

I-(2)

バーンズ長官による四国回答文のラジオ停受並公電  
着問題、並たゞその他G.H.Q(歴史課)よりの提出方要  
求ありてるホーリー宣言受諾関係記録類

0015

RA'-0087

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National Archives of Japan

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主信	甲		要解説				
附	乙						
丙	丙						
丁	丁						
備考		1945.8.11(1-2)					
公 信 案		件名	件付送寫	受信人	管文書課長	文書課發送日	文書課長
		Surrender Negotiation Documents		總司令部	昭和二十年八月廿八日	昭和二十年八月廿八日	
		參照文書：一九四五年十月三十日付			昭和二十年十月廿八日	昭和二十年十月廿八日起草	昭和二十年十月廿八日起草
		總司令部日本連絡係受書(APO 500)		外務省 (文書課長)	正稿(原稿)	(淨書)	
				附屬有	附屬		
外務省		件名	件付記録	發信人	名	發	件名

Japanese Liaison Section  
APO 500

20 October 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR : MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS  
Attention: Liaison Bureau  
SUBJECT : Surrender Negotiation Documents

1. Request the Japanese Government furnish this section with two copies of the following documents:
  - a. The Allied reply by U. S. Secretary of State, James F. Byrnes, dated 11 August 1945, as received by the Japanese Foreign Office on 13 August 1945 via the Swiss Government.
  - b. The same Allied reply as intercepted and taken down from a radio broadcast on morning of 12 August 1945 and which was submitted to the Cabinet for discussion on the same day.
2. Information is also desired as to the exact hour the reply referred to in paragraph 1a was received by the Foreign Office.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

DAVID S. TAIT  
Lt Col GSC  
Chief, Japanese Liaison Section

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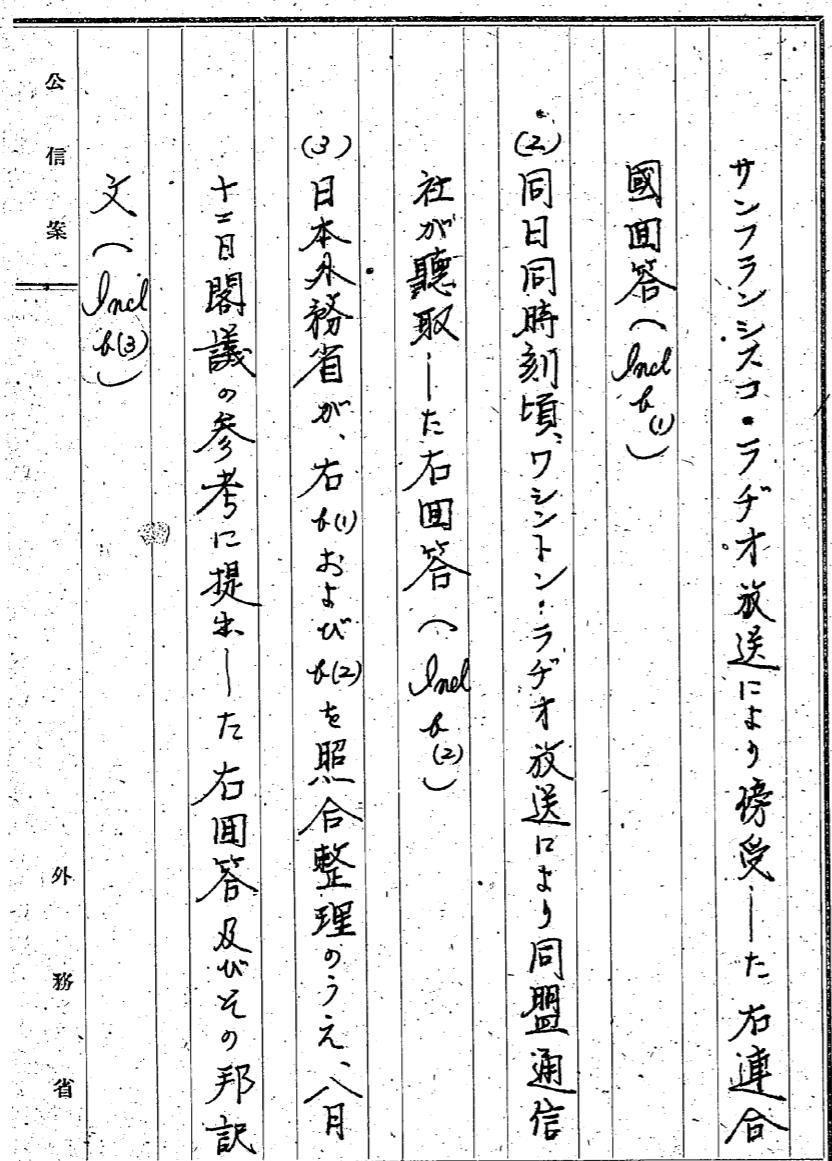
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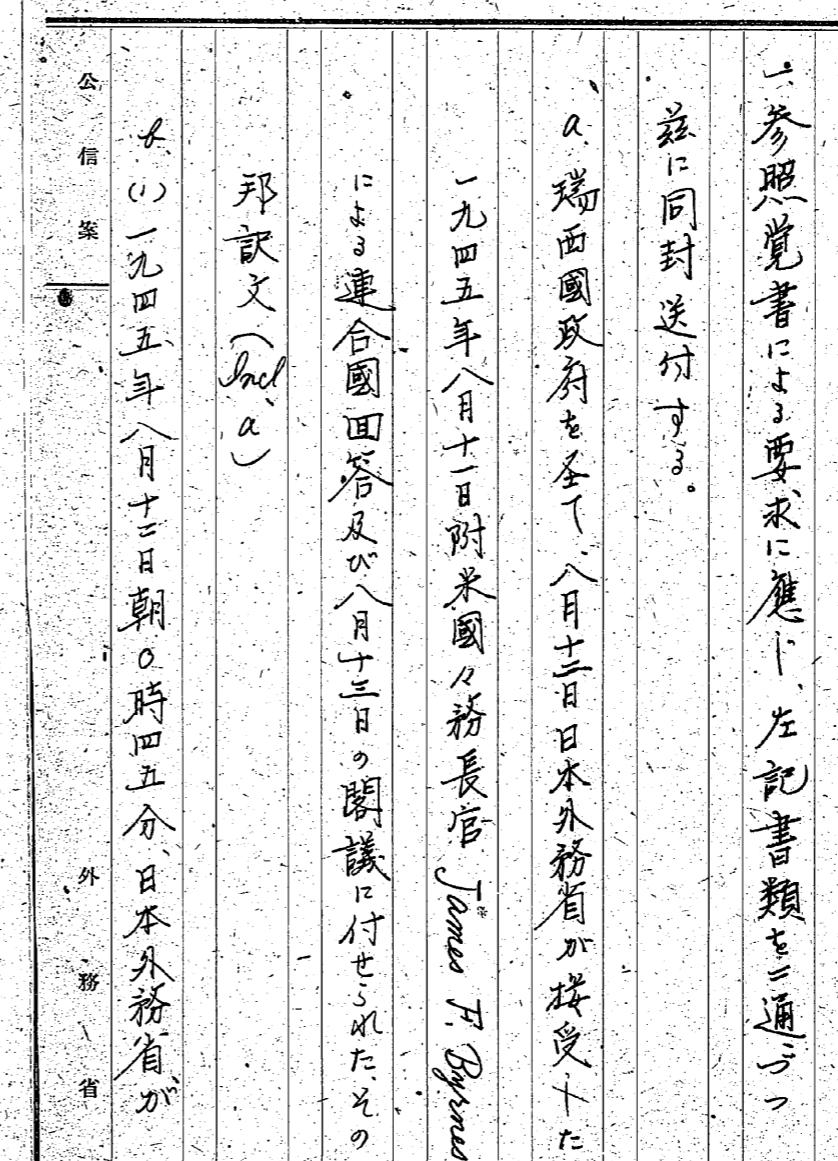
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公 信 案	封入物	瑞西國政府全圓答 ラヂオ發受はまる回答	長(1) = 通 長(2) = 通 長(3) = 通	一九四五八年十一月三十三時三四分（東京時間八月十三日七時三十分）在瑞西日本公使によってベルンから發信された一元の回答が外務省に接受されたのは八月十三日十八時四十分（東京時間）であつた。
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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records  
National Archives of Japan

- 2 -

G-H-Q-, S-C-A-P-  
To: Japanese Liaison Section, G-2  
APO 500, GHQ.  
Attention: Lt. Col. David S. Tritt.  
From: Ministry of Foreign Affairs,  
Tokyo.  
Subject: Surrender Negotiation Documents.

FOM/256 (MA)

October 26, 1949.

