル件

一 日本帝國政府宛貸借書 AG 091.3 (22 Sep 45) ESS

一 金銀債券及金融證券搬出入取締ニ関スル件

ニ関シ

二 日本帝國政府宛貸借書 AG 091.31 (12 Oct 45) ESS

終戦連絡中央事務局

0066

終戦連絡中央事務局

一 搬出入取締追加指令ニ関スル件

ニ関シ

一 日本向引揚ノ日本人ニ対シ郵便保険證書及日本

保険會社ノ発行セシ其他ノ保険證書ノ携行ヲ許

可シ日本税關吏ニ依テ取上ゲラレタル銀行通帳ニ其

ノ所有者ニ返シ還スルニ

一 朝鮮向引揚ノ朝鮮人及支那向引揚ノ支那人ニ対シ

0065



貴司令部ノ特別ナル由援助ヲ此礼申上候

陳者貴下ノ此許可トシテ朝鮮向諸雜貨ノ輸出團
体ヲ組織ナリテ之ヲ朝鮮在任ノ引揚業者ヨリ一人拾
万円ノ出資ヲ強要致シ之等業者ヲ困却致シ屋次
カニ此座候

此ノ人ハ元朝鮮總督府高等官渡辺辰三郎氏トシ
氏ト腹中ノ官吏ニシテ實ニ此ノ貿易ヲ合兵ノ退官
ト共ニ民主主義ヲ旗印トシテ莫定ハ合兵ノ戰爭犯
罪人ニ近キ人物ト有候右ニ付此貿易ヲ却許可
相成タルモノナルヤ有邊重ネテ却取締ヲ願上候

東京朝鮮總督府事務所

外務省
貴司令部

0067

外務省

RA'-0574

0042

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

に廻航される実状を所謂二重手廻航を極力避けること
 2. 似島の收容施設は三〇〇名の能力しかない
 3. 似島は電話其の他の連絡上不便がある
 4. 似島の検疫消毒方法はD.D.T.を使つてはならない
 5. 似島は收容所が用水、薪炭の關係上又係員の通勤上不便が多い
 前項の理由により今後宇地区に於ける引揚者受入計画は次の如く改めた