1. In compliance with the request by Memorandum from Japanese Liaison Section (APO 500) to this Ministry under date of 20 October 1949, two copies each of the following documents are submitted herewith:

a. The Allied reply by U.S. Secretary of State, James F. Byrnes, dated 11 August 1945, as received by the Japanese Foreign Office on the evening of 12 August 1945 via the Swiss Government, and its Japanese translation which was submitted to the Cabinet meeting for discussion on 1<sup>st</sup> August 1945. (Incl. a)

b. (1) The same reply as taken down by the Japanese Foreign Office from a San Francisco radio broadcast at 0.45 o'clock on 12 August 1945. (Incl. b 1)

(2) The same reply as taken down by the Domei News Agency from a Washington radio broadcast at about the same hour as mentioned in b (1) above. (Incl. b 2)

(3) The same reply as amended by the Japanese Foreign Office by checking up both b (1) and (2) and submitted, with its Japanese translation, to the Cabinet meeting for information on 12 August 1945. (Incl. b 3)

2. The telegram containing the reply referred to in paragraph 1, item a, was dispatched from Bern by the Japanese Minister in Switzerland at 23.24 p.m. 11.24 p.m. e'clock on 11 August (Tokyo time 7.24 e'clock on 12 August) 1945 and was received by the Japanese Foreign Office at 6.40 p.m. 12.40 o'clock on 12 August (Tokyo time) 1945.

iyaka  
(K. MIYAKE)

Chief of Archives Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

4 Incls: two copies each of  
a. The Allied reply via the Swiss Government  
b 1. The Allied reply taken down from radio  
broadcasts  
b 2. ditto  
b 3. ditto

Rec'd	
Review	✓
Typed	
Coll'n	
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0023

「パンズ」國務長官、瑞西國代理公使宛回答文  
以書翰啓上致候陳者本官ハ八月十日附貴翰ヲ受領セル旨確認スルト  
共ニ回答トシテ合衆國大統領ハ本官ニ對シ合衆國、聯合王國、「ソ  
ヴィエト」社會主義共和國聯邦及中華民國、各政府ノ次ノ通報ヲ貴  
國政府ヲ通シ日本國政府ニ對シ傳達スル爲貴官ニ送付方命令セル旨  
貴官ニ通報スルノ光榮ヲ有シ候

『「ボツダム』宣言ノ條項ハ之ヲ受諾スルモ右宣言ハ天皇ノ國  
家統治ノ大權ヲ變更スルノ要求ヲ包含シ居ラサルコトノ了解ヲ併  
セ述ヘラレタル日本國政府ノ通報ニ對スル吾等ノ立場ハ左ノ如シ  
降伏ノ時ヨリ天皇及日本國政府ノ國家統治ノ權限ハ降伏條項  
ノ實施ノ爲其ノ必要ト認ムル措置ヲ執ル聯合軍最高司令官ノ

制限ノ下ニ置カルルモノトス

天皇ハ日本國政府及日本帝國大本營ニ對シ「ボツダム」宣言ノ  
諸條項ヲ實施スル爲必要ナル降伏條項署名ノ權限ヲ與ヘ且之ヲ  
保障スルコトヲ要請セラレ又天皇ハ一切ノ日本國陸、海、空  
軍官憲及何レノ地域ニ在ルヲ問ハズ右官憲ノ指揮下ニ在ル一切  
軍隊ニ對シ戰鬪行爲ヲ終止シ、武器ヲ引渡シ及降伏條項實施  
ノ爲最高司令官ノ要求スルコトアルヘキ命令ヲ發スルコトヲ命  
スヘキモノトス

日本國政府ハ降伏後直ニ俘虜及被抑留者ヲ聯合國船舶ニ速カニ  
乗船セシメ得ヘキ安全ナル地域ニ移送スヘキモノトス

日本國政府ノ確定的形態ハ「ボツダム」宣言ニ違ヒ日本國國民

0024

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RA'-0087

PEACE PROPOSAL & SECRETARY OF STATE BYRNE'S LETTER  
TO SWISS REPRESENTATIVE

SMF. 18. 14.45 Here is the text of Secretary  
of State Byrnes' letter to the Swiss representative  
in the United States:

"I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your  
note of August 10th, and in reply, to inform you  
that the President of the United States has directed  
me to send to you for transmission by your go-  
vernment the following message for behalf of the  
government of the United States, the United King-  
dom, the Union of Soviet socialist republics, and  
China with reply to the Japanese government's  
message accepting the terms of the Potsdam  
proclamation but containing the statement with the  
understanding that the said declaration does not  
comprise any demand which may jeopardize the pre-  
rogatives of His Majesty as sovereign ruler, our posi-  
tion is as follows:

"From the moment of surrender, the authority of  
the Emperor and the Japanese government to rule the  
state shall be subject to the Supreme Commander of  
the Allied Powers, who will take such steps as he  
deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms."

自由ニ表明スル意思ニ依リ決定セラルヘキモノトス  
聯合國軍隊ハ「ボツダム」宣言ニ掲ケラレタル諸目的力完遂セ  
ラル迄日本國內ニ留マルヘシ

本官ハ貴官ニ向テ重ネテ敬意ヲ表シ候 敬具

千九百四十五年八月十一日「ワシントン」ニ於テ

國務長官 「ジエームス・バーンズ」

0026

0025

RA'-0087

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着の日付

(SFAF 24.45. -3- 8.12.45.)

The Emperor will be required to authorise and to ensure the signature by the government of Japan and the Japanese Imperial General Headquarters of the surrender terms necessary to carry out the provisions of the Potsdam Declaration, and shall issue his command to all the Japanese military, naval and air authorities, and to all of the forces under their control wherever located to cease active operations and to surrender their arms and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

"Immediately upon the surrender, the Japanese government to transport prisoners of war, and civilian internees, to places of safety as directed where they can be quickly be placed aboard allied transports.

"The ultimate form of government of Japan

(SFAF 24.45 -3- 8.12.45)

shall in accordance with the Potsdam Declaration be established by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

"The armed forces of the Allied Powers to remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam Declaration are achieved. Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

Signed James F. Byrnes,

Secretary of State."

That's the entire letter sent by Secretary of State James F. Byrnes on behalf of all four Allied governments to the Japanese through the neutral Swiss delegation offering to accept the Japanese offer of surrender with the provision, the provision that the Allied commanders shall be allowed to dictate the policies of Japan through the Emperor.

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RA'-0087

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SECRETARY OF STATE JAMES BYRNES  
LETTER TO SWISS REPRESENTATIVE

"Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of our note of August 10th, and in reply, to inform you that the President of the United States has directed me to send to you for transmission by your government to the Japanese Government the following message on behalf of the Governments of the United States, the United Kingdom, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and China.

"With reply to the Japanese Government's message accepting the terms of the Potsdam Proclamation but containing the statement with the understanding that said declaration does not comprise any demand which prejudices the prerogatives of His Majesty as the sovereign ruler, our position is as follows:

"From the moment of surrender, the authority of the Emperor and the Japanese Government to rule the state shall be subject to the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers, who will take such steps as he deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

"The Emperor will be required to authorize and ensure the signature by the Government of Japan and the Japanese Imperial General Headquarters of the surrender terms necessary to carry out the provisions of the Potsdam Declaration and shall issue his command to all the Japanese military, naval and air authorities and

and to all of the forces under their control wherever located to cease active operations, and to surrender their arms and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

"Immediately upon the surrender, the Japanese Government shall transport prisoners of war and civilian internees to places of safety as directed where they can quickly be placed aboard Allied transports.

"The ultimate form of the Government of Japan shall, in accordance with the Potsdam Declaration, be established by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

"The armed forces of the Allied powers will remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam Declaration are achieved.

"Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration."

(Signed) James F. Byrnes,  
Secretary of State.

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RA'-0087

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0031

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0032

「スキンズ」國務長官ノ通商代表公使宛照文  
日露停戦上級委員會本官へ八月十四日賀電稿ヲ受領カノ旨照文シト  
英一國等トシテ合衆國大臣相ヘ本官ニ付シ合衆國、聯合王國、「ソ  
ヴィエト」社會主義新中國連環及中華民國ノ各政府ノ次ノ通報ヲ得  
國政府ヲ通シ日本國政府ニ付シ伝達スル為業前ノ通報方命令を仰  
貴官ニ通報スビア矣候子有レ候

「「ボクダム」宣言ヲ猶現ハ之ヲ受諾シシモ右宣言ヘ、天皇ノ御  
家統治ノ大體ヲ支那タルノ要求ヲ包含シ固サルコトノ了解ヲ併  
書候バランタル日本國政府ノ通報ニ付スル吾等ノ立場ヘ左ノ如シ  
御伏ノ時至リ、天皇及日本國政府ノ國家統治ノ権限ハ朕伏候項  
ノ失地ノ爲其ノ祭奠ト認ムシ通報ヲ致ル連合國及西歐各官ノ制

國大下ニ置キルシモナトス

天皇ハ日本國政府及日本帝國大臣等ニ付シ「ボクダム」宣言ノ  
趣意ヲ表達スル爲必要ナル陸海軍項目等をノ種類ヲ異ヘ量之ヲ  
保護スルコトヲ要請セヨレ又、天皇ハ一切ノ日本國體、海、陸  
軍官吏及何シノ艦艇ニ在ルヲ國ハ又在官庫ノ選擇下ニ在ルノ一切  
ノ軍隊ニ付シ軍用物資ヲ終止シ、武器火薬及火薬供給品ヲ禁  
ノ爲是高麗令官ノ要求スルコトアシヘキ命令ヲ照スシヌトヲ命  
スヘキセナトス

日本國政府ハ既伏後直ニ停戦及被抑留者ヲ連合國執務ニ遣カ  
致候セシメ得ヘキ要求ナシ通報スヘキセナトス

日本國政府ノ確定的形態ヘ「ボクダム」宣言ニ通じ日本國政府

RA' -0087

6(1)

PEACE PROPOSAL : SECRETARY OF STATE BYRNES' LETTER  
TO SWISS REPRESENTATIVE.

SFAF. 12. 24.45 Here is the text of Secretary of State  
Byrnes' letter to the Swiss representative in the United States:

"I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your note of  
August 10th, and in reply, to inform you that the President of  
the United States has directed me to send to you for transmission  
by your government the following message on behalf of the govern-  
ment of the United States, the United Kingdom, the Union of  
Soviet socialist republics, and China with reply to the Japanese  
government's message accepting the terms of the Potsdam proclamation  
but containing the statement with the understanding that the said  
declaration does not comprise any demand which may jeopardize the  
prerogatives of His Majesty as sovereign ruler, our position is  
as follows:

"From the moment of surrender, the authority of the Emperor  
and the Japanese government to rule the state shall be subject to  
the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers, who will take such  
steps as he deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

SFAF. 24.45. S.12.45. The Emperor will be required to authorize  
and to ensure the signature by the government of Japan and the  
Japanese Imperial General Headquarters of the surrender terms  
necessary to carry out the provisions of the Potsdam declaration,  
and shall issue his command to all the Japanese military, naval

and

0034

自由と表明スル意思ニ依リ決定セラルベキモトス  
連合國軍隊ヘ「ポツダム」宣言ニ掲ケテシタカ體目的方完遂セ  
ラルル志日本國復ニ留マルヘシ  
本官ハ貴官ニ向テ重キテ敬意ヲ表シ候 敬具  
一九四五年八月十一日「ワシントン」ニ於テ  
國務長官「ジョン・マース・ボイントン」

0033

RA'-0087

0104

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SAN FRANCISCO ARMED FORCES  
(RADIO SERVICE)

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SFAC 24.45 8.18.45

and air authorities, and to all of the forces under their control wherever located to cease active operations and to surrender their arms and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

Immediately upon the surrender, the Japanese government to transport prisoners of war, and civilian internees to places of safety as directed where they can be quickly be placed aboard Allied transports.

The ultimate form of government of Japan shall in accordance with the Potsdam Declaration be established by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

The armed forces of the Allied Powers to remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam Declaration are achieved.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration,

Signed James F. Byrnes,

Secretary of State.

That's the entire letter sent by Secretary of State James F. Byrnes on behalf of all four Allied governments to the Japanese through the neutral Swiss delegation offering to accept the Japanese offer of surrender with the provision, the provision that the Allied commanders shall be allowed to dictate the policies of Japan through the Emperor.

0035

b(2)

Washington 11th, following is the text of the reply of Secretary of State Byrnes to charge d'affaires of the Swiss Delegation relative to the Japanese surrender proposal.

"I have the Honour to acknowledge receipt of your Note of August 10 and in reply to inform you that President of the United States has directed me to send you for transmission by your Government to the Japanese following message on behalf of the Government of the United States, the United Kingdom, U.S.S.R. and China.

"With reply to the Japanese Government message accepting the terms of the Potsdam proclamation but containing statement with the understanding that the said proclamation does not comprise any demand which prejudices the prerogatives of His Majesty as [redacted] a sovereign ruler, our position is as follows.

"From the moment of surrender the authority of the Emperor and the Japanese Government to rule the state shall be subject to the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers who will take such step as he deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

"The Emperor will be required to authorize and insure the signature by the Government of Japan and Japanese Imperial Headquarters of the surrender terms necessary to carry out provisions of the Potsdam declaration and shall issue his commands to all the Japanese military, naval, and air authorities and to all of the forces under their control wherever located to cease active operation and to surrender their arms, and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

"Immediately

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RA' -0087

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"Immediately upon the surrender, the Japanese Government shall transport Prisoners of war, and civilian internees to places of safety, as directed where they can quickly be placed aboard Allied transports.

"The ultimate form of Government of Japan shall, in accordance with the Potsdam declaration be established -- by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

"The armed forces of the Allied powers will remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam declaration are achieved.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration,

James Byrnes,

Secretary of State.

SECRETARY OF STATE JAMES BYRNES:

LETTER TO SWISS REPRESENTATIVE

b(3)

"Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your note of August 10th, and in reply, to inform you that the President of the United States has directed me to send to you for transmission by your government to the Japanese Government the following message on behalf of the Governments of the United States, the United Kingdom, the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and China.

"With reply to the Japanese Government's message accepting the terms of the Potsdam Proclamation but containing the statement with the understanding that said declaration does not comprise any demand which prejudices the prerogatives of His Majesty as the sovereign ruler, our position is as follows:

"From the moment of surrender, the authority of the Emperor and the Japanese Government to rule the state shall be subject to the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers, who will take such steps as he deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

"The Emperor will be required to authorize and ensure the signature by the Government of Japan and the Japanese Imperial General Headquarters of the surrender terms necessary to carry out the provisions of the Potsdam Declaration and shall issue his command to all the Japanese military, naval and air authorities and to all of the forces under their control wherever located to cease active operations, and

to

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to surrender their arms and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

"Immediately upon the surrender, the Japanese Government shall transport prisoners of war and civilian internees to places of safety as directed where they can quickly be placed aboard Allied transports.

"The ultimate form of the Government of Japan shall, in accordance with the Potsdam Declaration, be established by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

"The armed forces of the Allied powers will remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam Declaration are achieved.

"Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration."

(Signed) James F. Byrnes,  
Secretary of State.

合衆國・聯合王國、「ソヴィエト」社会主義  
共和国聯邦及中華民國ノ各政府ノ名ニ於ケル  
合衆國政府ノ日本國政府ニ対スル回答  
「ボツダム」宣言ノ條項ハ之ヲ受諾スルモ右宣言ハ天皇ノ國家統治ノ大権ヲ変更スルノ要求ヲ包含シ居ラサルコトノ了解ヲ併セ述ヘタル日本國政府ノ通報ニ關シ吾等ノ立場ハ左ノ通ナリ  
降伏ノ時ヨリ天皇及日本國政府ノ國家統治ノ権限ハ降伏條項ノ実施ノ爲其ノ必要ト認ムル措置ヲ執ル聯合軍最高司令官ノ制限ノ下ニ置カルモノトス  
天皇ハ日本國政府及日本帝國大本營ニ対シ「ボツダム」宣言ノ諸條項ヲ実施スル爲必要ナル降伏條項署名ノ権限ヲ與ヘ且之ヲ保障スルコトヲ要請セラレ又天皇ハ一切ノ日本國陸、海、空軍官憲及何レノ地域ニ在ルヲ問ハス右官憲ノ指揮下ニ在ル一切ノ軍隊ニ對シ戦闘行爲ヲ終止シ、武器ヲ引渡シ及降伏條項実施ノ爲最高司

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Answer of the United States Government to the Japanese Government  
on behalf of the Governments of the United States, the United Kingdom,  
the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and China.

With regard to the Japanese Government's message accepting the  
terms of the Potsdam Proclamation but containing the statement \_\_\_\_\_  
with the understanding that the said declaration does not comprises  
any demand which prejudices the prerogatives of His Majesty as a sovereign  
ruler \_\_\_\_ Our position is as follows:

From the moment of surrender the authority of the Emperor and the  
Japanese Government to rule the state shall be subject to the Supreme  
Commander of the Allied Powers who will take such steps as he deems  
proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

The Emperor will be required to authorize and ensure the signature  
by the Government of Japan and the Japanese Imperial General Headquarters  
of the surrender terms necessary to carry out the Provisions of the  
Potsdam Declaration and shall issue his commands to all the Japanese  
military naval and air authorities and to all the forces under their  
control wherever located to cease active operations and to surrender  
their arms and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander  
may require to give effect to the surrender terms. Immediately upon  
the surrender the Japanese Government shall transport prisoners of  
war and civilian internees to places of safety as directed where they  
can quickly be placed aboard allied transports.

The ultimate form of Government of Japan shall in accordance with  
the Potsdam Declaration be established by the freely expressed will  
of the Japanese people.

日本國政府ハ降伏後直ニ學識及波留者ヲ聯合國船舶ニ運ガニ乗  
船セシメ得ヘキ安全ナル地域ニ移送スヘキモノトス  
最終的ノ日本國ノ政府ノ形態ハ「ポツダム」宣言ニ運ヒ日本國  
民ノ自由ニ表明スル眞意ニ依リ決定セラルヘキモノトス  
聯合國軍隊ハ「ポツダム」宣言ニ掲タル諸目的を完遂セラ  
ル迄日本国内外ニ播マルヘン

0041

RA' -0087

0108

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- 2 -

The armed forces of the Allied Powers will remain in Japan  
until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam Declaration are achieved.