宇品

1. 收容施設は大和人絹田送込施設を利用すること
 2. 引揚船は直接宇品横街附近に投錨せしめること
 3. 検疫所は横街附近に施設し之を行ふこと

1. 宇品の諸施設に余力なきと云ふ補充的之を極力外
 2. 引揚船の傳染病発生したるも又は其の疑ひあるもののみを入港せし
 めることと致した

第二 行政機構の改組

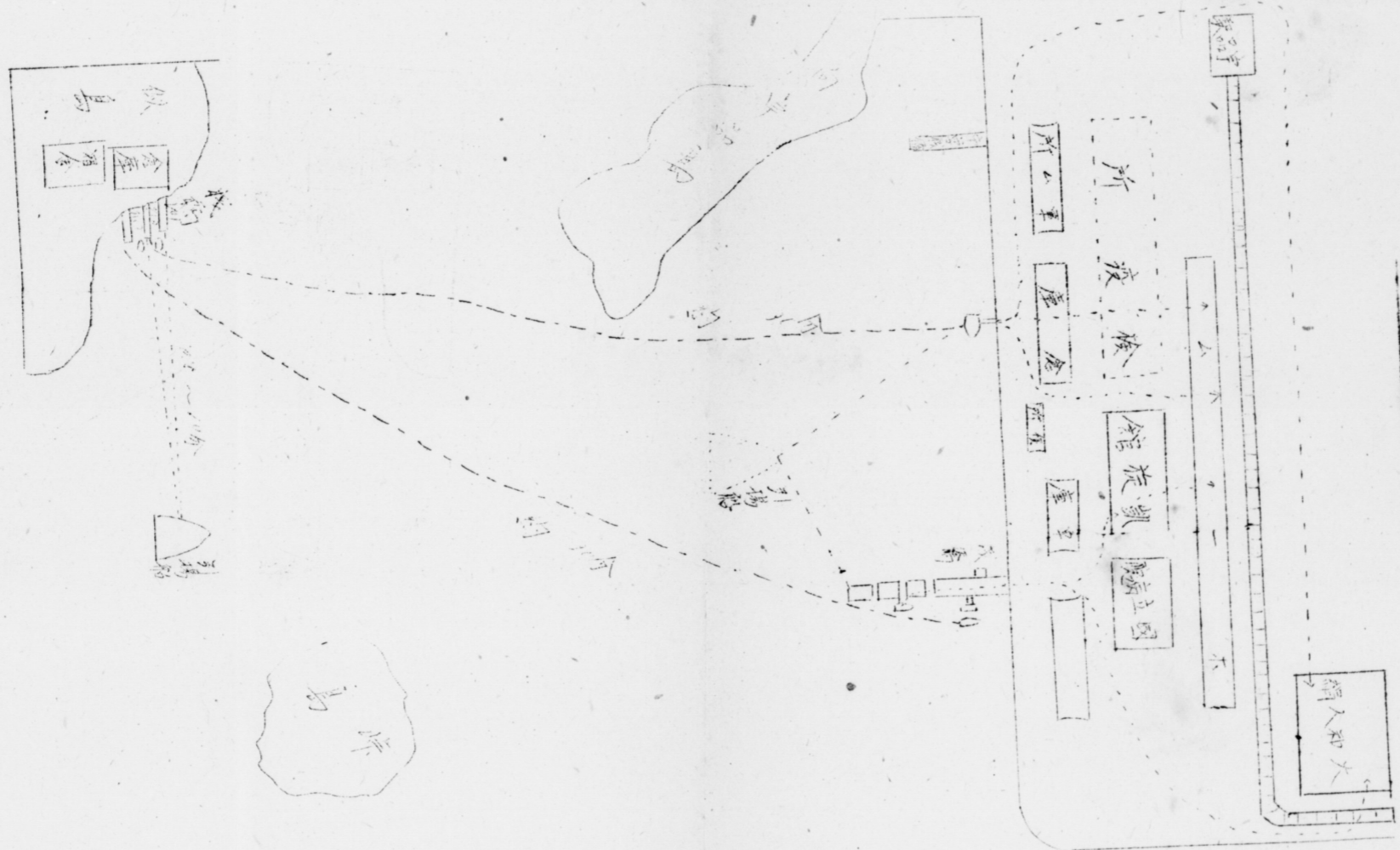
引揚者受入の比率は大竹一宇品一なるがたの理由に依り宇品引揚援護局
 の機構は現状を維持しなすと思ふ
 1. 大竹十軍団の希望に依り宇品に本局を大竹に出張所を置いた事は信義上
 2. 平文を要することから出張を一又其の必要がない
 3. 豪華英道との連絡を在広官大衛より協同上宇品は大竹に比し遙かに便利
 である
 宇品に於ては本計画に基き事情変更の毎に概ね次の如き機構の整理改善が

所と相相はならぬ

似島に在る第一第二復員部並に検疫所の主体を宇品に移駐し第一第二復員
 部の機能を補充を図ること

1. 似島を廢止すること
 2. 宇品(大船)に於ける收容施設は本局と尚可成り距離があるから独立の援
 助(後商)を設ける

引揚長輸送要圖



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RA'-0574

0045

外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT
CENTRAL LIAISON OFFICE

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS
FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo
SUBJECT: Books, etc., at Peking of Dr. Kiyoshi Takeda,
Former Professor at Peking University.

C.L.O. No. 1035 (5.2)

5 March 1946

1. Dr. Kiyoshi Takeda, Doctor of Science, formerly professor at the Physical Science Department of the Peking University, and at present head of the Mathematical Statistics Section of the Labor Science Institute in Tokyo, who went to Peking in May 1941 to assume the above-mentioned position and came back to Japan after resigning his post in April 1945, left behind at Peking two wooden cases, about 1 cubic meter each, containing:

- (a) Japanese and foreign books on mathematics,
- (b) Several hundred volumes of essays written by him,
- (c) A suitcase containing various documents,
- (d) A number of clothings,
- (e) A typewriter (English).

He requested Mr. Keiji Tsusuye, ^{Councillor} ~~Councillor~~ of the Manchurian ^{Embassy} ~~Embassy~~ at Peking, to have the above two cases kept in the ~~same~~ ^{same} ~~embassy~~ premises of the said Embassy.

2. Of the above-mentioned personal effects, (a), (b) and (c) are needed for the pursuit of his study and he desires, if possible, to have them shipped to Japan, or if such is impracticable, to have the above articles placed in safe custody.

3. It is requested that the General Headquarters be good enough to arrange the above matter with the Chinese National Government.

FOR THE PRESIDENT:

(S. Iguchi)
Director of General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

0071

TO: GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT: ~~Request for Custody of Books, etc., Held at Peking~~ ^{at Peking}
~~of Dr. Kiyoshi Takeda, Former Professor at the~~
~~Physical Science Department, Peking University.~~

C.L.O. No. 1035 (5.2)

5 March 1946

1. Dr. Kiyoshi Takeda, D.Sc., formerly professor at the Physical Science Department of the Peking University, and at present head of the Mathematical Statistics Section of the Labor Science Institute, ^{in Tokyo} who went ~~over~~ to Peking in May 1941 to assume ~~a post as~~ ^{the} professor as above-mentioned ^{position} and came back to Japan ^{after} resigning ~~his~~ post in April 1945, left behind at Peking two wooden cases, about 1 cubic meter each, containing:

- (a) Japanese and foreign books on mathematics
- (b) Several hundred volumes of ^{essays} ~~theses~~ written by him.
- (c) A ^{suitcase} ~~suitcase~~ containing various documents.
- (d) A number of clothings.
- (e) A typewriter (English).

He requested ^{Mr.} Keiji Tsusuye, ^{Councillor} ~~Councillor~~ of the ^{Manchurian} ~~Japanese~~ Embassy at Peking, to have the above two cases kept in the same embassy premises.

2. Of the above-mentioned personal effects, (a), (b) and (c) are ~~needed~~ ^{needed} ~~most important~~ for the pursuit of his study and he desires, if possible, to have them ^{shipped} ~~forwarded~~ to Japan, ^{and} if ~~it~~ ^{such} is impracticable, ~~to do so,~~ ^{to do so,} to have his property ~~in them~~ ^{in them} ~~duly protected~~ ^{duly protected} and ~~to have~~ ^{to have} ~~them~~ ^{the above articles} placed ~~under~~ ^{in safe} ~~due~~ custody.

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外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

發信用執務用																
主信																
附	甲															
	乙															
	丙															
	丁															
備考																
公 信 案 二	數 理 統 計 部 主 任 理 學 博 士 竹 田 清 二 昭 如 夫 六	前 業 京 大 學 理 學 院 教 授 現 勞 働 科 學 研 究 所	先 付 送 寫	名 人 信 受 聯 合 軍 總 司 令 部	件 名 件 方 位 移 二 箇 之 件	名 人 信 發 總 軍 中 央 事 務 局	文 書 課 發 送 日 昭 和 貳 十 一 年 參 月 六 日	主 管 總 軍 五 部 長 通 令 第 一 〇 三 五 號 昭 和 年 月 日 附 屬	主 任 三 澤 長	文 書 課 長	昭 和 貳 十 一 年 參 月 六 日	淨 書	正 校 (原 稿)	(淨 書)	記 入 簿	0076

- 2 -

(3) ~~Your General Headquarters is asked to offer its good offices to arrange the above matter with the Chinese National Government.~~

3. It is requested that the General Headquarters ~~will~~ be good enough to arrange the above matter with the Chinese National Government.

For the President,

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国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター
Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

公 信 案

外 務 省

五月廿九日
 五月廿九日、東京大学理学部教授トシテ赴任シ、昭和
 二十一年四月離任、内地ニ帰還シタルカ、其際、(1) 数学
 関係ノ郵書及外函書、(2) 同博士論文別刷数百部
 (3) 英文ノ書類五冊、(4) スリトケース、(5) 衣服類
 其外、(6) 西政文ノ手帳等、(7) 個
 莫ク、約一立方米ノ木箱二個ニ入レ、在米、持出、大
 便館ニ保管、方ヲ、同大使館参事官 津末
 三二ニ依頼、タリ。

右物及中(1)(2)(3)ハ同博士今後ノ研究上最モ非
 必要ナル趣ニ付、(4)出棄得レハ、(5)地輸送、右不可
 能ナル場合、(1)(2)(3)所有権ノ保持及保管ニ関シ
 中華民国政府ニ対シ、輸送方貴總司官部ノ協配
 上、タリ、願フ、請フ、