昭和二十年八月十二日一三時〇〇分ストックホルム發

八月十三日〇時三五分本省着

在瑞典岡本公使

東郷外務大臣

第五二四号(緊急)

瑞西發費大臣あて電報第八七五号に關し

十二日正午外務省政務局長より本使に対し当地英國大使館より  
瑞西政府に対し十一日華府において瑞西公使に手交せられたる四  
国の対日回答文を参考のため送付し越せる旨通報ありたり、その  
内容は瑞西發費大臣あて電報第八七六号と全然同一なり。

(一)

0044

0043

RA' -0087

0109

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昭和二〇一〇月〇七（暗）ストラットル八月十二日一九四〇年本省十三日〇九一〇着発

東郷外務大臣

岡本公司使

第五二五号 緊急

（我方のボツダム宣言受諾申出に対する先方  
一回答に関する件）

内林三郎  
十二日当地新聞は倫敦及び華府特電として米国が四国政府を代表して対日回答をなせる経緯につき大略左の如く報道し居れり。日本の留保承認の可否につき米英共に政府部内において賛否両論あり最初の米側テキストは天皇の地位を連合国指導下に認むる旨の字句あり又英側において起草せるものには天皇の地位を認めつつも *only until further notice* なる制限を附せりソ連は最も強硬に文字通り無條件降伏を主張しこれがため三六時間にわたり四国間に極力折衝せる結果天皇の地位を認めざれば日本軍隊を有效地に統御するものなく連合国はこれが始末に猶豫性を

外務省

0046

0045

0110

要求せらるべきとの米側意見が大勢を制して回答文の決定を見たるものにて回答文は妥協の結果なるも米側の外交的勝利なりと評し居れり。  
二、英国内においては左翼各紙は日本の留保に反対を表明しバンシタートも反対意見を述べたるがテリリーエキスプレスは天皇は引き続き在位せらるべきなりとの好意的論説を掲げ又タイムズは天皇大權に対する従来の如き神秘的解釈を存続せしむるは将来侵略思想再生の禍根となるべしとて頻に反対し日本をして人民主権説に基く西歐流の立憲君主制を受諾せしむるの要を力説し居れり。  
三、なお昨日來のBBCその他敵側放送は連合国は日本の申出を條件付にて受諾せるものなりと述べアクセプトなる語を使ひ居れるは注意を要す。

（了）

外務省

RA'-0087

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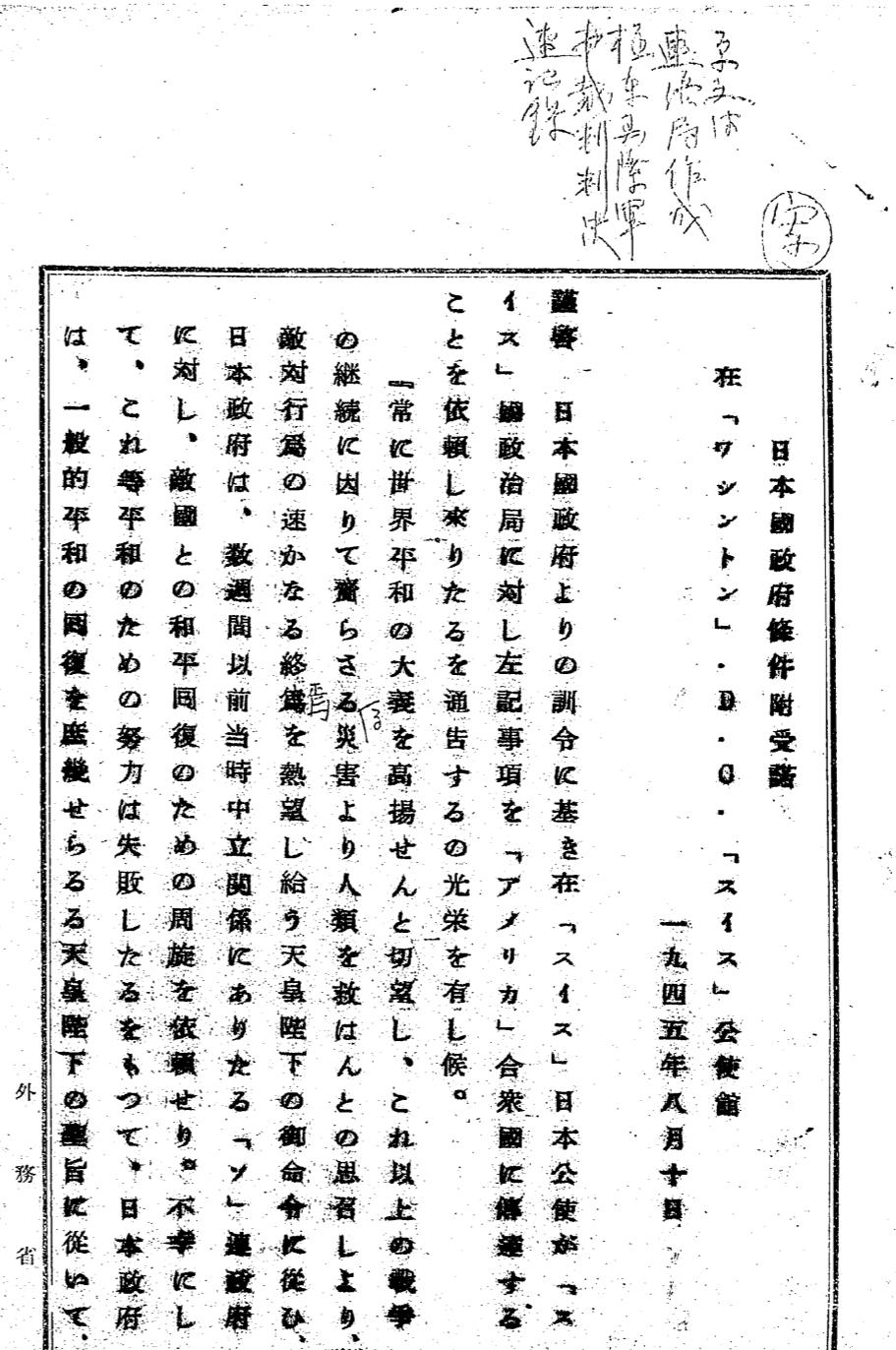
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0047



0048

且つ戰爭の音りす無限の苦難を可及的速やかに終熄せしめんと  
欲して、以下の事項を決定せり。

一日本政府は、米英及び中華民國の首腦者連だより、一九四  
五年七月二十六日「ボツダム」において発せられ、その後「ソ」  
連國の署名を得たる共同宣言に列挙せられる諸條件を該宣  
言が君主としての統治者たる天皇の大権を侵害する極端なる要  
求をも包含せざるものとの了解の下に、受諾するの用意あり。  
一日本政府は此了解が保証せらるる事を眞実希望し、且つそ  
の旨の明白なる指示が速かに與えられんことを熟認す。

右「ノーフォージ」の通達に當り、日本公使は日本政府と米國政  
府が「スイス」國を通じて、その回答を通達せらるることを、要  
請するものなる旨附言致候。同様の請求が「ソ」連政府並に  
「スイス」政府に対しても、「スエーデン」國を通じ中華民國  
に対しても「スイス」國を通じて通達事に御座候。在「ベルギー」

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中華民國公使は、「スイズ」國政治局を経て既に前記通達を接受  
致し候。

又本件に關じ、米國政府の回答を接受し、且つこれを本使の  
本國政府に通達する爲め何時<sup>に</sup>ても賣命に應ずべき用意あること  
を何卒御承知置被す度候。

頗く改開下本使の深甚なる敬意を再び御謹認あらんことを

イラスリ

「スイズ」國臨時代理公使

國務長官

ジエムス・モ・バーンズ閣下

外務省

RA'-0087

0112

ラヂオ傍受文原書在中  
(20.8.12)

アシストン

0050

RA'-0087

0113

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Washington 11th, following is the text of the reply of Secretary of State Byrnes to charge d'affaires of the Swiss Delegation relative to the Japanese surrender proposal.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your Note of August 10 and in reply to inform you that President of the United States has directed me to send you for transmission by your Government to the Japanese following message on behalf of the Government of the United States, the United Kingdom, U.S.S.R. and China.

"With reply to the Japanese Government message accepting the terms of the proclamation but containing statement with the understanding that the said proclamation does not commit any demand which prejudices the prerogatives of His Majesty as sovereign ruler, our position is as follows.

"From the moment of surrender the authority of the Emperor and the Japanese Government to rule the state shall be subject to the Supreme Commander of the Allied Powers who will take such step as he deems proper to effectuate the surrender terms.