0074

公 信 案

外 務 省

五月廿九日
 五月廿九日、東京大学理学部教授トシテ赴任シ、昭和
 二十一年四月離任、内地ニ帰還シタルカ、其際、(1) 数学
 関係ノ郵書及外函書、(2) 同博士論文別刷数百部
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 其外、(6) 西政文ノ手帳等、(7) 個
 莫ク、約一立方米ノ木箱二個ニ入レ、在米、持出、大
 便館ニ保管、方ヲ、同大使館参事官 津末
 三二ニ依頼、タリ。

右物及中(1)(2)(3)ハ同博士今後ノ研究上最モ非
 必要ナル趣ニ付、(4)出棄得レハ、(5)地輸送、右不可
 能ナル場合、(1)(2)(3)所有権ノ保持及保管ニ関シ
 中華民国政府ニ対シ、輸送方貴總司官部ノ協配
 上、タリ、願フ、請フ、

0075

RA'-0574



外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

TO: General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander
for the Allied Powers

FROM: Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT: Request for Permission to Bring Consular Court
Documents from China.

C. L. O. No. 971 (5.2) March 1946.

The under-mentioned documents are kept in custody at the former Japanese Consulates in China. The Japanese Government requires them for the purposes mentioned under the relevant heads, and desires to obtain the permission of the General Headquarters for bringing them to Japan from China.

- (1) Original texts of judgements on civil cases and sentences on criminal cases.
- (2) Protocols of mediation and/arbitration.
- (3) Registers of various cases, civil and criminal.
- (4) Registers and original texts of notarial deeds.

These documents are required to provide, e.g., for cases where adjudications, mediations, arbitrations, notarial acts, etc. already effected by Consular Courts are to be executed in Japan in the future, or where such adjudications, mediations, arbitrations, notarial acts, etc. need to be used as data in relation to future civil and criminal cases in Japan.

- (5) Lists of names of ex-convicts.

These will be necessary in connection with criminal cases involving Japanese repatriates from China, in order to ascertain whether and what previous criminal records such Japanese repatriates have.

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- 2 -

- (6) Records of pending cases, civil and criminal.
- (7) Records relating to the execution of sentences.
- (8) Records of the collection of major fines, minor fines, etc.

The proceedings in civil and criminal cases and those in relation to the execution of sentences, which had been in progress until the war ended, were suspended with the termination of the war. These proceedings will have to be resumed with the repatriation of the persons concerned. The above-mentioned documents form the requisite data for the resumption of such proceedings.

- (9) Registers of immovable property and commercial registers.

Registers of immovable property are required as data bearing on various questions which may arise concerning the rights pertaining to immovable property hitherto enjoyed by Japanese in China; and commercial registers, as data for lawsuits involving Japanese repatriates.

- (10) Registers of census registration reports received and duplicates of household reports (both not prior to January 1944)

- (11) The originals of accepted census registration reports which have not yet been sent to Japan.

Some of the census registration reports accepted by the former Japanese Consulates in China were lost while in transit to Japan, or were destroyed when the offices of the Ministry of Greater East Asia were burned in air-raids. After consultation with the Ministry of Justice it has been decided that the same particulars as the contents of the census registration reports so lost or destroyed shall be entered on the registers of the census offices at places of domicile, only when the fact that the reports were accepted by the

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

Consulates is attested to by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.
The documents under (10) are required for the purpose of that
attestation, while those under (11) are necessary to enable the
census offices concerned to make the requisite entries.

FOR THE PRESIDENT:

(S. IGUCHI)

Director of General Affairs,
Central Liaison Office.

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Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

0084

願書

願人

横濱市戸塚区日津町八五二
竹田清

一、品目 約一立方米ノ木竹類

一、個数 二個

一、内容 主として数々關係ノ邦書並に外國書自著論文印刷數百部 欧文タイポグラフィ一冊、書類

在中ノスリットケース一冊、衣類數十枚

一場所 在北京(東支庁)滿洲國大使館
右ハ昭和十六年五月本人北京大森教授トシテ赴任

一、際内地ヨリ持参 昭和二十年四月離任ノ際、在北京

滿洲國大使館 遺棄品ニ
致し遺棄品ナルカ、右此レ無キ時ハ今後ノ研究上

多大ノ困難ヲ生シ困却ナリハ、閣下御意ニ依リテ

所屬權ノ保持及保管ニ付、此レ御意ニ依リテ

却却ニ及ビ、治願人ノ身

分甚、他ニ併不審ノ上、此レアリハ、プリント

川大森 Schilling 教授等ニ併問ヒ合セ下ヲシ又ハ

Transaction of American Math. Soc. Vol. 44 (1938)