"The Emperor will be required to authorize and insure the signature by the Government of Japan and Japanese Imperial Headquarters of the surrender terms necessary

(日本標準規格B5)

0051

Potsdam  
to carry out provisions of the declaration and shall issue his commands to all the Japanese military, naval, and air authorities and to all of the forces under his control wherever they are located to cease active operation and to surrender their arms, and to issue such other orders as the Supreme Commander may require to give effect to the surrender terms.

"Immediately upon the surrender the Japanese Government shall transport Prisoners of war and civilian internees to places of safety, as directed where they can quickly be placed aboard Allied transports.

"The ultimate form of Government of Japan shall, in accordance with the Potsdam declaration be established -- by the freely expressed will of the Japanese people.

"The armed forces of the Allied powers will remain in Japan until the purposes set forth in the Potsdam declaration are achieved.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration,

James Byrnes,  
Secretary of State.

(日本標準規格B5)

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8114

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0053

日本國政府條件付受諾に關する國務長官回答

一九四五八年八月十一日

軍事上は  
連絡用作成  
機車馬鹿軍  
軍械判決  
連絡件

諸君、八月十日付貴國の受領を確認致し、之が四書として、「アーマリカ」合衆國、「イギリス」連合王國、「ソビエット」社会主義共和国連邦、中國の諸政府の爲めに、貴政府により左記通告を日本政府へ通達せらるべく、費不経済送付することを御通知申上ぐる光榮を有し候。

「ボツダム」宣言の諸條件を受諾し、想し「該宣言が君主としての統治者たる天皇の大權を侵害する如何なる要求をも包含せざるものとの了解の下に」との申立を含めたる日本政府の一「ツキナシ」に因して、吾々の立場は左の如し。

一降伏の瞬間より、天皇及び日本政府の國家統治の権限は、諸条件を実施する爲め、適当と認かる措置を執る連合國軍最高司令官の権力下に服せらるゝものとす。

外務省

0054

「天皇は「ボツダム」宣言の諸規定を実施するに必要なる降伏條件を日本政府並びに日本大本營により署名するの権限を與え、且つ之を保証することを要求せらるべく、又見ての日本の陸海空軍当局並にその所在の何処たるを問わず、これが支配下にある全ての部隊に対し作戦行動を中止し武器を引渡すべき旨の天皇自らの命令を發すべく、且つ最高司令官は、降伏條件を実行するに必要なと/orするその他の命令を發することを要求せらるゝものとす。」  
一降伏と同時に、日本政府はふたたび一般抑留者を指揮通り連合國艦船に乗船せしめ得る安全な場所に移避するものとす。  
「日本の最終の政治形態は、「ボツダム」宣言に從以、日本国民の自由に表明せる意志により確立さるゝものとす。  
「ボツダム宣言に述べられたる諸目的が達成されるまで連合國軍は日本に駐とんするものとす。  
貴方に對し改めて深甚なる敬意を表し申候。」

外務省

RA'-0087

0115

0055

「スイス」國務卿代理公使  
マツダス・グラスリ 殿

外務省

0056

(字)

日本國の最後的受諾

在「ワシントン」・D・C・「スイス」公使館

一九四五年八月十四日

至之は  
連絡局作成  
駐車事務課  
裁判決連記  
録

謹啓 本使はここに八月十日の弊通牒を以つて御通報申し上げ置き候日本政府よりの通告に対する「アメリカ合衆國」「イギリス」連合王國「ソビエット」社会主義共和國連邦並びに中華民國の諸政府の回答を本使の本國政府に傳達方御依頼の八月十一日の貴通牒に関し申し上ぐるの光榮を有し候。

本日二〇時一〇分(スイス時間)「スイス」國駐箚日本公使は「スイス」國政府流下記書面を送達し來り、四同盟國政府に對するこれが傳達方を求め申し候。

一、「アメリカ」合衆國「グレート・ブリテン」國、「ソビエット」連邦及び中華民國の諸政府あて一九四五(昭和二十年)

外務省

RA'-0087

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八月十四日付日本國政府の通告。

「ボツダム」宣言の諸條項の受諾に關する八月十日の日本國政府の覚書、並びに八月十一日付を以つて「ハーンズ」米國々務長官により送付せられたる「アメリカ」合衆國、「グレート・ブリテン」國、「ソビエット」連邦、及び中華民國の諸政府の回答に關し、日本國政府は左の如く右四國政府に通告するの光榮を有し申し候。

一 天皇は「ボツダム」宣言の諸條項の日本の受諾に關し詔勅を發布致され候。

二 天皇は「ボツダム」宣言の諸條項を實行するに必要な諸條項を其の政府並びに大本營により署名するの権限を與え且つこれを保證するの用意を有し申し候。天皇は又、すべての日本の陸、海、空軍當局並びに所在の何處たるを問わず其の支配下にあるすべての部隊に其の作戰行動を停止すべ

天皇の命令を遵し、武器を引退致し、且つ上述の諸條項、遂行の爲め、連合軍最高司令官より要求せらるる其の他の命令を聽するの用意を有し申し候。一  
閣下に対する誠ねて深甚なる敬意を表し申し候。

「スイス」國臨時代理公使

グラスリー

「スイス」國臨時代理公使

グラスリー

發信者と受信者が同一名前である  
二小は、柱東國際軍事裁判法廷  
筋肉の印刷(英、日文共)同様  
の後りに載つてゐる現車は高  
度機械化部隊として、行  
方不明となつてしまふ

0058

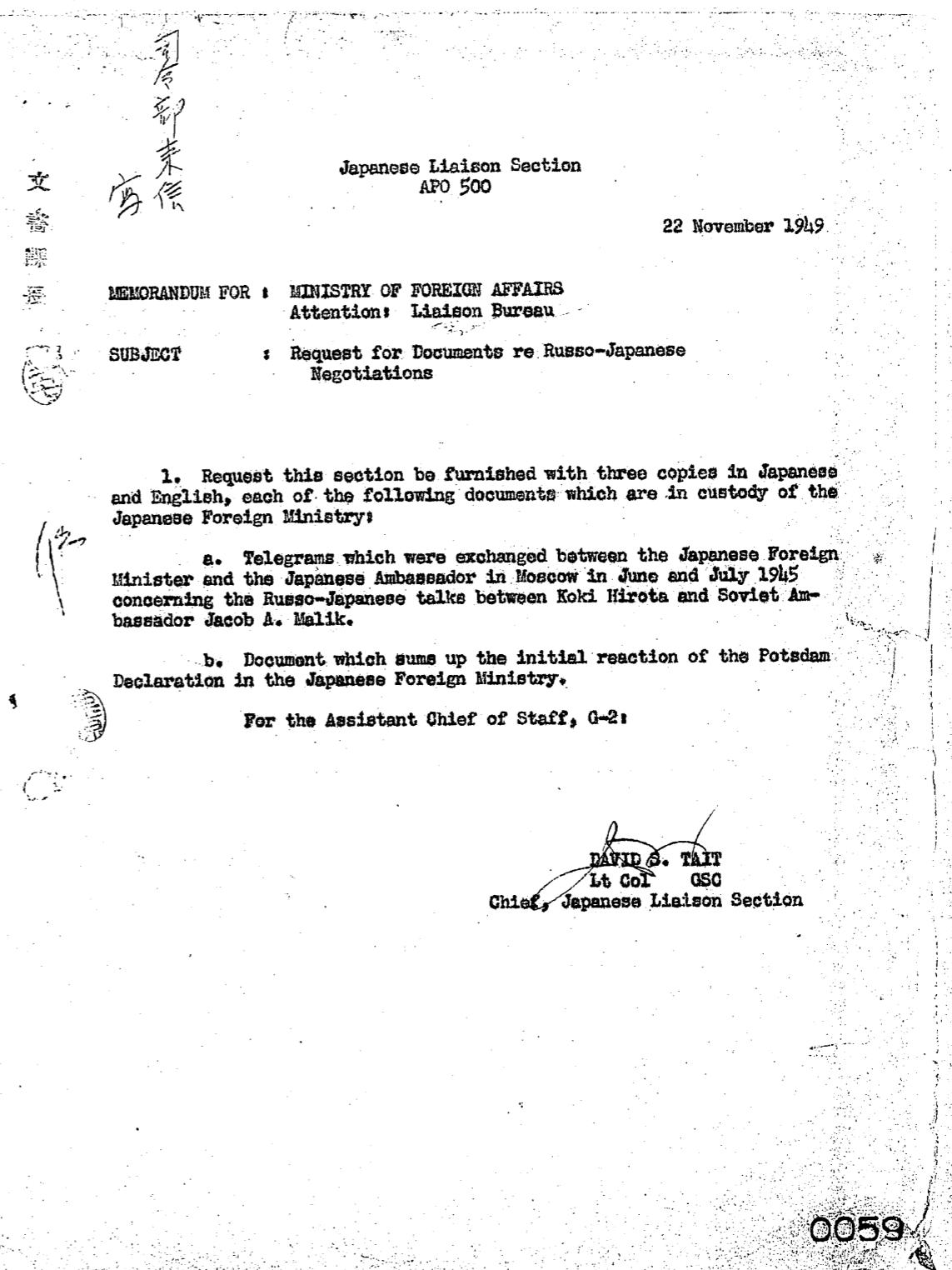
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8117

發信用執務用					
主信	1 3 4	次官 政務局 條約局 外務課 秘書長	文書課 文書課長 任主	F.O.M 第一 昭和十四年三月論圖 昭和十四年十一月 正校(原稿) (淨書)	
附	甲				
乙					
丙					
丁					
備考	n 13.0.1				
公 信 案	參照 見當 御日本連絡課 外務省	件 名 Request for Document re Russo-Japanese Negotiations 先付送寫	人 信 受 總司令部 外務省 文書課長	文 書 課 發 送 日 昭和十四年三月論圖 昭和十四年十一月 正校(原稿) (淨書)	
外 務 省			件 名 錄 記 Request for Document re Russo-Japanese Negotiations 昭和十四年十一月 外務省	人 信 發 外 務 省 文 書 課 長	附 屬 有 (外 務 省 文 書 課 長)

0060



RA'-0087

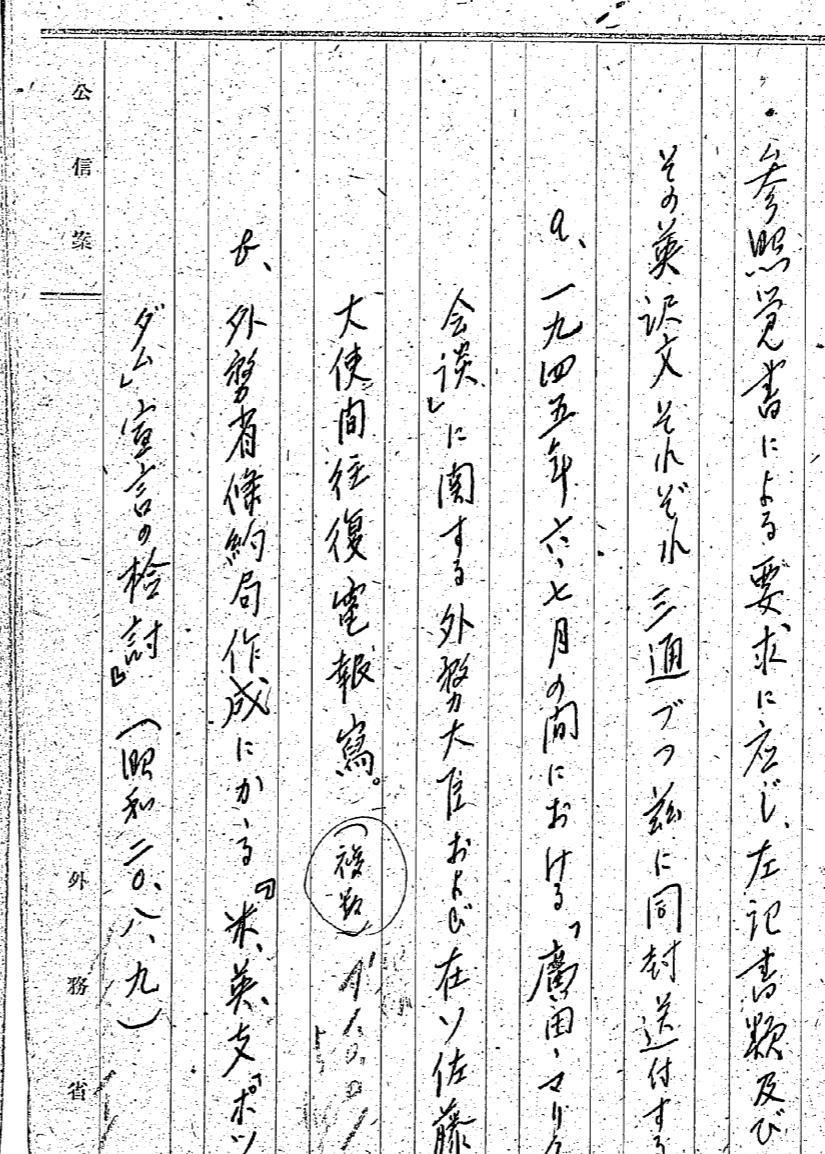
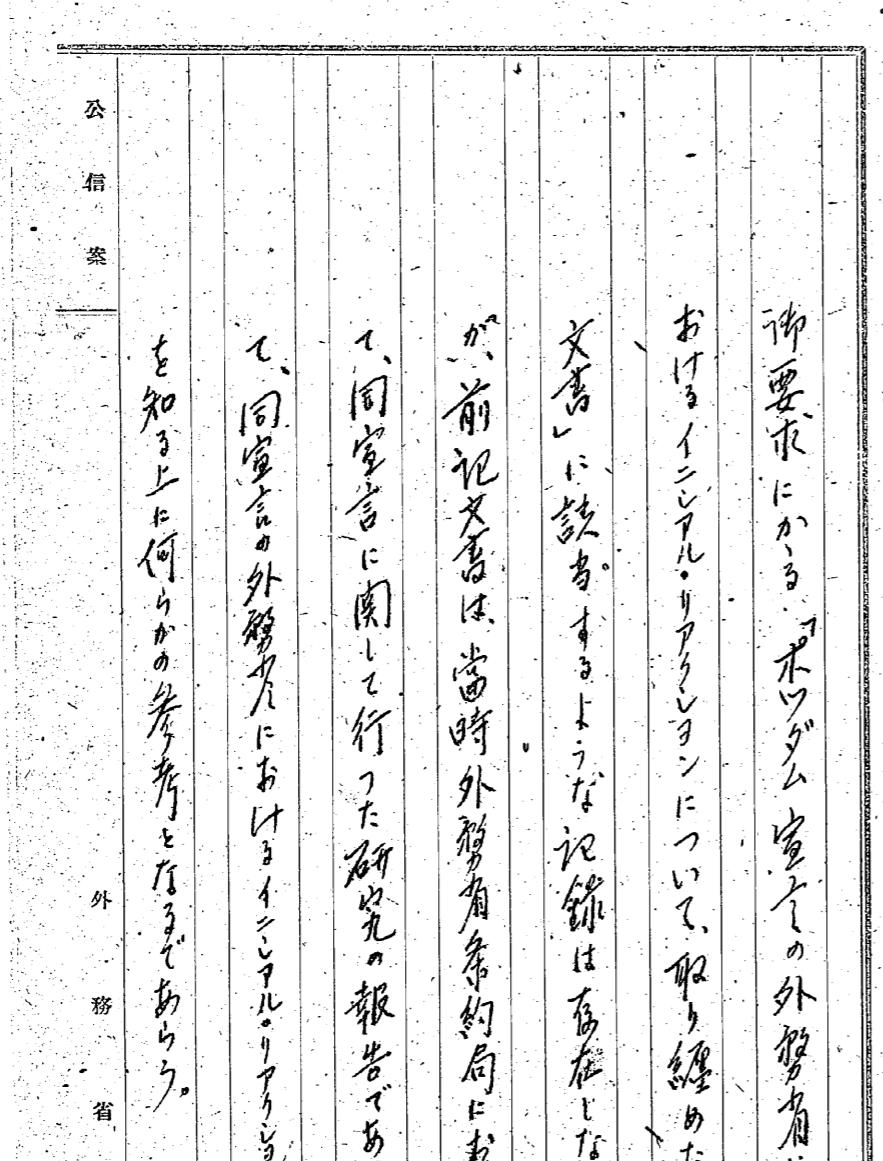
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文書課長