所載ノ Reinhold Baer 氏

group with Abelian central quotient group

ノ脚註等併参照 載ケマシム幸甚ニ併、屋外



昭和二十一年二月

前北京大学理学院院长教授

现劳働科学研究所数理統計部

主任 研究員

理学博士 竹田

清

終戦連絡事務局 局長 殿

鈴木九萬 閣下

0083

RA'-0574

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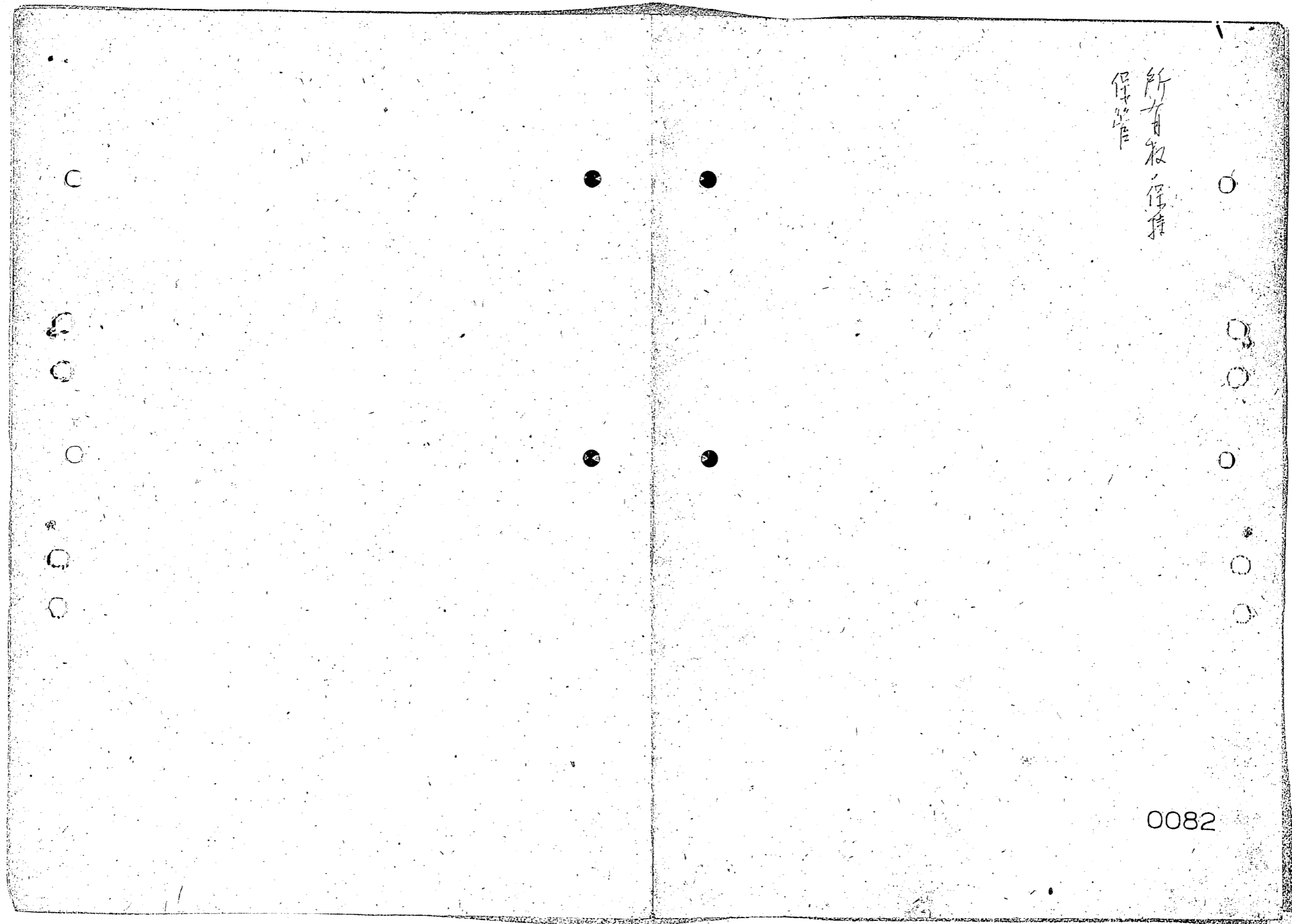
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National Archives of Japan