Japanese Liaison Section  
APO 500

29 December 1949

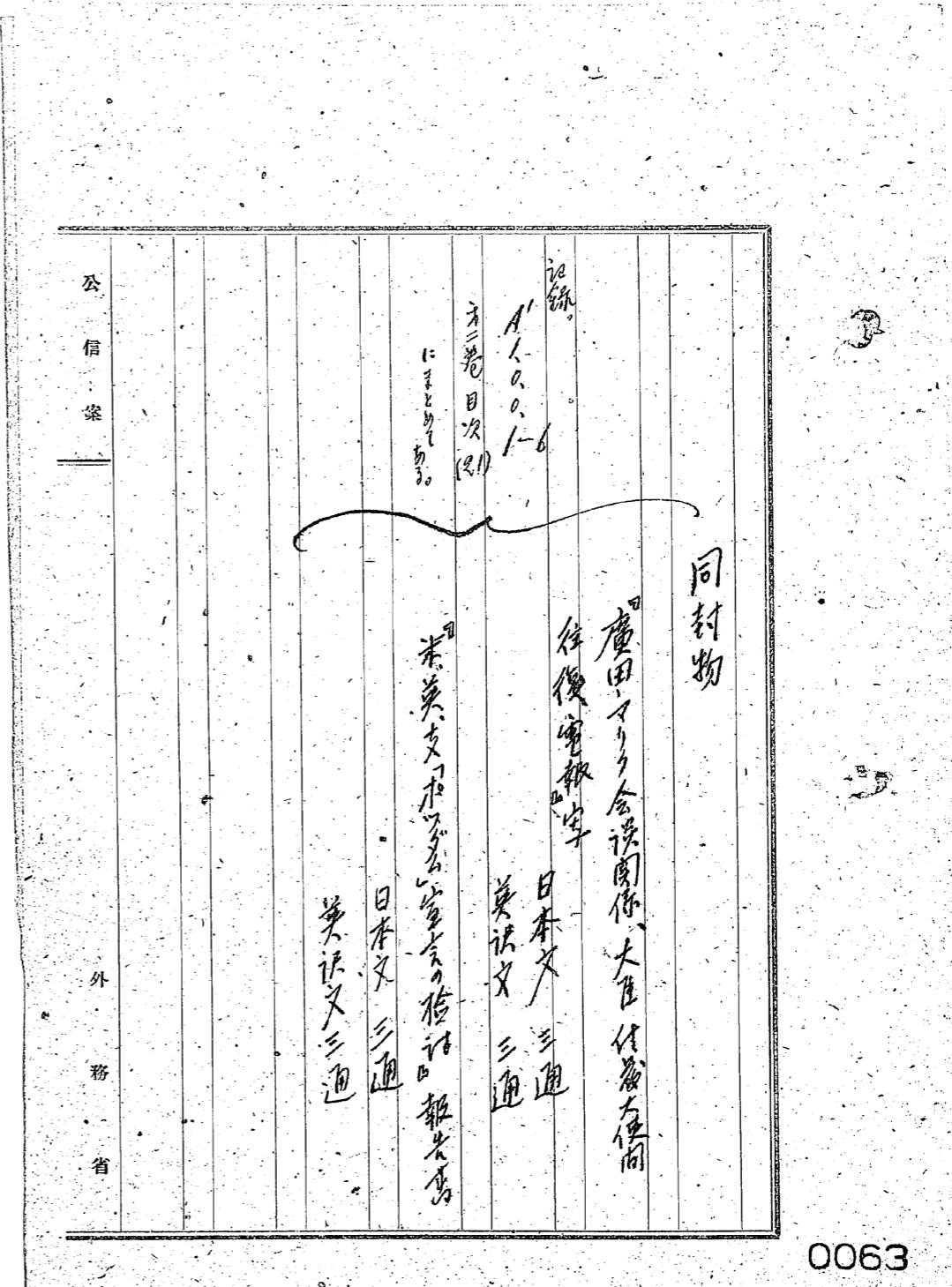
MEMORANDUM FOR : MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS  
Attention: Liaison Bureau  
SUBJECT : Request for Data re Japanese Surrender  
Negotiations

1. Request this section be furnished the following information:  
a. The exact date and hour of receipt of the following formal messages sent by the U.S. Government via Swiss Government:  
(1) Cessation of hostilities.  
(2) Dispatch of surrender emissaries.  
(3) Designation of Gen. MacArthur as Supreme Commander.  
b. The exact date and hour when the Japanese Foreign Office received Gen. MacArthur's radiogram directing:  
(1) The Emperor, Imperial Japanese Government and Imperial General Headquarters to cease hostilities immediately.  
(2) That official emissaries be dispatched to Manila.  
c. The circumstances, if any, under which the text or any part thereof, referred to in pars a and b, were known to any member of the Japanese Government prior to formal receipt of each message.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

DAVID S. TAIT  
Lt Col GSC  
Chief, Japanese Liaison Section

0064



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0120

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National Archives of Japan

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.  
FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs.  
SUBJECT: Request for Documents regarding Russo-Japanese Negotiations.

FOM No. 1646(MA)

9 December 1949

1. Reference: Memorandum of Japanese Liaison Section, 22 November 1949,  
subject: Request for Documents re Russo-Japanese Negotiations.

2. In compliance with the request made by reference Memorandum, enclosed  
herewith are three copies each of the following documents in Japanese and  
their English translation:

- Telegrams exchanged between the Japanese Foreign Minister and the  
Japanese Ambassador in Moscow in June and July, 1945, concerning  
the Russo-Japanese talks between Koki Hirota and Soviet Ambassador  
Jacob A. Malik.
- "A study of the Potsdam Declaration Proclaimed by the United States,  
Great Britain, and the Republic of China," prepared on August 9,  
1945, by the Treaties Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

No document which sums up the initial reaction of the Potsdam  
Declaration in the Japanese Foreign Ministry is available in this  
Ministry. However, the document, mentioned in (b) above, is a  
report on the result of study made in August 1945 by the Treaties  
Bureau, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, concerning the said Declaration,  
and will, therefore, be of some use as reference with regard to the  
letter in question.

FOR THE MINISTER:

( Eijiro Miyake )  
Chief of Archives Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

2 Incls  
3 copies each, in Japanese  
and English, of the above-  
mentioned documents.

0065

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER  
FOR THE ALLIED POWERS

FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Tokyo.

SUBJECT: Request for Documents re Russo-Japanese  
Negotiations

FOM No. 1646 (MA)

Memorandum of Japanese Liaison Section, 22 November 1949,

1. Reference: GHQ, SCAP Memorandum, dated November 22, 1949,  
subject: Request for Documents re Russo-Japanese Negotiations.  
addressed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

2. In compliance with the request made by the Memorandum,

as above, enclosed herewith are three copies each, in  
Japanese and English, of the following documents.

(a) Telegrams exchanged between the Japanese Foreign  
Minister and the Japanese Ambassador in Moscow in June and  
July, 1945, concerning the Russo-Japanese talks between Koki  
Hirota and Soviet Ambassador Jacob A. Malik.

(b) "A study  
of researches made by the Treaties Bureau, Ministry of Foreign  
Affairs, concerning the said Declaration on its proclamation,  
and will, therefore, be of some use as reference with regard to  
the"

No record that may be regarded as documents which sum up  
the initial reaction of the Potsdam Declaration in the Japanese  
Foreign Ministry is available in this Ministry. However, the  
document, mentioned in (b) above, is a report on the result  
of researches made by the Treaties Bureau, Ministry of Foreign  
Affairs, concerning the said Declaration on its proclamation,  
and will, therefore, be of some use as reference with regard to

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發信用 訓務用			
主信 附	1 9 4		
甲			
乙			
丙			
丁			
備考			
文書課發送日		管	文書課長
昭和		文書課課長 第	文書課長 正校
年		三	(原稿)
月		主 文書課長 任 主 文書課課長 正校	(淨書)
附		昭和 年 月 日 起 草	正校 (原稿) (淨書)
附屬			
名件錄記	名人信受 外務省 (文書課長)		
	外務省 (文書課長)		
件名 Request for Note re Japanese Surrender Negotiations 公信案		先付送寫	管文書課課長 正校
外務省 九四九年十一月二十九日付 外務省宛 公信案 外務省 九四九年十一月二十九日付 外務省宛		先付送寫	文書課課長 正校
外務省 外務省 九四九年十一月二十九日付 外務省宛 公信案 外務省 九四九年十一月二十九日付 外務省宛		先付送寫	文書課課長 正校

0068

- 2 -

the matter in question.

For the Chief, Archives Section.  
Minister.

(Kijiro Miyake)

Chief of the Archives Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

2  
8  
Enclosure

3 copies each, in Japanese and English, of telegrams exchanged between the Japanese Foreign Minister and the Japanese Ambassador in Moscow concerning the Russo-Japanese talks between Hirota and Soviet Ambassador Jacob A. Malik, and of "Interpretation of the Potsdam Declaration Proclaimed by the United States, Great Britain, and the Republic of China."

A Study

The above-mentioned documents

Rec'd	
Review	S
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Disp'd	

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外交史料館  
Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

國立公文書館アジア歴史資料センター  
Japan Center for Asian Historical Records  
National Archives of Japan