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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

Groups with American contact resident Groups

脚註等御参考(在歐ケマスレハ幸甚ニ御座ル)

昭和二十一年二月

前北京大各理各院教授

現勞働科各研究所数理統計部

主任研究員

理春博士 竹田 清

終戦連絡事務局長

鈴木九萬 閣下

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RA'-0574

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外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

23

11 March, 1946

Dear Colonel Howell,

In reply to your inquiry whether any Russian fishermen were interned by the Japanese Government or whether any of them are still kept in Japan, I take the liberty to state the following as the result of investigations made by the authorities concerned:

1. Prior to the U.S.S.R.'s declaration of war against Japan, Russian nationals in Japan were treated strictly in accordance with the then friendly and normal relations between the two countries. Russian fishermen or sailors who reached the Japanese coast on account of ship wreckage etc. were given most cordial treatment and sent back to their home country as soon as arrangements could be made between the Japanese and the Russian authorities. No Russians have ever been interned in Japan during this period.

2. Following the Russian declaration of war, some restrictions were put on the movements of Russian diplomats, consular officials and journalists in Japan in view of the public anti-Russian feelings. Except for this fact there are no records about any Russian nationals, including fishermen, having reached Japan or been interned in Japan. As for Manchuria, North-Korea, South-Sakhalin and the Kuriles, the Japanese Government has no records, reports or information concerning the treatment of Russian nationals, due to the rapid advance of the Soviet forces and the complete severance of communication thereafter. No Russian nationals were however taken out of these areas to Japan.

3.
0085

3. Since the surrender, all restriction on the movements of Russian diplomats, consular officials and journalists were promptly removed in conformity with the surrender terms. Therefore, there are now no Russian nationals detained by the Japanese Government, and the Japanese Government has received no protest or demand from the Soviet Government relative to the repatriation of Russian nationals.

Hoping that the above will meet your requirements, I am

Yours sincerely,

(R. Takeuchi)
5th Division,
Central Liaison Office.

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RA'-0574

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

24

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (30 Mar 46)cc
(SCAFIN -846-A)

AP0 500
30 March 1946

丁
警理部
在外邦人課
徹野大

MEMORANDUM FOR : IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese Criminals from Formosa.

1. Two hundred fifty Japanese criminals are being repatriated from Formosa on the Escort 87 which is expected to arrive at Kagoshima on or about 7 April 1946. These criminals were convicted and sentenced by Japanese courts for robbery, murder, and other crimes. Records of individuals listing crime sentenced for, and date of sentence, will accompany prisoners.
2. The Imperial Japanese Government will take the necessary action to:
 - a. Take over the guard and control of these criminals on arrival in Japan.
 - b. Expedite their processing as repatriates and early removal from reception center.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

HAROLD FAIR
for
B.N. FINCH,
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

Received : 30 March 2.35 p.m.
Shukan : RJ
Copy : Director of G
p

昭和三十二年三月三十日
0087

司法内務厚生海軍鉄道
昭和三十二年三月三十日

0057

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25
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (13 Apr 46)GC
(SCAFIN - 991-A)

AFO 500
13 April 1946

RJ 在外邦人課
深

MEMORANDUM FOR : IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese Criminals from Formosa.

1. Seventeen Japanese criminals convicted by Chinese courts of offenses ranging from small crimes to murder are being repatriated from Formosa. Court records will accompany prisoners.
2. C.I.O. will be notified of name of ship, date, and port of arrival Japan.
3. The Imperial Japanese Government will take the necessary action to:
 - a. Take criminals into custody upon their arrival in Japan.
 - b. Expedite their processing as repatriates and early removal from reception center.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

J. W. SHANN
FOR
R. M. FITCH,
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

Received : 15 April 8.50 a.m.
Shukan : RJ
Copy : D of G.A.
PWC
CH
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0088

司情報、内容書、屋五番、梅屋橋
局、發直線局
連絡人員

31.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

AG 370.05 (17 Apr 46)GC
(SCAPIN-1030-A)

APD 500
17 April 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Repatriation of Japanese Criminals from Formosa.

1. Reference is made to Memorandum for the Imperial Japanese Government, file AG 370.05 (13 Apr 46)GC, (SCAPIN-991-A), dated 13 April 1946, subject: "Repatriation of Japanese Criminals from Formosa."

2. Seventeen Japanese civil criminals mentioned in above reference are expected to arrive at Otake early on 19 April on the VO24, Benjamin Franklin, under guard commanded by Lt. Obata.

3. Records of these criminals are held by the Ship's Master.

4. Names of prisoners are as follows:

(1)	[REDACTED]	(10)	[REDACTED]
(2)	[REDACTED]	(11)	[REDACTED]
(3)	[REDACTED]	(12)	[REDACTED]
(4)	[REDACTED]	(13)	[REDACTED]
(5)	[REDACTED]	(14)	[REDACTED]
(6)	[REDACTED]	(15)	[REDACTED]
(7)	[REDACTED]	(16)	[REDACTED]
(8)	[REDACTED]	(17)	[REDACTED]
(9)	[REDACTED]		

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

B. M. FITCH,
Brigadier General, AGD,
Adjutant General.

0089

現地へ電文
司指官ヨリ
要領
左外印人課

AG 091.4 (31 Jan 46) GB
(SCAPIN - 683)

31 January 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR: IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT.

THROUGH : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo.

SUBJECT : Census of Japan, April 1946.

1. In order that this Headquarters may be provided with current information on the distribution of population in Japan, it is directed that the Cabinet Bureau of Statistics conduct a complete census of Japan during the month of April 1946. The census will be taken not earlier than one week after the forthcoming general election.

2. The methods used in this census will be similar to those used in the census of 1 November 1945, but additional questions on unemployment, and on agriculture producers will be added. Specific instructions will be furnished to the Cabinet Bureau of Statistics regarding the details of these questions.

3. The Cabinet Bureau of Statistics will take the necessary steps to ensure that the basic tabulations from this census will be made available to this Headquarters not later than 30 days after the census date.

FOR THE SUPREME COMMANDER:

H.W. ALLEN,
Colonel, AGD,
Asst. Adjutant General.

Rec'd: 31 Jan 14:35
Shukan: lBu - lKa
Copy: Naikaku
Waimu

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外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records
National Archives of Japan

2. The Japanese government considers that it would be of considerable value if the number of all Japanese nationals residing abroad could be counted ~~in~~ parallel with the census to be taken in Japan.

3. The Japanese government would be most grateful if the General Headquarters could see its way to compiling figures of all Japanese nationals residing outside of Japan as of 16 April 1946 00:00 a.m. when the census of Japan will be conducted.

0091

天朝 29

陸運部五部

略 號

至急電報

花 次官

登集參電第三一號

登部隊參謀長(上海)

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0092

五部止
五部一海軍
五部一海軍

島丸八二十五時四十分頃花鳥山島沖合に於て磁氣

性機雷に接觸し船尾ヲ大破折柄併航シテ米船「ワール」

ト號ハ直ニ之ニ接舷乗客ハ約一時間半ニテ殆ト大部分救助

セラレ米船員ノ手掌ヲ看護ヲ受ケソソニ十三日十二時上海ニ歸着

letter of appreciation
送付ノ形
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Time Limit

TO : General Headquarters of the Supreme
Commander for the Allied Powers
FROM : Central Liaison Office, Tokyo
SUBJECT : *Census of Japanese abroad*
Request for
C.L.O. No. (5. 2) February 1946

第五部長

1. Reference is made to the Memorandum
AG 091.4 (31 Jan 46) GB (SCAPIN-
683) dated 31 January 1946, subject:
Census of Japan, April 1946.

第二部長

~~2. The Japanese government *considers* that it would be of considerable value to obtain exact information concerning the number of Japanese nationals residing abroad.~~
3. The Japanese government therefore requests that the General Headquarters be good enough to make arrangements with the authorities concerned in the various countries in order that the number of Japanese as of 16 April 1946 00:00 a.m. might be ascertained.

0094

ニ死亡者及行方不明者等目下調査中ナルニ約二〇名ノ見込ニテ重傷ニ名輕傷者約一〇〇名ハ之ヲ築百五十一兵站病院ニ收容セリ
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通電先 次官 (二語不明)

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