Japanese Liaison Section  
APO 500

11 April 1950

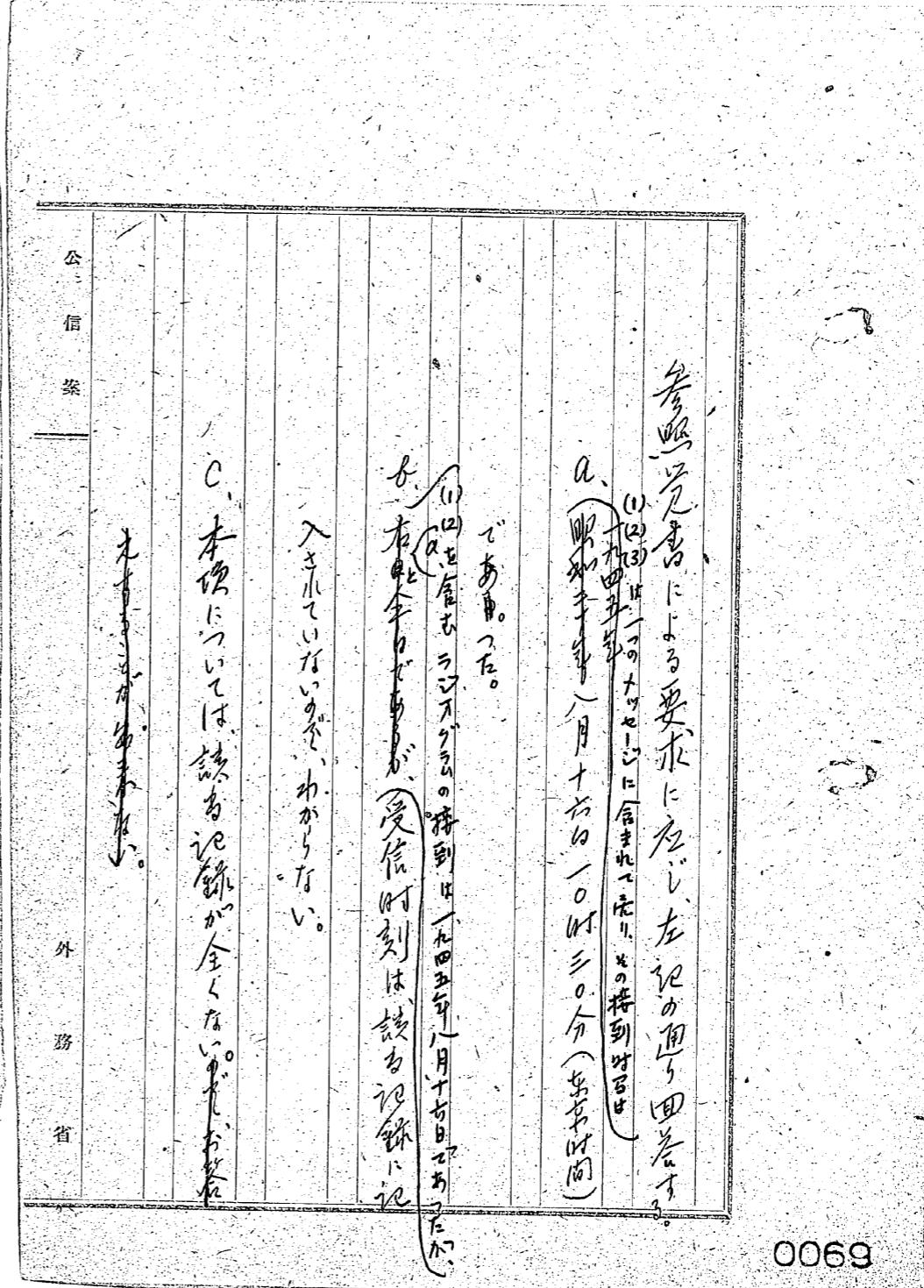
MEMORANDUM FOR : MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS  
Attention: Liaison Bureau  
SUBJECT: Official Messages Between Foreign Minister and  
Ambassador Sato

Request this section be furnished with three copies each of the official messages exchanged between Foreign Minister Togo and Ambassador Sato during the period 12 July 1945 until the cessation of hostilities.

For the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2:

DAVID S. TAIT  
Lt Col GSC  
Chief, Japanese Liaison Section

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外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

COPY

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

SUBJECT: Information regarding Japanese Surrender Negotiations.

FOM No. 23 (MA)

10 January 1950

1. Reference: Memorandum of the Japanese Liaison Section, GHQ, SCAP, 29 December 1949, subject: Request for Data re Japanese Surrender Negotiations.

2. In compliance with the request by reference Memorandum, information is submitted as follows:

a. The matters under para 1 a, items (1), (2), and (3) of reference Memorandum, are all included in one message, which was received on 16 August 1945, at 10:30 a.m. (Tokyo time).

b. The radiogram containing the directions mentioned under para 1 b, items (1) and (2) of reference Memorandum, was received on 16 August 1945. The exact hour of its receipt is not available as no such entry is made in the records concerned.

c. With regard to para 1 c of reference Memorandum, there exists no record by which to ascertain the matter.

FOR THE MINISTER,

(Kijiro Miyake)  
Chief of Archives Section  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

0071

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.

FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

SUBJECT: Request for Data re Japanese Surrender Negotiations.

FOM No. 23 (MA)

10 January 1950

1. Reference: Memorandum of the Japanese Liaison Section, GHQ, SCAP, for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 29 December 1949, subject as above.

2. In compliance with the request by the reference Memorandum, information is submitted as follows:

a. The matters under para 1 a, items (1), (2), and (3) of reference Memorandum, are all included in one message, which was received on 16 August 1945, at 10:30 a.m. (Tokyo time).

b. The radiogram containing the directions mentioned under para 1 b, items (1) and (2), was received on 16 August 1945. The exact hour of its receipt is not available as no such entry is made in the records concerned.

c. With regard to para 1 c, there exists no record by which to ascertain the matter.

For THE MINISTER,

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Coll'n	
Disp'd	

1950年1月10日

(Kijiro Miyake)  
Chief of Archives Section  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

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Japan Center for Asian Historical Records  
National Archives of Japan

RA'-0087

公	信	案
外	務	省
同村物		
右記書類三通		
參照第一項文書は本件に付する 別添白銀通引 其の同封送付する。		

0074

發信用	執務用
主信	
甲	
乙	
丙	
丁	
備考	
文書課長	管
昭和廿五年四月廿五日	淨書
昭和廿五年四月十七日起草	正稿(原稿)
昭和廿五年四月十七日	(淨書)
文書課長	任
五〇M 第	號
昭和年月日附	年月日附
外務省	名件錄記
總司令部	名人信受
外務省	名人信發
件 "Official Messages Between Foreign Ministers and Ambassadors of State" 送付の件	
昭和廿五年四月十七日付外務省宛總司令部 照、覺書、一九五〇年四月十七日付外務省宛總司令部	
外務省	郵日本連絡課覺書

0073

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Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

國立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records  
National Archives of Japan

東北大臣參仇藤大臣宛宛電		佐藤大臣發東鄉大臣宛來電	
月 日	番 号	月 日	番 号
七月十一日	第八九三号	七月十二日	第一三八二号
七月十四日	第八九四号	七月十三日	第一三八三号
七月十七日	第九一〇号	七月十四日	第一三八五号
七月二十日	第九一三号	七月十五日	第一三八七号
七月二十六日	第九四五号	七月十八日	第一四一三号
七月二十八日	第九三一號	七月十九日	第一四一六号
七月二十九日	第九四四号	七月十九日	第一四一八号
七月三十日	第九三三号	七月二十日	第一三九二号
七月三十一日	第九四五号	七月二十一日	第一三九三号
八月一日	第九七三号	七月二十二日	第一三九四号
八月六日	第九九一號	七月二十一日	第一四二七号
八月七日	第九九三号	七月二十二日	第一四三三号
八月二十一日	第一四五六号	七月二十三日	第一四四九号
八月二十二日	第一四六二号	七月二十四日	第一四四五号
八月二十三日	第一四六四号	七月二十五日	第一四五〇号
八月二十四日	第一四六五号	七月二十六日	第一四五八号
八月二十五日	第一四六六号	七月二十七日	第一四五九号
八月二十六日	第一四六七号	七月二十八日	第一四六〇号
八月二十七日	第一四六八号	七月二十九日	第一四六一號
八月二十八日	第一四六九号	八月一日	第一四六二号
八月二十九日	第一四七〇号	八月二日	第一四六三号
八月三十日	第一四七一號	八月三日	第一四六四号
八月三十一日	第一四七二号	八月四日	第一四七三号
九月一日	第一四七四号	九月二日	第一四七五号
九月六日	第一四七六号	九月七日	第一四七七号

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Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

國立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.  
FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs.  
SUBJECT: Official Messages Between Foreign Minister and Ambassador Sato.

FROM No. Aow (MA) 25 April 1950

1. Reference: Memorandum of the Japanese Liaison Section, GHQ, SCAP, for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, dated 14 April 1950, subject as above.  
2. In compliance with the request made by the reference memorandum, three copies each of the subject messages, of which numbers and dates are listed on the appended sheet, are submitted herewith.

For the Minister;

(K. Miyake)

Chief of Archives Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

2 Incls  
Enclosure! Copies of subject messages  
each in triplicate.

2. List as stated above.

Rec'd	JK
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Taped	O
File	Q

0078

昭和廿五年四月廿五日

TO : GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS.  
FROM : Ministry of Foreign Affairs.  
SUBJECT: Official Messages Between Foreign Minister and Ambassador Sato.  
FROM No. 800(MA) 25 April 1950

1. Reference: Memorandum of Japanese Liaison Section, GHQ, SCAP, 14 April 1950, subject as above.  
2. In compliance with the request made by reference memorandum, three copies each of the subject messages, of which numbers and dates are listed on the appended sheet, are submitted herewith.

FOR THE MINISTER:

( K. Miyake )  
Chief of Archives Section,  
Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

- 2 Incls  
1. Copies of subject messages  
each in triplicate.  
2. List as stated above.

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RA'-0087

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外交史料館

Diplomatic Archives of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan

国立公文書館 アジア歴史資料センター

Japan Center for Asian Historical Records

National Archives of Japan